Department of the Treasury—Internal Revenue Service

# 総 19961040A

**Instructions** 

# Check Your Social Security Numbers (SSNs)!

Incorrect or missing SSNs may increase your tax or reduce your refund. See page 6.

# Receiving a Refund?

Have it sent directly to your bank account. See the instructions for lines 31b–31d on page 35.



Quick and Easy Access to Tax Help and Forms:

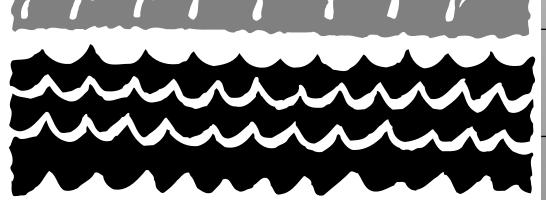
# **COMPUTER**

World Wide Web http://www.irs.ustreas.gov

Telnet iris.irs.ustreas.gov

File Transfer
Protocol—
ftp.irs.ustreas.gov

IRIS at FedWorld— 703-321-8020



# **FAX**

From your fax machine's telephone dial— 703-487-4160

See Page 5!

Note: This booklet does not contain tax forms.

# **Tax Return Page References**

Questions about what to put on a line? Help is on the page number in the circle.

Department of the Treasury—Internal Revenue Service

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Form

# Tax Return Page References

1996	Form 1040A p	estions about what to put on a line? Help is on the page number in page 2	inc	Circ	ic.			
17	Enter the amo	ount from line 16.	17	\$				٦
	Check ∫ □	You were 65 or older ☐ Blind Enter number of boxes checked ► 18a	_	_	<u> </u>			_
b	If you are make page 26 a	arried filing separately and your spouse itemizes deductions, and check here	_					
19	Enter the star any box on lir • Single—4,0	ndard deduction for your filing status. But see page 26 if you checked ne 18a or b OR someone can claim you as a dependent.	19	\$				
20	Subtract line	19 from line 17. If line 19 is more than line 17, enter 0.	20	\$				
21 22	Subtract line 2	50 by the total number of exemptions claimed on line 6d.  1 from line 20. If line 21 is more than line 20, enter 0. This is your taxable income.  • IRS to figure your tax, see page 26.	21 - 22 -	\$ \$				
23	Find the tax of	on the amount on line 22 (see page 26).	23	\$		(26)		٦
		and dependent care expenses. Attach Schedule 2. 24a \$ (26)	7	_			- н	_
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		and 24b. These are your total credits.	_ 24c	\$				٦
25		24c from line 23. If line 24c is more than line 23, enter 0.	25	\$				٦
26	Advance earn	ned income credit payments from Form(s) W-2.	26	\$		(27)		٦
27		nployment taxes. Attach Schedule H.	27	\$			(27)	٦
28			28	\$		(28)	T	٦
29a		ncome tax withheld from Forms W-2 and 1099. 29a \$ (28)	7	_			" '	_
b	1996 estimated	tax payments and amount applied from 1995 return. 29b\$	1					
		credit. Attach Schedule EIC if you have a qualifying child. 29c \$ 29	1					
	Nontaxable earr	ned income: amount ▶ \$ 31 and type ▶ 31, 29b, and 29c (do not include nontaxable earned income). These are your	_ _ _29d	1\$		(35)		
30		ore than line 28, subtract line 28 from line 29d. This is the amount you overpaid.	30	\$			35	
31a		e 30 you want <b>refunded to you.</b> If you want it sent directly to your bank page 35 and fill in 31b, c, and d.	31a	\$		(35)		
b	Routing	333						
	number	C Type: ☐ Checking ☐ Savings						
d 	Account number		_					
32		30 you want applied to your 1997 estimated tax. 32 \$ 35	_					
		B is more than line 29d, subtract line 29d from line 28. This is the <b>amount you</b> r details on how to pay, including what to write on your payment, see page 36.	33	\$		(36)		
	34 Estimate	ed tax penalty (see page 36).						_
	Sign here	Under penalties of perjury, I declare that I have examined this return and accompanying schedules and best of my knowledge and belief, they are true, correct, and accurately list all amounts and sources of inthe tax year. Declaration of preparer (other than the taxpayer) is based on all information of which the preparent your signature  Your signature  Your occupation	come	I rece	ived du	rina		
	Keep a copy of this return for your records.	Spouse's signature. If joint return, BOTH must sign. Date Spouse's occupa						_
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#### A Message From the Commissioner

Dear Taxpayer:

Each year the IRS tries to make it easier for you at tax time. This year you will find many new ways to help you prepare your return. At the beginning of this booklet, a sample Form 1040A shows you where to find the help you need, line by line. Many of you have let us know how helpful this format was last year, and we have incorporated many of your suggestions to make it even better.

Many of you may have heard about the many tax law changes that took place over the last year. Most of these changes will not affect your 1996 tax return. The instructions included in this booklet incorporate any changes that are effective for 1996. See What's New on page 6 for more details.

This year it is more important than ever that you put the correct Social Security Number on your return for yourself, your spouse, and your children. This year, if you have a missing or incorrect Social Security Number on your return, your refund may be decreased or the amount of tax you owe may be increased at the time we process your return. Check page 15 of this booklet for information on how to get a Social Security Number.

You should find the answers to most of your questions in this booklet. You can get forms and other information quickly and easily through our Internet Home Page (http://www.irs.ustreas.gov). Or you can use your fax machine to get over 100 forms and answers to many of your tax law questions. You can also call our Tele-Tax automated phone service and get answers to frequently asked tax questions. Check page 5 for details on all of these services.

This year you can choose to have your refund directly deposited into your bank account by filling out the information on lines 31b through 31d of your Form 1040A. You do not have to fill out any other paperwork to take advantage of this safe, quick and easy way to get your refund.

I hope you will take advantage of the services we offer to make filing your 1996 tax return easier. We welcome your suggestions on how we can improve our services to you. You can e-mail us through our Internet Home Page (http://www.irs.ustreas.gov).

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# IRS Customer Service Standards—1996 Progress Report



Easier Filing. To make it easier for you to meet your tax obligations, we have expanded opportunities for simplified return filing and payment of taxes through our electronic filing, joint Federal-state filing, TeleFile, and electronic payment

programs. In 1996, IRS received 14.9 million electronically filed individual returns and schedules compared to 11.8 million in 1995. This included 2.8 million returns through TeleFile, the first totally paperless way for you to file a Federal income tax return. We expanded the number of states participating in the Federal-state electronic filing program from 29 to 31. IRS also received over \$374 billion in electronic payments.

Access to Information. You will have convenient access to tax law and account information. Tax information will be available by fax and through the Internet. Our pre-recorded tax information will be available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, and access to refund status information will be available 16 hours each business day. Telephone assistance provided by our representatives will be available 10 hours each business day. During 1996, we assisted over 104 million taxpayers by providing pre-recorded tax information, refund status information, and

telephone assistance from our representatives. In addition, taxpayers had 24 hour access to over 600 forms and publications and over 148 tax topics on the Internet. Taxpayers downloaded almost 3 million of these products using the Internet and over 300,000 using the IRS electronic bulletin board. Over 100,000 information orders have been filled by fax. There were over 80 million accesses on the IRS Home Page on the Internet.

Accuracy. Our goal is to answer your questions and process your tax returns accurately. In 1996, we achieved an accuracy rate of 93% in answering tax law and account questions. Our accuracy rate for processing tax refunds was 99.6%.

Prompt Refunds. If you file a complete and accurate tax return and you are due a refund, your refund will be issued within 21 days, if you file electronically and if you file a paper return, within 40 days. (Your refund may be delayed if your return is selected for further review.) In 1996, refunds were issued on time for all complete and accurate returns. Refunds based on electronically filed returns were issued, on average, within 16 days and for paper returns, the average was 38 days.

Initial Contact Resolution. Our goal is to satisfactorily resolve all your issues the first time you contact the IRS. In 1996, we met that goal 80% of the time. We will continue our efforts to address all of your issues and improve the level of our service in 1997.

Canceling Penalties. If you provide sufficient and accurate information to our tax assisters but are given and reasonably rely on an incorrect answer, we will cancel related penalties.

Resolving Problems. If you have a problem that has not been resolved through normal processes, you may contact our Problem Resolution Office. A caseworker will contact you within 1 week and will work with you to resolve the issue. During 1996, over 355,000 cases were referred and taxpayers were contacted within 1 week of referral 89.5% of the time.

Simpler Forms. We will make tax forms and instructions simpler and easier for you to use. We made some changes this year but we want your ideas for improvements. Please e-mail, call, or write to us (see page 9). For 1996, you will be able to request direct deposit of your refund on your tax return rather than on a separate form. More sole proprietors will be eligible to file the Schedule C-EZ. In addition, several items which appeared on the 1995 Forms 1040 and 1040A have been eliminated.

# Quick and Easy Access to Tax Help and Forms:



# PERSONAL COMPUTER

Why not use a personal computer and modem to get the forms and information you need?

Here is a sample of what you will find when you visit the IRS's Internet Web Site at — http://www.irs.ustreas.gov

- Forms and Instructions
- Publications
- Educational Materials
- IRS Press Releases and Fact Sheets
- Tele-Tax Topics on About 150 Tax Topics
- Answers to Frequently Asked Questions

# You can also reach us using:

- Telnet at iris.irs.ustreas.gov
- File Transfer Protocol at ftp.irs.ustreas.gov
- Direct Dial (by modem)—You can also dial direct to the Internal Revenue Information Services (IRIS) by calling 703-321-8020 using your modem. IRIS is an on-line information service on FedWorld. FedWorld's help desk (703-487-4608) offers technical assistance on accessing IRIS (not tax help) during normal business hours.



#### **PHONE**

You can also get information and forms by phone.

# Forms and Publications

You can order forms, instructions, and publications by phone. Just call 1-800-TAX-FORM (1-800-829-3676) between 7:30 a.m. and 5:30 p.m. on weekdays. The best time to call is before 9 a.m. or after 2 p.m. Thursdays and Fridays are the best days to contact us. (The hours are Pacific time in Alaska and Hawaii, Eastern time in Puerto Rico.) You should receive your order or notification of its status within 7 to 15 workdays.

# **Tele-Tax Topics**

You can listen to pre-recorded messages covering about 150 tax topics. (See page 42 for the number to call and page 43 for a list of the topics.)



# **FAX**

Just call **703-487-4160** from the telephone connected to your fax machine to get the following:

#### Forms and Instructions

We can fax you over 100 of the most requested forms and instructions.

# **Tele-Tax Topics**

We can also fax you Tele-Tax topics covering about 150 tax topics. (See page 43 for a list of the topics.)



#### MAIL

You can order forms, instructions, and publications by completing the order blank on page 39.



#### WALK-IN

You can pick up certain forms, instructions, and publications at many post offices, libraries, and IRS offices. See page 38 for a partial listing of products. You can also photocopy, or print out from a CD-ROM or the Internet, many other products at participating libraries.



#### **CD-ROM**

To order the CD-ROM, contact Supt. Docs. at 202-512-1800 (select Option #1), or by computer through GPO's Internet Web Site (http://www.access.gpo.gov/su\_docs).

For small businesses, return preparers, or others who may frequently need tax forms or publications, a CD-ROM containing over 2,000 products can be purchased for \$25 from the Government Printing Office (GPO), Superintendent of Documents (Supt. Docs.). Current tax year materials, and tax forms from 1991 and publications from 1994, are included on the disc.

You can also get help in other ways—See pages 37–38 for information.

# Section 1—Before You Fill In Form 1040A

#### What's New for 1996?

**New Look for Form 1040A.** Form 1040A now has boxes almost every place you need to fill in numbers so that it can be "read" by machines. This will allow us to process your handwritten return faster and more accurately. That means we will all save tax dollars. See page 14 for information on how to fill in the form.

**Tax Law Changes.** The 1996 tax forms and instructions reflect changes resulting from legislation enacted in 1996. However, you will find that your tax forms this year are very similar to those you filed in the past. This is because most of the new tax changes do not take effect until after 1996. For more details on 1996 and 1997 tax changes, see **Pub. 553.** 

**Social Security Numbers (SSNs).** You must include on your return the SSN of each person, other than a child born in December 1996, you claim as a—

- Dependent on Form 1040A (for example, your child).
- Qualifying person for the credit on Schedule 2, Child and Dependent Care Expenses.
- Qualifying child on Schedule EIC, Earned Income Credit.

Please be sure to include the correct SSN for that person. If you do not, at the time we process your return, we may disallow that person as a dependent and reduce or disallow any other tax benefits (such as the credits listed above) based on that person.

Also, please be sure to include the correct SSN for you and your spouse. If you do not, at the time we process your return, we may disallow the exemption(s) and any earned income credit you claim.

To find out how to get an SSN, see page 15.

Individual Taxpayer Identification Numbers (ITINs) for Aliens. The IRS will issue you an ITIN if you are a nonresident or resident alien and you do not have and are not eligible to get a social security number (SSN).

To apply for an ITIN, file Form W-7 with the IRS. See page 5 to find out how to get the form. It usually takes about 30 days to get an ITIN. Enter your ITIN wherever your SSN is requested on your tax return. If you are required to include another person's SSN on your return and that person does not have and cannot get an SSN, enter that person's ITIN. An incorrect or missing taxpayer identification number may

**Note:** An ITIN is for tax use only. It does not entitle you to social security benefits or change your employment or immigration status under U.S. law.

increase your tax or reduce your refund.

**Direct Deposit of Refund.** This year you do not have to file an extra form to have your refund sent directly to your bank account. See the instructions for lines 31b-31d on page 35.

**Private Delivery Services.** In addition to the United States Postal Service, private delivery services (to be designated by the IRS) can be used to meet the timely mailing as timely filing and paying rule (for example, to

send your tax return to the IRS). When these instructions were printed, no private delivery services had been designated. When they are, the IRS will make every effort to publicize the information.

**Gifts From Foreign Persons.** If you received over \$10,000 of gifts (or bequests) after August 20, 1996, from foreign persons, you may have to provide information about the gifts. Foreign persons include nonresident aliens and foreign partnerships, corporations, estates, trusts, etc. For details, see **Pub. 553.** 

# **Earned Income Credit (EIC)**

You may be able to take this credit if you earned less than \$28,495 (less than \$9,500 if you do not have any qualifying children). See the instructions for line 29c that begin on page 29.

**EIC With Your Pay.** If you expect to be able to claim the EIC in 1997 and a child lives with you, you may be able to get part of the credit in your paycheck instead of waiting until you file your 1997 return. For details, use Tele-Tax topic 604 (see page 42) or get **Form W-5** from your employer.

#### **How To Avoid Common Mistakes**

Mistakes may delay your refund or result in notices being sent to you.

- Check your math, especially when figuring your taxable social security benefits, deduction for exemptions, taxable income, Federal income tax withheld, total payments, and your refund or amount you owe.
- 2. Remember to sign and date Form 1040A and enter your occupation.
- **3.** Be sure you enter the correct tax on line 23. Also, enter your total tax on line 28.
- 4. Make sure you use the correct filing status. If you think you can file as Head of household, read the instructions for line 4 on page 16 to make sure you qualify.
- 5. Make sure your name, address, and social security number are correct on the peel-off label. If not, enter the correct information.
- 6. If you are married filing jointly and did not get a peel-off label, or you are married filing separately, enter your spouse's social security number in the space provided on page 1 of Form 1040A. Also, enter your social security number in the space provided next to your name.
- 7. Enter your standard deduction on line 19. Also, if you check any box on line 18a or you (or your spouse if filing jointly) can be claimed as a dependent on someone's 1996 return, be sure you see page 26 to find the amount to enter on line 19.

- **8.** If you (or your spouse if you check the box on line 6b) were age 65 or older or blind, be sure to check the appropriate boxes on line 18a.
- 9. If you can be claimed as a dependent on someone's 1996 return, such as your parents' return, do not check the box on line 6a. If filing a joint return and your spouse can be claimed as a dependent, do not check the box on line 6b.
- **10.** Attach your W-2 form(s) and any other required forms and schedules.

# Do Both the Name and Social Security Number (SSN) on Your Tax Forms Agree With Your Social Security Card?

If not, your refund may be delayed or you may not receive credit for your social security earnings.

If your Form W-2, Form 1099, or other tax document shows an incorrect SSN or name, notify your employer or the form-issuing agent as soon as possible to make sure your earnings are credited to your social security record. If the name or SSN on your social security card is incorrect, call the Social Security Administration at 1-800-772-1213.

# Alternative Ways of Filing

The IRS offers several alternatives to make filing tax returns easier. They are more convenient and accurate and result in faster processing of your tax return.

# Filing From Home

#### TeleFile



Most taxpayers who filed Form 1040EZ last year will receive a special TeleFile tax package that allows them to file their 1996 tax returns by phone. TeleFile is a great way to file because it is easy, fast, free, and available 24 hours a day. If you have children who received a TeleFile package, please encourage them to use TeleFile.

# On-Line Filing

You can file your tax return using a personal computer, a modem, and IRS-accepted tax software. Software for completing your return is available at retail stores and from on-line filing companies. The software allows you to file your return electronically, for a fee, through the software company or on-line filing company.

#### 1040PC Format

Most tax software packages also allow you to print your return in 1040PC format. The 1040PC is shorter than the regular tax return, which means faster and more accurate processing when you mail it in and less paper for you to keep for your records.

# Other Ways To File Electronically



Last year, millions of taxpayers sent their tax returns to the IRS electronically, because it is fast, accurate, and convenient.

# **Electronic Filing Companies**

Electronic filing is available through many paid tax return preparers when they prepare your return for you. It is also available if you prepare your own return, but you usually must go through a tax return preparer or other company that provides, for a fee, IRS-accepted electronic filing services.

# **Electronic Filing Through the IRS**

The IRS's free Volunteer Income Tax Assistance (VITA) and Tax Counseling for the Elderly (TCE) programs may also be able to help you file your return electronically. See page 37 for details on these programs.

# Federal/State Electronic Filing

Many of the electronic filing methods listed above may also allow you to file your state tax return electronically with your Federal return.

For more details on your choices, use Tele-Tax topic 252 (see page 42).

### What if a Taxpayer Died?

If a taxpayer died before filing a return for 1996, the taxpayer's spouse or personal representative may have to file and sign a return for that taxpayer. A personal representative can be an executor, administrator, or anyone who is in charge of the deceased taxpayer's property.

If the deceased taxpayer did not have to file a return but had tax withheld, a return must be filed to get a refund. The person who files the return should print "DECEASED," the deceased taxpayer's name, and the date of death across the top of the return.

If your spouse died in 1996 and you did not remarry in 1996, or if your spouse died in 1997 before filing a return for 1996, you can file a joint return. A joint return should show your spouse's 1996 income before death and your income for all of 1996. Print "FILING AS SURVIVING SPOUSE" in the area where you sign the return. If someone else is the personal representative, he or she must also sign.

The surviving spouse or personal representative should promptly notify all payers of income, including financial institutions, of the taxpayer's death. This will ensure the proper reporting of income earned by the taxpayer's estate or heirs. A deceased taxpayer's social security number should not be used for tax years after the year of death, except for estate tax return purposes.

Claiming a Refund for a Deceased Taxpayer. If you are filing a joint return as a surviving spouse, you only need to file the tax return to claim the refund. If you are a court-appointed representative, file the return and attach a copy of the certificate that shows your appointment. All other filers requesting the deceased taxpayer's refund must file the return and attach Form 1310

For more details, use Tele-Tax topic 356 (see page 42) or see **Pub. 559**.

# What Are the Filing Dates, Penalties, and Extensions?



If you were a participant in Operation Joint Endeavor or you were in the Persian Gulf area combat zone, see **Pub. 3**.

When Is My Tax Return Due? Not later than April 15, 1997.

What if I Cannot File on Time? If you need more time to complete your return, file Form 4868 with the IRS by April 15, 1997. This form will get you an automatic 4-month extension. If you later find that you still need more time, Form 2688 may get you an additional extension. However, even if you get an extension, the tax you owe is still due April 15, 1997. If you make a payment with Form 4868 or Form 2688, see the instructions for line 29d on page 35.

What if I File or Pay Late? If you file or pay late, the IRS can charge you interest and penalties on the amount you owe.

If you file late, the penalty is usually 5% of the amount due for each month or part of a month your return is late, unless you have a reasonable explanation. If you do, attach it to your return. The penalty cannot usually be more than 25% of the tax due. We will charge you interest on the penalty from the due date of the return (including extensions). If your return is more than 60 days late, the minimum penalty will be \$100 or the amount of any tax you owe, whichever is smaller.

If you pay your taxes late, the penalty is usually ½ of 1% of the unpaid amount for each month or part of a month the tax is not paid. The penalty cannot be more than 25% of the unpaid amount. It applies to any unpaid tax on the return.

Are There Other Penalties? Yes. Other penalties can be imposed for negligence, substantial understatement of tax, and fraud. We will charge you interest on these penalties from the due date of the return (including extensions). Criminal penalties may be imposed for willful failure to file, tax evasion, or making a false statement. See **Pub. 17** for details.

In addition to any other penalties, the law imposes a penalty of \$500 for filing a frivolous return. A frivolous return is one that does not contain information needed to figure the correct tax or shows a substantially incorrect tax, because you take a frivolous position or desire to delay or interfere with the tax laws. This includes altering or striking out the preprinted language above the space where you sign.

#### Where Do I File?

See the back cover.

# How Do I Get a Copy of My Tax Return?

If you need a copy of your tax return, use **Form 4506**. If you have questions about your account, call or write your local IRS office. If you want a printed copy of your account, it will be mailed to you free of charge.

# What Should I Know About the Privacy Act and Paperwork Reduction Act Notice?

The law says that when we ask you for information we must tell you our legal right to ask for the information, why we are asking for it, and how it will be used. We must also tell you what could happen if we do not receive the information and whether your response is voluntary, needed for a benefit, or mandatory under the law.

This notice applies to all papers you file with us, including this tax return. It also applies to any questions we need to ask you so we can complete, correct, or process your return; figure your tax; and collect the tax, interest, or penalties. Internal Revenue Code sections 6001, 6011, and 6012(a) say that you must file a return or statement with us for any tax for which you are liable. Your response is mandatory under these sections. Code section 6109 says that you must show your social security number on what you file, so we know who you are and can process your return and other papers. You must fill in all parts of the tax form that apply to you. However, you do not have to check the boxes for the Presidential Election Campaign Fund.

You are not required to provide the information requested on a form that is subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act unless the form displays a valid OMB control number. Books or records relating to a form or its instructions must be retained as long as their contents may become material in the administration of any Internal Revenue law. Generally, tax returns and return information are confidential, as required by Code section 6103.

We ask for tax return information to carry out the tax laws of the United States. We need it to figure and collect the right amount of tax.

We may give the information to the Department of Justice and to other Federal agencies, as provided by law. We may also give it to cities, states, the District of Columbia, U.S. commonwealths or possessions, and certain foreign governments to carry out their tax laws.

If you do not file a return, do not give the information asked for, or give false information, you may be charged penalties and be subject to criminal prosecution. We may also have to disallow the exemptions, exclusions, credits, deductions, or adjustments shown on your tax return. This could make the tax higher or delay any refund. Interest may also be charged.

Please keep this notice with your records. It may help you if we ask you for other information. If you have questions about the rules for filing and giving information, please call or visit any Internal Revenue Service office.

The Time It Takes To Prepare Your Return. We try to create forms and instructions that can be easily understood. The time needed to complete and file the forms in the chart below will vary depending on individual circumstances.

The estimated average time for people with IRA distributions, pension income, social security benefits, etc., is: **Recordkeeping**, 2 hr., 17 min.; **Learning about the law or the form**, 2 hr., 20 min.; **Preparing the form**, 3 hr., 13 min.; **Copying, assembling, and sending the form to the IRS**, 35 min.; **Total**, 8 hr., 25 min.

We Welcome Comments on Forms. If you have comments concerning the accuracy of these time estimates or suggestions for making these forms simpler, we would be happy to hear from you. You can e-mail us your suggestions and comments through the IRS Internet Home Page (http://www.irs.ustreas.gov) or write the Tax Forms Committee, Western Area Distribution Center, Rancho Cordova, CA 95743-0001. You can also leave a recorded message 24 hours a day, 7 days a week at 1-800-829-9043.

**DO NOT** send your return to this address. Instead, see **Where Do I File?** on the back cover.

#### **Estimated Preparation Time**

The time needed to complete and file Form 1040A and its schedules will vary depending on individual circumstances. The estimated average times are:

Form	Recordkeeping	Learning about the law or the form	Preparing the form	Copying, assembling, and sending the form to the IRS	Totals
Form 1040A	1 hr., 4 min.	2 hr., 30 min.	3 hr., 25 min.	35 min.	7 hr., 34 min.
Sch. 1	20 min.	4 min.	10 min.	20 min.	54 min.
Sch. 2	33 min.	11 min.	40 min.	28 min.	1 hr., 52 min.
Sch. 3	13 min.	14 min.	25 min.	35 min.	1 hr., 27 min.
Sch. EIC	0 min.	2 min.	4 min.	20 min.	26 min.

# **Section 2—Filing Requirements**

#### Do I Have To File?

**Note:** These rules apply to all U.S. citizens, regardless of where they live, and resident aliens.

Use Chart A, B, or C to see if you must file a return.



Even if you do not otherwise have to file a return, you should file one to get a refund of any Federal income tax withheld. You should also file if you are eligible for the earned income credit.

# **Exception for Children Under Age 14**

If you are planning to file a return for your child who was under age 14 on January 1, 1997, and certain other conditions apply, you may elect to include your child's income on your return. But you must use Form

1040 and **Form 8814** to do so. If you make this election, your child does not have to file a return. For details, use Tele-Tax topic 553 (see page 42) or see Form 8814.

#### Nonresident Aliens and Dual-Status Aliens

These rules also apply to nonresident aliens and dual-status aliens who were married to U.S. citizens or residents at the end of 1996 and who have elected to be taxed as resident aliens. Other nonresident aliens and dual-status aliens have different filing requirements. They may have to file Form 1040NR or Form 1040NR-EZ. Specific rules apply to determine if you are a resident or nonresident alien. See Pub. 519 for details, including the rules for students and scholars who are aliens.

# Chart A—For Most People

To use this chart, first find your filing status. Then, read across to find your age at the end of 1996. You must file a return if your **gross income**\*\* was at least the amount shown in the last column.

Filing status	Age*	Gross income**
Single	under 65 65 or older	\$6,550 7,550
Married filing jointly***	under 65 (both spouses) 65 or older (one spouse) 65 or older (both spouses)	\$11,800 12,600 13,400
Married filing separately	any age	\$2,550
Head of household (see page 16)	under 65 65 or older	\$8,450 9,450
Qualifying widow(er) with dependent child (see page 16)	under 65 65 or older	\$9,250 10,050

<sup>\*</sup> If you turned 65 on January 1, 1997, you are considered to be age 65 at the end of 1996.

\$2,550, you must file a return regardless of your age.

<sup>\*\*</sup> **Gross income** means all income you received in the form of money, goods, property, and services that is not exempt from tax, including any gain on the sale of your home (even if you may exclude or postpone part or all of the gain). **Do not** include social security benefits unless you are married filing a separate return and you lived with your spouse at any time during 1996.

\*\*\* If you did not live with your spouse at the end of 1996 (or on the date your spouse died) and your gross income was at least

# Chart B—For Children and Other Dependents

(See the instructions for line 6c that begin on page 17 to find out if someone can claim you as a dependent.)

If your parent (or someone else) can claim you as a dependent, use this chart to see if you must file a return.

In this chart, **unearned income** includes taxable interest and dividends. **Earned income** includes wages, tips, and taxable scholarship and fellowship grants.

**Caution**: If your gross income was \$2,550 or more, you usually cannot be claimed as a dependent unless you were under age 19 **or** a student under age 24. For details, see **Test 4—Income** on page 17.

] No	o. You must file a return if—		
	our unearned acome was:	AND	The total of that income plus your earned income was:
\$1	1 or more		over \$650
\$0	0		over \$4,000
	es. You must file a return if a	ny of the following apply.	
•	Your earned income was o	over \$5,000 (\$6,000 if 65 or olde	er and blind).
•	Your unearned income wa	s over \$1,650 (\$2,650 if 65 or o	der <b>and</b> blind).
•	Your gross income was me	ore than—	
	The larger of:	PLUS	This amount:
	\$650 or your earned income (up to \$4,000)		\$1,000 (\$2,000 if 65 or older <b>and</b> blind)
_	income (up to \$4,000)  dependents. Were you either		
_	income (up to \$4,000)  dependents. Were you either  o. You must file a return if ei	ther of the following apply.	or older <b>and</b> blind)
_	income (up to \$4,000)  dependents. Were you either  o. You must file a return if ei  Your gross income was at	ther of the following apply.	
_	income (up to \$4,000)  dependents. Were you either  o. You must file a return if ei	ther of the following apply.	or older <b>and</b> blind)
_	income (up to \$4,000)  dependents. Were you either  o. You must file a return if ei  Your gross income was at  Your unearned	ther of the following apply.  least \$5 and your spouse files a	or older and blind) a separate return and itemizes deductions. The total of that income
_	income (up to \$4,000)  dependents. Were you either  o. You must file a return if ei  Your gross income was at  Your unearned income was:	ther of the following apply.  least \$5 and your spouse files a	or older and blind) a separate return and itemizes deductions. The total of that income plus your earned income was:
) No	income (up to \$4,000)  dependents. Were you either  o. You must file a return if either  Your gross income was attended income was:  \$1 or more	ther of the following apply.  least \$5 and your spouse files a	or older and blind) a separate return and itemizes deductions. The total of that income plus your earned income was: over \$650
) No	income (up to \$4,000)  dependents. Were you either  o. You must file a return if either  Your gross income was attended income was:  \$1 or more  \$0  es. You must file a return if attended income was income was:	ther of the following apply.  least \$5 and your spouse files a	or older and blind) a separate return and itemizes deductions. The total of that income plus your earned income was:  over \$650  over \$3,350
) No	income (up to \$4,000)  dependents. Were you either  o. You must file a return if either  Your gross income was attended income was:  \$1 or more  \$0  es. You must file a return if attended income was attended.	ther of the following apply.  least \$5 and your spouse files a  AND  ny of the following apply.	or older and blind)  a separate return and itemizes deductions.  The total of that income plus your earned income was:  over \$650  over \$3,350
) No	income (up to \$4,000)  dependents. Were you either  o. You must file a return if ei  Your gross income was at  Your unearned income was:  \$1 or more  \$0  es. You must file a return if a  Your earned income was of  Your unearned income was	ther of the following apply.  least \$5 and your spouse files a  AND  ny of the following apply.  over \$4,150 (\$4,950 if 65 or olders over \$1,450 (\$2,250 if 65 or olders)	or older and blind)  a separate return and itemizes deductions.  The total of that income plus your earned income was:  over \$650  over \$3,350
) No	income (up to \$4,000)  dependents. Were you either  o. You must file a return if ei  Your gross income was at  Your unearned income was:  \$1 or more  \$0  es. You must file a return if a  Your earned income was of  Your unearned income was	ther of the following apply.  least \$5 and your spouse files a  AND  ny of the following apply.  over \$4,150 (\$4,950 if 65 or olders over \$1,450 (\$2,250 if 65 or olders over \$5 and your spouse files a	or older and blind)  a separate return and itemizes deductions.  The total of that income plus your earned income was:  over \$650  over \$3,350  er and blind).  der and blind).

#### Chart C—Other Situations When You Must File

You must also file a return if you received any advance earned income credit (EIC) payments from your employer. These payments should be shown in box 9 of your W-2 form.

You must file a return using Form 1040 if **any** of the following apply for 1996:

- You owe any special taxes, such as social security and Medicare tax on tips you did not report to your employer, or
- You owe uncollected social security and Medicare or RRTA tax on tips you reported to your employer or on your group-term life insurance, or

- You had net earnings from self-employment of at least \$400, or
- You earned wages of \$108.28 or more from a church or a qualified church-controlled organization that is exempt from employer social security and Medicare taxes, or
- You owe tax on a qualified retirement plan, including an individual retirement arrangement (IRA). But if you are filing a return only because you owe this tax, you can file Form 5329 by itself.

# Would It Help Me To Itemize Deductions on Form 1040?

You may be able to reduce your tax by itemizing deductions on Schedule A (Form 1040). Itemized deductions include amounts you paid for state and local income taxes, real estate taxes, mortgage interest, and medical expenses. You may also include gifts to charity. You would usually benefit by itemizing if—

Your filing status is: AND		Your itemized deductions are more than
Single		
• Under 65		• \$4,000
• 65 or older <b>or</b> blind		<ul><li>5,000</li></ul>
• 65 or older <b>and</b> blind		• 6,000
Married filing jointly		
<ul><li>Under 65 (both spouses)</li></ul>		• \$6,700
• 65 or older <b>or</b> blind (one spouse)		<ul><li>7,500</li></ul>
• 65 or older <b>or</b> blind (both spouses)		• 8,300
• 65 or older and blind (one spouse)		• 8,300
• 65 or older <b>or</b> blind (one spouse) and		
65 or older and blind (other spouse)		• 9,100
• 65 or older <b>and</b> blind (both spouses)		• 9,900
Married filing separately *		
<ul> <li>Your spouse itemizes deductions</li> </ul>		• \$ O
• Under 65		• 3,350
• 65 or older <b>or</b> blind		<ul><li>4,150</li></ul>
• 65 or older <b>and</b> blind		• 4,950
Head of household		
• Under 65		<ul><li>\$5,900</li></ul>
• 65 or older <b>or</b> blind		• 6,900
• 65 or older and blind		• 7,900
Qualifying widow(er) with dependent child		
• Under 65		• \$6,700
• 65 or older <b>or</b> blind		• 7,500
• 65 or older and blind		• 8,300

If you can take an exemption for your spouse, see **Standard Deduction Chart for People Age 65 or Older or Blind** on page 27 for the amount that applies to you.

If someone can claim you as a dependent, it would benefit you to itemize deductions if they total more than your standard deduction figured on the **Standard Deduction Worksheet for Dependents** on page 27.

# Where To Report Certain Items From 1996 Forms W-2, 1098, and 1099

Report any amounts shown on these forms as Federal income tax withheld on Form 1040A, line 29a.

Form	Item and Box in Which it Should Appear	Where To Report on Form 1040A
W-2	Wages, salaries, tips, etc. (box 1) Allocated tips (box 8) Advance EIC payments (box 9) Dependent care benefits (box 10)	Line 7 See <b>Tip income</b> on page 19 Line 26 Schedule 2, line 11
W-2G	Gambling winnings (box 1)	Must file Form 1040
1098	Mortgage interest (box 1) Points (box 2) Refund of overpaid interest (box 3)	Must file Form 1040 to deduct See the instructions on Form 1098
1099-A	Acquisition or abandonment of secured property	See Pub. 544
1099-B	Stocks, bonds, etc. (box 2) Bartering (box 3)	Must file Form 1040
1099-C	Canceled debt (box 2)	Must file Form 1040 if taxable (see the instructions on Form 1099-C)
1099-DIV	Ordinary dividends (box 1b) Capital gain distributions (box 1c) Nontaxable distributions (box 1d) Investment expenses (box 1e) Foreign tax paid (box 3)	Line 9  Must file Form 1040  Line 9  Must file Form 1040
1099-G	Unemployment compensation (box 1)  State or local income tax refund (box 2)	Line 12. But if you repaid any unemployment compensation in 1996, see the instructions for line 12 on page 22  See the instructions on page 19
1099-INT	Interest income (box 1) Interest on U.S. savings bonds and Treasury obligations (box 3) Early withdrawal penalty (box 2) Foreign tax paid (box 5)	Line 8a See the instructions for line 8a that begin on page 19  Must file Form 1040
1099-MISC	Miscellaneous income	Must file Form 1040
1099-OID	Original issue discount (box 1) Other periodic interest (box 2) Early withdrawal penalty (box 3)	See the instructions on Form 1099-OID  Must file Form 1040
1099-PATR	Patronage dividends and other distributions from a cooperative (boxes 1, 2, 3, and 5)	Must file Form 1040 if taxable (see the instructions on Form 1099-PATR)
1099-R	Distributions from IRAs Distributions from pensions, annuities, etc. Capital gain (box 3)	See the instructions for lines 10a and 10b on page 20 See the instructions for lines 11a and 11b on page 20 See the instructions on Form 1099-R
1099-S	Gross proceeds from real estate transactions (box 2)  Buyer's part of real estate tax (box 5)	Must file Form 1040

### Who Can Use Form 1040A?

You can use Form 1040A if **all five** of the following apply.

- 1. You only had **income** from the following sources:
  - Wages, salaries, tips
  - Interest and dividends
  - Taxable scholarship and fellowship grants
  - Pensions, annuities, and IRAs
  - Unemployment compensation
  - Taxable social security and railroad retirement benefits
  - Alaska Permanent Fund dividends
- The only adjustment to income you can claim is the IRA deduction.

- 3. You do not itemize deductions.
- 4. Your taxable income (line 22) is less than \$50,000.
- **5.** The only **tax credits** you can claim are:
  - Earned income credit
  - Credit for child and dependent care expenses
  - Credit for the elderly or the disabled

You can also use Form 1040A if you received advance earned income credit (EIC) payments or you owe household employment taxes or the alternative minimum tax.

# When Must I Use Form 1040?

You **must** use Form 1040 if **any** of the following apply.

- 1. You received any of the following types of income:
  - Income from self-employment (business or farm income)
  - Certain tips you did not report to your employer.
     See **Tip income** on page 19
  - Capital gain distributions or nontaxable distributions
  - Income received as a partner in a partnership, shareholder in an S corporation, or a beneficiary of an estate or trust
- **2.** You received or paid interest on securities transferred between interest payment dates.
- **3.** You can exclude **either** of the following types of income:
  - Foreign earned income you received as a U.S. citizen or resident alien

- Certain income received from sources in a U.S. possession if you were a bona fide resident of American Samoa for all of 1996
- 4. You had a financial account in a foreign country, such as a bank account or securities account. Exception. If the combined value of the accounts was \$10,000 or less during all of 1996 or if the accounts were with a U.S. military banking facility operated by a U.S. financial institution, you may file Form 1040A.
- **5.** You received a distribution from a foreign trust after August 20, 1996.
- You are reporting original issue discount (OID) in an amount more or less than the amount shown on Form 1099-OID.

# Section 3—Line Instructions for Form 1040A

#### How Should I Fill In the Form?

- Use a black or blue ballpoint pen on the copy you send us. The machines may not be able to read red ink or pencil.
- Print names and words in ALL CAPITAL LETTERS.
- Line up dollar amounts with the decimal points. Do not use commas or dollar signs.
- If you do not have an entry for a line, leave it blank. Do not enter a dash or a 0 unless the instructions for a specific line tell you to enter 0.
- We encourage you to round off cents to the nearest whole dollar. See Rounding Off to Whole Dollars on page 19. If you do round off, leave the boxes blank to the right of the decimal points.

**Need More Information or Forms?** You can use a personal computer, fax, or phone to get what you need. See page 5.

# Name, Address, and Social Security Number (SSN)

**Use the Label.** Using the peel-off label in this booklet will speed the processing of your return. It also prevents common errors that can delay refunds or result in unnecessary notices. Attach the label after you have finished your return. Cross out any errors and print the correct information. Add any missing items, such as your apartment number.

**Address Change.** If the address on your peel-off label is not your current address, cross out the old address and print your new address. If you plan to move after you file your 1996 return, see page 37.

Name Change. If you changed your name, be sure to report the change to your local Social Security Administration office **before** you file your return. This prevents delays in processing your return and issuing refunds. It also safeguards your future social security benefits. If you received a peel-off label, cross out your former name and print your new name.

What If I Do Not Have a Label? Print the information in ALL CAPITAL LETTERS, including your SSN(s), in the spaces provided. If you are married filing a separate return, print your husband's or wife's name on line 3 instead of below your name.

**Social Security Number (SSN).** An incorrect or missing SSN may increase your tax or reduce your refund. **To apply for an SSN**, get **Form SS-5** from your local Social Security Administration (SSA) office or call the SSA at 1-800-772-1213. Fill in Form SS-5 and return it to the SSA. It usually takes about 2 weeks to get an SSN.

Nonresident Alien Spouse. If your spouse is a nonresident alien and you file a joint or separate return, your spouse must have either an SSN or an Individual Taxpayer Identification Number (ITIN). If your spouse is not eligible to get an SSN, he or she can file Form W-7 with the IRS to apply for an ITIN. See page 6.

**P.O. Box.** Enter your box number **only** if your post office does not deliver mail to your home.

**Foreign Address.** Enter the information in the following order: city, province or state, postal code, and the name of the country. Please **do not** abbreviate the country name.

# Presidential Election Campaign Fund

This fund helps pay for Presidential election campaigns. The fund reduces candidates' dependence on large contributions from individuals and groups and places candidates on an equal financial footing in the general election.

If you want \$3 to go to this fund, check the "Yes" box. If you are filing a joint return, your spouse may also have \$3 go to the fund. If you check "Yes," your tax or refund will not change.

# Filing Status

Check **only** the filing status that applies to you. The ones that will usually give you the lowest tax are listed last.

- Married filing separately
- Single
- Head of household
- Married filing jointly or Qualifying widow(er) with dependent child



More than one filing status may apply to you. Choose the one that will give you the lowest tax.

#### Line 1

#### **Single**

You may check the box on line 1 if **any** of the following was true on December 31, 1996:

- You were never married, or
- You were legally separated, according to your state law, under a decree of divorce or of separate maintenance, or
- You were widowed before January 1, 1996, and did not remarry in 1996.

#### Line 2

#### Married Filing Jointly

You may check the box on line 2 if **any** of the following is true:

- You were married as of December 31, 1996, even if you did not live with your spouse at the end of 1996, or
- Your spouse died in 1996 and you did not remarry in 1996, or
- Your spouse died in 1997 before filing a 1996 return.

A husband and wife may file a joint return even if only one had income or if they did not live together all year. However, both persons must sign the return and both are responsible. This means that if one spouse does not pay the tax due, the other may have to. If you file a joint return for 1996, you may not, after the due date for filing that return, amend it to file as married filing separately.

**Nonresident Aliens and Dual-Status Aliens.** You may be able to file a joint return. See **Pub. 519** for details.

#### Line 3

#### Married Filing Separately

If you are married and file a separate return, you will usually pay more tax than if you file a joint return.

Generally, you report only your own income, exemptions, deductions, and credits. Different rules apply to people in community property states. See page 19.



You may be able to file as head of household if you had a child living with you and you lived apart from your spouse during the last 6 months of 1996. See Married Persons Who Live Apart on this page.

#### Line 4

#### **Head of Household**

This filing status is for **unmarried** individuals who provide a home for certain other persons. (Some **married persons who live apart** may also qualify. See below.) You may check the box on line 4 **only if** you were unmarried or legally separated as of December 31, 1996, and **either** 1 or 2 below apply to you.

- You paid over half the cost of keeping up a home that was the main home for all of 1996 of your parent whom you can claim as a dependent. Your parent did not have to live with you in your home; or
- 2. You paid over half the cost of keeping up a home in which you lived and in which one of the following also lived for more than half of the year (if half or less, see the **Exception** on this page).
  - Your unmarried child, adopted child, grandchild, great-grandchild, etc., or stepchild. This child does not have to be your dependent. But in this case, print the child's name in the space provided on line 4. If you do not enter the name, it will take us longer to process your return.
  - Your married child, adopted child, grandchild, great-grandchild, etc., or stepchild. This child must be your dependent. But if your married child's other parent claims him or her as a dependent under the rules for Children of Divorced or Separated Parents on page 18, this child does not have to be your dependent. Print the child's name on line 4. If you do not enter the name, it will take us longer to process your return.
  - Your foster child, who must be your dependent.
  - Any other relative you can claim as a dependent. For the definition of a relative, see Test 1 on the next page. But for this purpose, the Exception at the end of that test does not apply.

**Note:** You cannot file as head of household if your child, parent, or relative described above is your dependent under the rules on page 18 for **Person Supported by Two or More Taxpayers.** 

Married Persons Who Live Apart. Even if you were not divorced or legally separated in 1996, you may be able to file as head of household. You may check the box on line 4 if all five of the following apply.

 You must have lived apart from your spouse for the last 6 months of 1996.

- 2. You file a separate return from your spouse.
- You paid over half the cost of keeping up your home for 1996.
- **4.** Your home was the main home of your child, adopted child, stepchild, or foster child for more than half of 1996 (if half or less, see the **Exception** on this page).
- 5. You claim this child as your dependent or the child's other parent claims him or her under the rules for **Children of Divorced or Separated**Parents on page 18. If this child is not your dependent, be sure to print the child's name on line 4. If you do not enter the name, it will take us longer to process your return.



If all five apply, you may be able to take the credit for child and dependent care expenses and the earned income credit. You can also take the standard deduction even if your spouse itemizes deductions. For more details, see the instructions for these topics.

**Keeping Up a Home.** To find out what is included in the cost of keeping up a home, see **Pub. 501**.

If you used payments you received under the Aid to Families With Dependent Children (AFDC) program or other public assistance programs to pay part of the cost of keeping up your home, you cannot count them as money you paid. However, you must include them in the total cost of keeping up your home to figure if you paid over half of the cost.

**Dependent.** To find out if someone is your dependent, see the instructions for line 6c.

**Exception.** You can count temporary absences, such as for school, vacation, or medical care, as time lived in the home. If the person for whom you kept up a home was born or died in 1996, you may still file as head of household as long as the home was that person's main home for the part of the year he or she was alive.

#### Line 5

### Qualifying Widow(er) With Dependent Child

You may check the box on line 5 and use joint return tax rates for 1996 if **all five** of the following apply.

- 1. Your spouse died in 1994 or 1995 and you did not remarry in 1996.
- 2. You have a child, adopted child, stepchild, or foster child whom you claim as a dependent.
- This child lived in your home for all of 1996. Temporary absences such as for school, vacation, or medical care count as time lived in the home.
- You paid over half the cost of keeping up your home.
- You could have filed a joint return with your spouse the year he or she died, even if you did not actually do so.

If your spouse died in 1996, you may not file as qualifying widow(er) with dependent child. Instead, see the instructions for line 2.

**Need More Information or Forms?** You can use a personal computer, fax, or phone to get what you need. See page 5.

# **Exemptions**

For each exemption you can take, you can deduct \$2,550 on line 21.

#### Line 6b

#### **Spouse**

Check the box on line 6b if you file either (1) a joint return, or (2) a separate return and your spouse had no income and is not filing a return. However, do not check the box if your spouse can be claimed as a dependent on another person's return. If you were divorced or legally separated at the end of 1996, you cannot take an exemption for your former spouse. If, at the end of 1996, your divorce was not final (an interlocutory decree), you are considered married for the whole year.

**Death of Your Spouse.** If your spouse died in 1996 and you did not remarry by the end of 1996, check the box on line 6b if you could have taken an exemption for your spouse on the date of death. For other filing instructions, see **What if a Taxpayer Died?** on page 8.

#### Line 6c

#### **Dependents**

You can take an exemption for each of your dependents who was alive during some part of 1996. This includes a baby **born** in 1996 or a person who **died** in 1996. For more details, see **Pub. 501.** Any person who meets **all five** of the following tests qualifies as your dependent.

If you have **more than six** dependents, attach a statement to your return with the required information.

#### Test 1—Relationship

The person must be your relative. But see **Exception** at the end of **Test 1**. The following people are considered your relatives:

- Your child, stepchild, adopted child; a child who lived in your home as a family member if placed with you by an authorized placement agency for legal adoption; or a foster child (any child who lived in your home as a family member for the whole year).
- Your grandchild, great-grandchild, etc.
- Your son-in-law, daughter-in-law.
- Your parent, stepparent, parent-in-law.
- Your grandparent, great-grandparent, etc.
- Your brother, sister, half brother, half sister, stepbrother, stepsister, brother-in-law, sister-in-law.
- Your aunt, uncle, nephew, niece if related by blood

Any relationships established by marriage are not treated as ended by divorce or death.

**Exception.** A person who lived in your home as a family member for the entire year can also be considered a dependent. However, the relationship must not violate local law.

#### Test 2—Married Person

If the person is married and files a joint return, you cannot take an exemption for the person.



If the person and the person's spouse file a joint return only to get a refund of all tax withheld, you may be able to claim him or her if the other four tests are met. See Pub. 501 for details.

#### Test 3—Citizen or Resident

The person must be **one** of the following:

- A U.S. citizen or resident alien, or
- A resident of Canada or Mexico, or
- Your adopted child who is not a U.S. citizen but who lived with you all year in a foreign country.

#### Test 4—Income

Generally, the person's gross income must be less than \$2,550. Gross income does not include nontaxable income, such as welfare benefits or nontaxable social security benefits. Income earned by a permanently and totally disabled person for services performed at a sheltered workshop school is generally not included for purposes of the income test. See Pub. 501 for details.

**Exception for Your Child.** Your child can have gross income of \$2,550 or more if:

- Your child was under age 19 at the end of 1996, or
- 2. Your child was under age 24 at the end of 1996 and was a student.

Your child was a **student** if he or she—

- Was enrolled as a full-time student at a school during any 5 months of 1996, or
- Took a full-time, on-farm training course during any 5 months of 1996. The course had to be given by a school or a state, county, or local government agency.

A **school** includes technical, trade, and mechanical schools. It does not include on-the-job training courses or correspondence schools.

#### Test 5—Support

The general rule is that you had to provide over half the person's total support in 1996. If you file a joint return, support can come from either spouse. If you remarried, the support provided by your new spouse is treated as support coming from you. For exceptions to the support test, see **Children of Divorced or Separated Parents** and **Person Supported by Two or More Taxpayers** on page 18.

Support includes food, a place to live, clothing, medical and dental care, and education. It also includes items such as a car and furniture, but only if they are for the person's own use or benefit. In figuring total support:

- Use the actual cost of these items. But you should figure the cost of a place to live at its fair rental value.
- Include money the person used for his or her own support, even if this money was not taxable.
   Examples are gifts, savings, social security and welfare benefits, and other public assistance payments. This support is treated as **not** coming from you.

Support **does not** include items such as income tax, social security and Medicare tax, life insurance premiums, scholarship grants, or funeral expenses.

If you care for a foster child, see Pub. 501 for special rules that apply.

Children of Divorced or Separated Parents. Special rules apply to determine if the support test is met for children of divorced or separated parents. The rules also apply to children of parents who lived apart during the last 6 months of the year, even if they do not have a separation agreement. For these rules, a custodial parent is the parent who had custody of the child for most of the year. A noncustodial parent is the parent who had custody for the shorter period of time or who did not have custody at all. See Pub. 501 for the definition of custody.

The general rule is that the custodial parent is treated as having provided over half of the child's total support if both parents together paid over half of the child's support. This means that the custodial parent can claim the child as a dependent if the other dependency tests are also met.

But if you are the noncustodial parent, you are treated as having provided over half of the child's support and can claim the child as a dependent if both parents together paid over half of the child's support, the other dependency tests are met, and **either 1** or **2** below applies.

- The custodial parent agrees not to claim the child's exemption for 1996 by signing Form 8332 or a similar statement. But you (as the noncustodial parent) must attach this signed Form 8332 or similar statement to your return. Instead of attaching Form 8332, you can attach a copy of certain pages of your divorce decree or separation agreement if it went into effect after 1984 (see Children Who Did Not Live With You Due to Divorce or Separation on this page), or
- 2. Your divorce decree or written separation agreement went into effect before 1985 and it states that you (the noncustodial parent) can claim the child as a dependent. But you must have given at least \$600 for the child's support in 1996. This rule does not apply if your decree or agreement was changed after 1984 to say that you cannot claim the child as your dependent.

**Person Supported by Two or More Taxpayers.** Even if you did not pay over half of another person's support, you might still be able to claim him or her as a dependent if **all five** of the following apply.

- You and one or more other eligible person(s) (see below) together paid over half of another person's support.
- 2. You paid over 10% of that person's support.
- No one alone paid over half of that person's support.
- **4.** Tests 1 through 4 on page 17 are met.
- Each other eligible person who paid over 10% of support completes Form 2120, and you attach these forms to your return. The form states that only you will claim the person as a dependent for 1996.

An **eligible person** is someone who could have claimed another person as a dependent except that he or she did not pay over half of that person's support.

Line 6c, Column (2). You must enter each dependent's social security number (SSN) unless he or she was born in December 1996 or was born and died in 1996. If you do not enter the correct SSN, at the time we process your return, we may disallow the exemption claimed for the dependent. If your dependent was born in December 1996 and does not have an SSN, enter "12/96" in column (2). If your dependent was born and died in 1996 and did not have an SSN, print "DIED" in column (2).

Your dependent can get an SSN by filing **Form SS-5** with your local Social Security Administration (SSA) office. It usually takes about 2 weeks to get an SSN. If your dependent will not have an SSN by April 15, 1997, see **What if I Cannot File on Time?** on page 8.

Line 6c, Column (4). Enter the number of months your dependent lived with you in 1996. Count temporary absences, such as for school or vacation, as time lived in your home. If your dependent was born or died in 1996, enter "12." If your dependent lived in Canada or Mexico during 1996, do not enter a number. Instead, print "CN" or "MX," whichever applies.

Children Who Did Not Live With You Due to Divorce or Separation. If you are claiming a child who did not live with you under the rules on this page for Children of Divorced or Separated Parents, attach Form 8332 or similar statement to your return. But see Exception below. If your divorce decree or separation agreement went into effect after 1984 and it states you can claim the child as your dependent without regard to any condition, such as payment of support, you may attach a copy of the following pages from the decree or agreement instead.

- Cover page (put the other parent's SSN on that page), and
- The page that states you can claim the child as your dependent, and
- Signature page with the other parent's signature and date of agreement.

**Note:** You must attach the required information even if you filed it in an earlier year.

**Exception.** You do not have to attach Form 8332 or similar statement if your divorce decree or written separation agreement went into effect before 1985 and it states that you can claim the child as your dependent.

Other Dependent Children. Enter the total number of children who did not live with you for reasons other

**Need More Information or Forms?** You can use a personal computer, fax, or phone to get what you need. See page 5.

than divorce or separation on the line labeled "Dependents on 6c not entered above." Include dependent children who lived in Canada or Mexico during 1996.

# **Adjusted Gross Income**

# **Rounding Off to Whole Dollars**

You may find it easier to do your return if you round off cents to the nearest whole dollar. You can drop amounts that are less than 50 cents. For example, \$129.39 becomes \$129. Increase amounts that are 50 cents or more to the next whole dollar. For example, \$235.50 becomes \$236. If you do round off, do so for all amounts. But if you have to add two or more amounts to figure the amount to enter on a line, include cents when adding and only round off the total.

**Example.** You received two W-2 forms, one showing wages of \$5,009.55 and one showing wages of \$8,760.73. On Form 1040A, line 7, you would enter 13,770 (\$5,009.55 + \$8,760.73 = \$13,770.28).

#### Refunds of State or Local Income Taxes

If you received a refund, credit, or offset of state or local income taxes in 1996, you may receive a **Form 1099-G.** None of your refund is taxable if, in the year the tax was paid to the state or other taxing authority, you:

- Filed Form 1040EZ,
- Filed Form 1040A, or
- Used TeleFile.

But if the refund, credit, or offset was for a tax you deducted as an **itemized deduction**, you may have to report part or all of it as income on Form 1040 for 1996. Use Tele-Tax topic 405 (see page 42) or see **Pub. 525** for details.

#### **Community Property States**

Community property states are Arizona, California, Idaho, Louisiana, Nevada, New Mexico, Texas, Washington, and Wisconsin. If you and your spouse lived in a community property state, you must usually follow state law to determine what is community income and what is separate income. For details, see **Pub. 555.** 

#### Line 7

# Wages, Salaries, Tips, etc.

Enter the total of your wages, salaries, and tips. If a joint return, also include your spouse's income. For most people, the amount to enter on this line should be shown in box 1 of their **Forms W-2**. But the following types of income must also be included in the total on line 7.

Tip income you did not report to your employer.
 But you must file Form 1040 and Form 4137 if (1)

you received tips of \$20 or more in any month and did not report the full amount to your employer OR (2) your W-2 form(s) shows allocated tips that you must report as income. You must report the allocated tips shown on your W-2 form(s) unless you can prove that you received less. Allocated tips should be shown in box 8 of your W-2 form(s). They are not included in box 1. See Pub. 531 for more details.

- Disability pensions shown on Form 1099-R if you have not reached the minimum retirement age set by your employer. Disability pensions received after you reach that age and other pensions shown on Form 1099-R (other than payments from an IRA) are reported on lines 11a and 11b of Form 1040A. Payments from an IRA are reported on lines 10a and 10b.
- Scholarship and fellowship grants not reported on a W-2 form. Also, print "SCH" and the amount in the space to the left of line 7. Exception. If you were a degree candidate, include on line 7 only the amounts you used for expenses other than tuition and course-related expenses. For example, amounts used for room, board, and travel must be reported on line 7.
- Dependent care benefits, which should be shown in box 10 of your W-2 form. But first complete Schedule 2 to see if you may exclude part or all of the benefits.

Missing or Incorrect Form W-2? If you do not get a W-2 form from your employer by January 31, 1997, use Tele-Tax topic 154 (see page 42) to find out what to do. Even if you do not get a W-2, you must still report your earnings. If you lose your Form W-2 or it is incorrect, ask your employer for a new one.

#### Line 8a

#### **Taxable Interest**

Each payer should send you a **Form 1099-INT** or **Form 1099-OID**. Report **all** of your taxable interest income on line 8a even if it is \$400 or less. But you must also fill in Schedule 1, Part I, if:

- You had over \$400 of taxable interest income, or
- You received interest from a seller-financed mortgage and the buyer used the property as a personal residence, or
- You are claiming the exclusion of interest from series EE U.S. savings bonds issued after 1989, or
- You received interest as a nominee or a Form 1099-INT for tax-exempt interest.

Include taxable interest from seller-financed mortgages, banks, savings and loan associations, money market certificates, credit unions, savings bonds, etc. Interest credited in 1996 on deposits that you could not withdraw because of the bankruptcy or insolvency of the financial institution may not have to

be included in your 1996 income. For details, see **Pub. 550.** 



If you get a 1996 Form 1099-INT for U.S. savings bond interest that includes amounts you reported before 1996, see Pub. 550.

#### Line 8b

#### **Tax-Exempt Interest**

If you received any tax-exempt interest, such as from municipal bonds, report it on line 8b. Include any exempt-interest dividends from a mutual fund. **Do not** include interest earned on your IRA.

#### Line 9

#### **Dividends**

Each payer should send you a **Form 1099-DIV**. Report your total gross dividends on line 9 even if they total \$400 or less. If the total is over \$400 or you received dividends as a nominee (that is, in your name but the dividends actually belong to someone else), first fill in Schedule 1, Part II (see page 50). But you must use Form 1040 if you had capital gain or nontaxable distributions.

For more information, see Pub. 550.

#### Lines 10a and 10b

#### **IRA Distributions**

You should receive a **Form 1099-R** showing the amount of the distribution from your individual retirement arrangement (IRA). Leave line 10a blank and enter the total distribution on line 10b.

**Exception.** Do not enter your total IRA distribution on line 10b if either 1 or 2 below applies.

- You made nondeductible contributions to any of your IRAs for 1996 or an earlier year. Instead, use Form 8606 to figure the amount to enter on line 10b; enter the total distribution on line 10a. If you made nondeductible contributions for 1996, also see Pub. 590.
- 2. You rolled your IRA distribution over into another IRA. Enter the total distribution on line 10a. If the total on line 10a was rolled over, enter zero on line 10b. If the total was not rolled over, enter the part not rolled over on line 10b. But if 1 above also applies, use Form 8606 to figure the taxable part.

Caution: You may have to pay additional tax if (1) you received an early distribution from your IRA and the total distribution was not rolled over, or (2) you were born before July 1, 1925, and received less than the minimum required distribution. To find out if you owe this tax, see Pub. 590. If you do owe this tax, you must use Form 1040.

#### Lines 11a and 11b

#### **Pensions and Annuities**

You should receive a **Form 1099-R** showing the amount of your pension and annuity payments. See the next page for details on rollovers and lump-sum distributions.

**Do not** report on lines 11a and 11b disability pensions received before you reach the minimum retirement age set by your employer. Instead, report them on line 7.



Attach Form 1099-R to Form 1040A if any Federal income tax was withheld.

**Fully Taxable Pensions and Annuities.** If your pension or annuity is fully taxable, enter it on line 11b; **do not** make an entry on line 11a. Your payments are fully taxable if **either** of the following applies:

- You did not contribute to the cost of your pension or annuity, or
- You got your entire cost back tax free before 1996.

Fully taxable pensions and annuities also include military retirement pay shown on Form 1099-R. For details on military disability pensions, see **Pub. 525.** If you received a **Form RRB-1099-R**, see **Pub. 575** to find out how to report your benefits.

Partially Taxable Pensions and Annuities. If your pension or annuity is partially taxable and your Form 1099-R does not show the taxable part, you must use the General Rule to figure the taxable part. The General Rule is explained in Pub. 939. However, if your annuity starting date (defined below) was after July 1, 1986, and before November 19, 1996, you may be able to use the Simplified General Rule explained later. If your annuity starting date was after November 18, 1996, do not use these instructions to figure the taxable part of your pension or annuity. Instead, see Pub. 575 (Pub. 721 for U.S. Civil Service retirement).

You can ask the IRS to figure the taxable part for you for a \$50 fee. For details, see Pub. 939.

If your Form 1099-R shows a taxable amount, you may report that amount on line 11b. But you may be able to report a lower taxable amount by using the General Rule or, if you qualify, the Simplified General Rule.

Once you have figured the taxable part of your pension or annuity, enter that amount on line 11b and the total on line 11a.

**Annuity Starting Date.** Your annuity starting date is the later of:

- The first day of the first period for which you received a payment, or
- 2. The date the plan's obligations became fixed. Simplified General Rule. This method will usually give you the same amount or more of the pension or annuity tax free each year as the General Rule or as figured by the IRS. You can use this simpler method if all four of the following apply.

**Need More Information or Forms?** You can use a personal computer, fax, or phone to get what you need. See page 5.

- Your annuity starting date (defined on page 20) was after July 1, 1986, and before November 19, 1996.
- 2. The payments are for (a) your life or (b) your life and that of your beneficiary.
- The payments are from a qualified employee plan, a qualified employee annuity, or a tax-sheltered annuity.
- **4.** At the time the pension or annuity payments began, either you were under age 75 or the number of years of guaranteed payments was fewer than 5.

If all four apply, use the worksheet below to figure the taxable part of your pension or annuity. For more details on the Simplified General Rule, see Pub. 575 or Pub. 721.

**Caution:** If you received U.S. Civil Service retirement benefits and you chose the lump-sum credit option, use the worksheet in Pub. 721. **Do not** use the worksheet below.

Age at Annuity Starting Date. If you are the retiree, use your age on the annuity starting date. If you are the survivor of a retiree, use the retiree's age on his or her annuity starting date. If you are the beneficiary of an employee who died, see Pub. 575. If there is more than one beneficiary, see Pub. 575 or Pub. 721 to figure each beneficiary's taxable amount.

**Changing Methods.** If your annuity starting date was after July 1, 1986, you may be able to change from the General Rule to the Simplified General Rule (or the other way around). For details, see Pub. 575 or Pub. 721.

**Death Benefit Exclusion.** If you are the beneficiary of a deceased employee or former employee, amounts paid to you by, or on behalf of, an employer because of the death of the employee may qualify for a death benefit exclusion of up to \$5,000. If you are entitled to this exclusion, add it to the amount you enter on line 2 of the worksheet. Do this even if the Form 1099-R shows a taxable amount. The payer of the annuity cannot add the death benefit exclusion to your cost when figuring the taxable amount.

Special rules apply if you are the survivor under a joint and survivor's annuity. For details, see Pub. 575.

Caution: The death benefit exclusion was repealed for individuals who died after August 20, 1996.

**Rollovers.** A rollover is a tax-free distribution of cash or other assets from one retirement plan that is contributed to another plan. Use lines 11a and 11b to report a rollover, including a direct rollover, from one qualified employer's plan to another or to an IRA.

Enter on line 11a the total distribution before income tax or other deductions were withheld. This amount should be shown in box 1 of **Form 1099-R**. From the (continued)

# Simplified General Rule Worksheet—Lines 11a and 11b (keep for your records)

Caution: Do not use this worksheet if your annuity starting date (see page 20) was after November 18, 1996. Instead, see Pub. 575 (Pub. 721 for U.S. Civil Service retirement).

575	(Pub. 721 for U.S. Civil Service retirement).	
1.	Enter the total pension or annuity payments received this year. Also, enter this amount on Form 1040A, line 11a	1
2.	Enter your cost in the plan at the annuity starting date plus any death benefit exclusion (see above)	
3.	Age at annuity starting date (see above):  Enter:	
	55 and under	
4. 5.	Divide line 2 by the number on line 3	
6. 7. 8. 9.	Enter the amount, if any, recovered tax free in years after 1986 6	9

**Note**: If you had more than one partially taxable pension or annuity, figure the taxable part of each separately. Enter the total of the taxable parts on Form 1040A, line 11b. Enter the total pension or annuity payments received in 1996 on Form 1040A, line 11a.

total on line 11a, subtract any contributions (usually shown in box 5) that were taxable to you when made. From that result, subtract the amount that was rolled over either directly or within 60 days of receiving the distribution. Enter the remaining amount, even if zero, on line 11b.

Special rules apply to partial rollovers of property. For more details on rollovers, including distributions under qualified domestic relations orders, see Pub. 575.

**Lump-Sum Distributions.** If you received a lump-sum distribution from a profit-sharing or retirement plan, your Form 1099-R should have the "Total distribution" box in box 2b checked. Enter the total distribution on line 11a and the taxable part on line 11b.



You may be able to pay less tax on the distribution if you were at least age 59½ on the date of the distribution, you meet certain other conditions, and you choose to use **Form 4972** to figure the tax on any part of the distribution. You may also be able to use Form 4972 if you are the beneficiary of a deceased employee who was either age 59½ or older on the date of death or was born before 1936. But you must use Form 1040 to do so. For details, see Form 4972.

You must use Form 1040 if you owe additional tax because you received an early distribution from a qualified retirement plan and the total amount was not rolled over. See Pub. 575 to find out if you owe this tax.

#### Line 12

### **Unemployment Compensation**



If you expect to receive unemployment compensation in 1997, you may ask the state unemployment office to withhold Federal income tax from those payments.

You should receive a **Form 1099-G** showing the total unemployment compensation paid to you in 1996.

If you received an overpayment of unemployment compensation in 1996 and you repaid any of it in 1996, subtract the amount you repaid from the total amount you received. Enter the result on line 12. Print "REPAID" and the amount you repaid in the space to the left of line 12. If you repaid unemployment compensation in 1996 that you included in gross income in an earlier year, you can deduct the amount repaid. But you must use Form 1040 to do so. See **Pub. 525** for details.

Note: If you received Alaska Permanent Fund dividends, report them on line 12.

#### Lines 13a and 13b

#### **Social Security Benefits**

You should receive a **Form SSA-1099** showing in box 3 the total social security benefits paid to you. Box 4 will show the amount of any benefits you repaid in 1996. If you received railroad retirement benefits treated as social security, you should receive a **Form RRB-1099**.

Caution: Do not use lines 13a and 13b to report any railroad retirement benefits shown on Form RRB-1099-R. Instead, see the instructions for lines 11a and 11b.

To find out if any of your benefits are taxable, first complete Form 1040A, lines 15a through 15c if they apply to you. Then, complete the worksheet on the next page. However, **do not** use the worksheet if any of the following apply:

- You made IRA contributions for 1996 and you were covered by a retirement plan at work.
   Instead, use the worksheets in **Pub. 590** to see if any of your social security benefits are taxable and to figure your IRA deduction.
- You file Form 8815. Instead, use the worksheet in Pub. 915.
- You repaid any benefits in 1996 and your total repayments (box 4) were more than your total benefits for 1996 (box 3). None of your benefits are taxable for 1996. In addition, you may be able to take an itemized deduction for part of the excess repayments if they were for benefits you included in gross income in an earlier year. But you must use Form 1040 to do so. See Pub. 915.



If you expect to receive taxable social security benefits in 1997, you may ask the payer to withhold Federal income tax from your payments.

#### Lines 15a and 15b

#### **IRA Deduction**

If you made contributions to an individual retirement arrangement (IRA) for 1996, you may be able to take an IRA deduction. Read the following instructions to see if you can take this deduction and, if you can, which worksheet to use to figure it. Enter your IRA deduction on line 15a. If you file a joint return, enter your spouse's deduction on line 15b. You should receive a statement by June 2, 1997, that shows all contributions to your IRA for 1996.

**Need More Information or Forms?** You can use a personal computer, fax, or phone to get what you need. See page 5.



By April 1 of the year after the year in which you reach age 70½, you must start taking minimum required distributions from your IRA. If you do not, you may have to pay a 50% additional tax on the amount that should have been distributed. For details, including how to figure the minimum required distribution, see **Pub. 590**.

You **must** use Form 1040 if you owe tax on any excess contributions made to an IRA, or any excess accumulations in an IRA. For details, see Pub. 590.

**Caution:** You **may not** deduct contributions to a 401(k) plan or the Federal Thrift Savings Plan. These amounts are not included as income in box 1 of your W-2 form.

Were You Covered by an Employer Retirement Plan? If you were covered by a plan at work, your IRA deduction may be reduced or eliminated. But you can still make contributions to an IRA even if you cannot deduct them. In any case, the income earned on your contributions is not taxed until it is paid to you. The "Pension plan" box in box 15 of your W-2 form should be checked if you were covered by a plan (such as a 401(k) plan). This box should be checked even if you were not vested in the plan.

If you were covered by a plan and you file **Form 8815**, see Pub. 590 to figure the amount, if any, of your IRA deduction.

Special Rule for Married Individuals Who File Separate Returns. If you were not covered by a plan but your spouse was, **you** are considered covered by a

# Social Security Benefits Worksheet—Lines 13a and 13b (keep for your records)



If you are married filing separately and you **lived apart** from your spouse for all of 1996, print "D" in the space to the right of the word "benefits" on line 13a.

1.	Enter the amount from <b>box 5</b> of <b>all</b> your <b>Forms SSA-1099</b> and <b>Forms RRB-1099</b> 1		
2	Enter one-half of line 1	2	
	Add the amounts on Form 1040A, lines 7, 8a, 9, 10b, 11b, and 12. Do not include amounts from box	۷	
Э.	5 of Forms SSA-1099 or RRB-1099	3	
1	Enter the amount, if any, from Form 1040A, line 8b	-	
	Add lines 2, 3, and 4		
J.	Enter the amount, if any, from Form 1040A, line 15c	_	
7	Subtract line 4 from line E		
	Subtract line 6 from line 5	7	
ο.	Enter 25,000 (32,000 if married filing jointly; 0 if married filing separately and you lived with your spouse at any time during 1996)	Q	
٥	Subtract line 8 from line 7. If zero or less, enter 0	-	
7.	Is line 9 more than zero?	7	
	<b>No.</b> Stop; none of your social security benefits are taxable. Do not enter any amount on line 13a or 13b		
	of Form 1040A. But if you are married filing separately and you <b>lived apart</b> from your spouse for all of 1996, enter 0 on line 13b. Be sure to print "D" to the right of the word "benefits" on line 13a.		
	Yes. Go to line 10.		
10.	Enter 9,000 (12,000 if married filing jointly; 0 if married filing separately and you lived with your spouse at any time during 1996)	10	
11.	Subtract line 10 from line 9. If zero or less, enter 0	11	
	Enter the <b>smaller</b> of line 9 or line 10		
	Enter one-half of line 12		
	Enter the <b>smaller</b> of line 2 or line 13		
	Multiply line 11 by 85% (.85). If line 11 is zero, enter 0		
	Add lines 14 and 15		
17.			
18.	Taxable social security benefits. Enter the smaller of line 16 or line 17		
	• Enter the amount from line 1 on Form 1040A, line 13a.		
	• Enter the amount from line 18 on Form 1040A, line 13b.		
	If part of your benefits are taxable for 1996 <b>and</b> they include benefits paid in 1996 that were for an earlier year, you may be able to reduce the taxable amount shown on the worksheet. See Pub. 915 for details.		

plan unless you **lived apart** from your spouse for all of 1996. See the chart below to find out if you can take the deduction and, if you can, which worksheet to use.

**Not Covered by a Retirement Plan.** If you (and your spouse if filing a joint return) were not covered by a plan at work, use **Worksheet 1** below to figure your deduction.

Covered by a Retirement Plan. If you (or your spouse if filing a joint return) were covered by a plan at work, see the chart below. It will tell you if you can take the deduction and, if you can, which worksheet to use.



You can make contributions to your IRA even if you cannot deduct them. But, you must use **Form 8606** to report these nondeductible contributions.

# Read the following list before you fill in your IRA worksheet.

- If you were age 70½ or older at the end of 1996, you cannot deduct any contributions made to your IRA for 1996 or treat them as nondeductible contributions.
- If you made contributions to your IRA in 1996 that you deducted for 1995, do not include them in the worksheet.

# Chart for People Covered by a Retirement Plan\*—Lines 15a and 15b

If you (or your spouse if filing a jo	int return) were covered by a retireme	ent plan and—
Your filing status is:	And Form 1040A, line 14, is:	You can take:
Single, Head of	\$25,000 or less	Full IRA deduction (use <b>Worksheet 1</b> below)
household, or Married filing separately and lived apart from your	Over \$25,000 but less than \$35,000	Partial IRA deduction (use <b>Worksheet 2</b> on page 25)
spouse for all of 1996	\$35,000 or more	No IRA deduction (but see the TIP above)
Married filing jointly	\$40,000 or less	Full IRA deduction (use <b>Worksheet 1</b> below)
or  Qualifying widow(er) with	Over \$40,000 but less than \$50,000	Partial IRA deduction (use <b>Worksheet 2</b> on page 25)
dependent child	\$50,000 or more	No IRA deduction (but see the TIP above)
Married filing separately and lived with your	Over \$0 but less than \$10,000	Partial IRA deduction (use <b>Worksheet 2</b> on page 25)
spouse at any time during 1996	\$10,000 or more	No IRA deduction (but see the TIP above)

<sup>\*</sup> If married filing separately and you were not covered by a plan but your spouse was, **you** are considered covered by a plan unless you **lived apart** from your spouse for all of 1996.

# IRA Worksheet 1—Lines 15a and 15b (keep for your records)



		(a) Your IRA	(b) Your working spouse's IRA
2.	Enter IRA contributions you made, or will make by April 15, 1997, for 1996. But <b>do not</b> enter more than \$2,000 in either column	2	
	No	nworking spo	ouse's IRA
5. 6. 7.	Enter the <b>smaller</b> of line 2, column (a), or \$2,250	5 6 7	

**Need More Information or Forms?** You can use a personal computer, fax, or phone to get what you need. See page 5.

- If you received a distribution from a nonqualified deferred compensation plan or section 457 plan that was included in box 1 of your W-2 form, do not include that distribution on line 2 of IRA Worksheet 1 or line 5 of IRA Worksheet 2. The distribution should be shown in box 11 of your W-2 form.
- If the total of your IRA deduction on Form 1040A plus any nondeductible contribution on your Form 8606 is less than your total IRA contributions for 1996, see Pub. 590 for special rules.

(continued)

	IRA Worksheet 2—Lines 15a and 15b (keep for yo	our re	ecords)		
1.	If your filing status is:  Single or Head of household, enter 35,000  Married filing jointly or Qualifying widow(er), enter 50,000  Married filing separately, enter 10,000 (35,000 if you lived apart from you of 1996)	r spo	use for all	1.	
2.	Enter the amount from Form 1040A, line 14. If this amount is equal to or more than 1, none of your IRA contributions are deductible. Stop here. If you want to make a contribution, see Form 8606			2.	
3.	Subtract line 2 from line 1. If the result is \$10,000 or more, stop here and use W	orksł	neet 1	3.	
4.	Multiply line 3 by 20% (.20). If the result is not a multiple of \$10, round it up to the (for example, round \$490.30 to \$500). If the result is \$200 or more, enter the result. \$200, enter 200. Go to line 5	But i	if it is less than	4.	
	Deductible IRA contributions		(a) Your IRA		(b) r working use's IRA
	Enter wages, salaries, and tips for each person from Form 1040A, line 7 Enter IRA contributions you made, or will make by April 15, 1997, for 1996. But				
7.	do not enter more than \$2,000 in either column				
	Nondeductible IRA contributions				
8.	Subtract line 7 from line 5 or line 6, whichever is <b>smaller</b> . Enter on line 1 of your Form 8606 the part of line 8 you choose to make nondeductible	8.			
	If filing a joint return and contributions were made to your nonworking spouse	's IR	A, go to line 9.		
	Deductible IRA contributions for nonworking spouse				
	Enter the <b>smaller</b> of line 5, column (a), or 2,250				
11.	Subtract line 10 from line 9. If the result is zero or less, stop here. You cannot	10.			
	make deductible or nondeductible IRA contributions for your nonworking spouse Enter the <b>smallest</b> of <b>(a)</b> IRA contributions made, or that will be made by April 15, 1997, for 1996 that are for your nonworking spouse; <b>(b)</b> 2,000; or <b>(c)</b> the	11.			
13.	amount on line 11	4.0		12.	
15.	less than \$200, enter 200	14.			
10.	on Form 1040A, line 15b, the part of line 16 you choose to deduct. If line 12 is more than line 16, go to line 17.			16.	
	Nondeductible IRA contributions for nonworking spouse				
17.	Subtract line 16 from line 12. Enter on line 1 of your spouse's Form 8606 the part of line 17 you choose to make nondeductible			17.	

- You must file a joint return to deduct contributions to your nonworking spouse's IRA. A nonworking spouse is one who had no wages or other earned income in 1996, or a working spouse who chooses to be treated as having no earned income for figuring the deduction.
- Do not include rollover contributions in figuring your deduction. Instead, see the instructions for lines 10a and 10b on page 20.
- Do not include trustee's fees that were billed separately and paid by you for your IRA. You may be able to deduct those fees as an itemized deduction. But you must use Form 1040 to do so.

# **Tax Computation**

#### Line 18a

If you were age 65 or older or blind, check the appropriate boxes on line 18a. If you were married and checked the box on line 6b on page 1 of Form 1040A and your spouse was age 65 or older or blind, also check the appropriate boxes for your spouse. Be sure to enter the total number of boxes checked in the box provided on line 18a.

**Age.** If you were age 65 or older on January 1, 1997, check the "65 or older" box on your 1996 return.

**Blindness.** If you were completely blind as of December 31, 1996, attach a statement to your return describing this condition. If you were partially blind, you must attach a statement certified by your eye doctor or registered optometrist that:

- You cannot see better than 20/200 in your better eye with glasses or contact lenses, or
- Your field of vision is 20 degrees or less.

If your eye condition is not likely to improve beyond the conditions listed above, attach a statement certified by your eye doctor or registered optometrist to this effect. Keep a copy of this statement for your records. If you attached this statement in an earlier year, you do not have to file another one. But you must attach a note saying that you have already filed a statement.

#### Line 18b

If you are married filing a separate return and your spouse itemizes deductions on Form 1040, check the box on line 18b. You CANNOT take the standard deduction even if you were age 65 or older or blind (that is, you completed line 18a). Enter zero on line 19 and go to line 20.



Your Federal income tax will be less if you take any itemized deductions that you may have, such as state and local income taxes, but you must use Form 1040 to do so.

#### Line 19

#### **Standard Deduction**

Most people can find their standard deduction by looking at line 19 of Form 1040A. But if you checked **any** box on **line 18a**, OR you (or your spouse if filing a

# any box on line 18a, OR you (or yo Page 26

joint return) can be claimed as a dependent on someone's 1996 return, use the chart or worksheet on page 27 that applies to you to figure your standard deduction. Also, if you checked the box on **line 18b**, you **cannot** take the standard deduction even if you were age 65 or older or blind.

#### Line 22

Subtract line 21 from line 20. Your tax is figured on this amount.

# If You Want, the IRS Will Figure Your Tax and Some of Your Credits.

**Tax.** If you have paid too much, we will send you a refund. If you did not pay enough, we will send you a bill. For details, including who is eligible and what to do, see **Pub. 967**.

**Credit for the Elderly or the Disabled.** If you can take this credit and you want us to figure it for you, see the instructions for **Schedule 3**.

**Earned Income Credit (EIC).** Answer the questions on page 29 to see if you can take this credit. If you can take the EIC and you want us to figure it for you, follow the instructions for question 4 or 9, whichever applies to you.

#### Line 23

#### Tax

Find your tax in the Tax Table on pages 44-49.

Form 8615. If this return is for a child who was under age 14 on January 1, 1997, and the child had more than \$1,300 of investment income, such as taxable interest or dividends, Form 8615 must be used to figure the tax. But if neither of the child's parents was alive at the end of 1996, do not use Form 8615. Instead, use the Tax Table to figure the child's tax.

#### Line 24a

#### Child and Dependent Care Credit

You may be able to take this credit if you paid someone to care for your child **under age 13** or your dependent or spouse who could not care for himself or herself. But to do so, the care must have been provided so that you (and your spouse if you were married) could work or look for work and you must have had income from a job. For details, see the instructions for **Schedule 2**.

#### Line 24b

#### Credit for the Elderly or the Disabled

You may be able to take this credit if by the end of 1996 (1) you were age 65 or older, or (2) you retired on **permanent and total disability** and you had taxable disability income in 1996.

But you usually **cannot** take the credit if the amount on Form 1040A, line 17, is \$17,500 or more (\$20,000 if married filing jointly and only one spouse is eligible for the credit; \$25,000 if married filing jointly and both spouses are eligible; \$12,500 if married filing

**Need More Information or Forms?** You can use a personal computer, fax, or phone to get what you need. See page 5.

separately). See **Schedule 3** and its instructions for details.

#### Line 26

### **Advance Earned Income Credit Payments**

If you received advance earned income credit (EIC) payments, enter them on line 26. These payments should be shown in box 9 of your W-2 form(s).

#### Line 27

#### **Household Employment Taxes**

Enter the number from the box on

If **any** of the following apply, see **Schedule H** and its instructions to find out if you owe these taxes.

1. You paid **any one** household employee (defined on this page) cash wages of \$1,000 or more in 1996.

- 2. You withheld Federal income tax during 1996 at the request of any household employee.
- 3. You paid total cash wages of \$1,000 or more in any calendar quarter of 1995 or 1996 to household employees.



For purposes of **item 1**, do not count amounts paid to an employee who was under age 18 at any time in 1996 and was a student.

Caution: Do not use the number

Household Employee. Any person who does household work is a household employee if you can control what will be done and how it will be done. Household work includes work done in or around your home by babysitters, nannies, health aides, maids, yard workers, and similar domestic workers.

# Standard Deduction Chart for People Age 65 or Older or Blind—Line 19

If someone can claim you (or your spouse if married filing jointly) as a dependent, use the worksheet below instead.

Status is:   the box above is:   1040A, line   19:	ine 18a of Form 1040A.		ot exemptions trom line 6a.
Married filing jointly or 2 8,300 9,100 2 9,90	f your filing status is:		
Married filing jointly or Oualifying widow(er)  Married filing jointly or Oualifying widow(er)  Married filing jointly or Oualifying widow(er)  Married filing jointly or Oualifying widow(er), enter 6,700  Married filing jointly or Oualifying widow(er), by the number on Form 1040A, line 19, 000 (\$800 if married filing jointly or separately, or qualifying widow(er) by the number of Form 1040A, line 18a.  Married filing jointly or Spouse if married filing jointly or separately.  Married filing separately, enter 3,350  Married filing jointly or Oualifying widow(er), enter 6,700	Single	1	5,000
Address filing form of conclusion of conclus	Single	2	6,000
Or Qualifying widow(er)  A graph of the properties of the properti	Marriad filing jointly	1	
Dualifying widow(er)  Autried filing  Autried filing separately, enter 3,350  Autried filing separately, enter 3,350  Autried filing separately, enter 3,350  Autried filing separately, enter 5,900  Autried filing filing filing filing filing widow(er), enter 6,700  Autried filing	~ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2	
Married filing	-	3	
Married filing separately 3 5,750 4 6,550 8 6,900 7,900 8 1 6,900 7,900 9 1 6 5,750 6 6,900 7,900 9 1 6 5,750 6 6,900 7,900 9 1 6 5,750 6 6,900 7,900 9 1 6 5,750 6 6,900 7,900 9 1 6 5,750 6 6,900 7,900 9 1 6 5,750 6 6,900 7,900 9 1 6 5,750 6 6,900 7,900 9 1 6 5,750 6 6,900 7,900 9 1 6 5,750 6 6,900 7,900 9 1 6 5,750 6 6,900 7,900 9 1 6 5,750 6 6,900 7,900 9 1 6 5,750 6 6,900 7,900 9 1 6 5,750 6 6,900 7,900 9 1 6 5,750 6 6,900 7,900 9 1 6 5,700 9 1 6 5 1 6 1 6	2ddinying Widow(or)	4	9,900
Standard Deduction Worksheet for Dependents—Line 19 (keep for your records) Use this worksheet ONLY if someone can claim you (or your spouse if married filing jointly) as a dependent.  1. Enter the amount from Form 1040A, line 7. If none, enter 0 2. Minimum amount		1	
Head of household    1	3	2	
Standard Deduction Worksheet for Dependents—Line 19 (keep for your records) Use this worksheet ONLY if someone can claim you (or your spouse if married filing jointly) as a dependent.  I. Enter the amount from Form 1040A, line 7. If none, enter 0  I. Minimum amount  I. Minimum a	separately	3	
Standard Deduction Worksheet for Dependents—Line 19 (keep for your records) Use this worksheet ONLY if someone can claim you (or your spouse if married filling jointly) as a dependent.  I. Enter the amount from Form 1040A, line 7. If none, enter 0  I. Minimum amount I. Minimum amount I. Enter the larger of line 1 or line 2 I. Enter the larger of line 1 or line 2 I. Enter the amount shown below for your filling status:  Single, enter 4,000  Married filling separately, enter 3,350  Married filling jointly or Qualifying widow(er), enter 6,700  Head of household, enter 5,900  Standard deduction.  a. Enter the smaller of line 3 or line 4. If under 65 and not blind, stop here and enter this amount on Form 1040A, line 19. Otherwise, go to line 5b.  b. If 65 or older or blind, multiply \$1,000 (\$800 if married filling jointly or separately, or qualifying widow(er)) by the number on Form 1040A, line 18a  In the smaller of line 3 or line 4. If under 65 and not blind, stop here and enter this amount on Form 1040A, line 19. Otherwise, go to line 5b.  In the smaller of line 3 or line 4. If under 65 and not blind, stop here and enter this amount on Form 1040A, line 19. Otherwise, go to line 5b.  In the smaller of line 3 or line 4. If under 65 and not blind, stop here and enter this amount on Form 1040A, line 18a  In the smaller of line 3 or line 4. If under 65 and not blind, stop here and enter this amount on Form 1040A, line 18a  In the smaller of line 3 or line 4. If under 65 and not blind, stop here and enter this amount on Form 1040A, line 18a  In the smaller of line 3 or line 4. If under 65 and not blind, stop here and enter this amount on Form 1040A, line 18a  In the smaller of line 3 or line 4. If under 65 and not blind, stop here and enter this amount on Form 1040A, line 18a  In the smaller of line 3 or line 4. If under 65 and not blind, stop here and enter this amount on Form 1040A, line 18a		4	
Standard Deduction Worksheet for Dependents—Line 19 (keep for your records) Use this worksheet ONLY if someone can claim you (or your spouse if married filing jointly) as a dependent.  I. Enter the amount from Form 1040A, line 7. If none, enter 0  2. Minimum amount 2. Minimum amount 3. Enter the larger of line 1 or line 2 3. Enter the amount shown below for your filing status:  • Single, enter 4,000 • Married filing separately, enter 3,350 • Married filing jointly or Qualifying widow(er), enter 6,700 • Head of household, enter 5,900  5. Standard deduction.  a. Enter the smaller of line 3 or line 4. If under 65 and not blind, stop here and enter this amount on Form 1040A, line 19. Otherwise, go to line 5b  b. If 65 or older or blind, multiply \$1,000 (\$800 if married filing jointly or separately, or qualifying widow(er)) by the number on Form 1040A, line 18a	Head of household	1	
Use this worksheet ONLY if someone can claim you (or your spouse if married filing jointly) as a dependent.  I. Enter the amount from Form 1040A, line 7. If none, enter 0  I. Minimum amount  I. Minimum a		2	7,900
<ul> <li>Enter the amount shown below for your filing status:</li> <li>Single, enter 4,000</li> <li>Married filing separately, enter 3,350</li> <li>Married filing jointly or Qualifying widow(er), enter 6,700</li> <li>Head of household, enter 5,900</li> <li>Standard deduction.</li> <li>a. Enter the smaller of line 3 or line 4. If under 65 and not blind, stop here and enter this amount on Form 1040A, line 19. Otherwise, go to line 5b.</li> <li>b. If 65 or older or blind, multiply \$1,000 (\$800 if married filing jointly or separately, or qualifying widow(er)) by the number on Form 1040A, line 18a.</li> <li>5b.</li> </ul>	1. Enter the amount from Form 1040A, line 7 2. Minimum amount	. If none, enter 0	1. 2. 650.00
<ul> <li>Single, enter 4,000</li> <li>Married filing separately, enter 3,350</li> <li>Married filing jointly or Qualifying widow(er), enter 6,700</li> <li>Head of household, enter 5,900</li> <li>Standard deduction.</li> <li>a. Enter the smaller of line 3 or line 4. If under 65 and not blind, stop here and enter this amount on Form 1040A, line 19. Otherwise, go to line 5b.</li> <li>b. If 65 or older or blind, multiply \$1,000 (\$800 if married filing jointly or separately, or qualifying widow(er)) by the number on Form 1040A, line 18a.</li> <li>5b.</li> </ul>			3
Form 1040A, line 19. Otherwise, go to line 5b	<ul> <li>Single, enter 4,000</li> <li>Married filing separately, enter 3,350</li> <li>Married filing jointly or Qualifying wide</li> <li>Head of household, enter 5,900</li> </ul>		4
Form 1040A, line 19. Otherwise, go to line 5b	a. Enter the smaller of line 3 or line 4. If	under 65 and not blind, stop here and enter	this amount on
b. If 65 or older or blind, multiply \$1,000 (\$800 if married filing jointly or separately, or qualifying widow(er)) by the number on Form 1040A, line 18a			
widow(er)) by the number on Form 1040A, line 18a			

#### Line 28

#### **Total Tax**

If you owe the alternative minimum tax, include that tax in the total on line 28.

Alternative Minimum Tax. If both 1 and 2 below apply to you, use the worksheet below to see if you owe this tax and, if you do, the amount to include on line 28.

1. The amount on Form 1040A, line 17, plus any tax-exempt interest on Form 1040A, line 8b, is more than \$45,000 if married filing jointly or

- qualifying widow(er); more than \$33,750 if single or head of household; more than \$22,500 if married filing separately.
- The amount on Form 1040A, line 21, is \$10,200 or more.

Caution: If filing for a child under age 14, add the amount on Form 1040A, line 17, to the child's tax-exempt interest from private activity bonds issued after August 7, 1986. If that total is more than the total of \$1,300 plus the amount on Form 1040A, line 7, do not file this form. Instead, file Form 1040 for the child. Use Form 6251 to see if the child owes this tax.

	Alternative Minimum Tax Worksheet (keep for your records)	
1.	Enter the amount from Form 1040A, line 17, plus any tax-exempt interest from private activity bonds issued after August 7, 1986	1
2.	<ul> <li>Enter the amount shown below for your filing status:</li> <li>Single or Head of household, enter 33,750</li> <li>Married filing jointly or Qualifying widow(er), enter 45,000</li> </ul>	
3.	<ul> <li>Married filing separately, enter 22,500</li> <li>Subtract line 2 from line 1. If zero or less, stop; you do not owe this tax</li></ul>	3
4.	Subtract \$75,000 from the amount on line 1. If zero or less, enter 0 here and on line 5, and go to line 6	
5. 6. 7. 8. 9.	Multiply line 4 by 25% (.25)	6 7 8

#### Line 29a

#### Federal Income Tax Withheld

Add the amounts shown as Federal income tax withheld on your **Forms W-2** and **1099-R**. Enter the total on line 29a. The amount of Federal income tax withheld should be shown in box 2 of Form W-2 and box 4 of Form 1099-R.

If you received a 1996 Form 1099 showing Federal income tax withheld on dividends or interest income, include the amount withheld in the total on line 29a. This should be shown in box 2 of Form 1099-DIV and in box 4 of the other 1099 forms. If Federal income tax was withheld from your Alaska Permanent Fund dividends, include the tax withheld in the total on line 29a.

#### Line 29b

#### 1996 Estimated Tax Payments

Enter any payments you made on your estimated Federal income tax (Form 1040-ES) for 1996. Include

any overpayment from your 1995 return that you applied to your 1996 estimated tax.

If you and your spouse paid joint estimated tax but are now filing separate income tax returns, either of you can claim all of the amount paid. Or you can each claim part of it. See **Pub. 505** for details on how to report your payments. If you or your spouse paid separate estimated tax but you are now filing a joint income tax return, add the amounts you each paid. Follow these instructions even if your spouse died in 1996 or in 1997 before filing a 1996 return. Also, see Pub. 505 if:

- You were divorced in 1996 and you made joint estimated tax payments with your former spouse, or
- 2. You changed your name and you made estimated tax payments using your former name.

Need More Information or Forms? You can use a personal computer, fax, or phone to get what you need. See page 5.

# Line 29c

# **Earned Income Credit (EIC)**

can take this credit, answer the questions below. **But** you **cannot** take the credit if your filing status is married filing separately. If you were a nonresident alien for any part of 1996, you **cannot** take the credit

	EIC reduces the tax you owe and may give you a unless you are married to a U.S. citizen or resident and elect to be taxed as a resident for all of 1996.
	(continued)
	Questions To See If You Can Take the Earned Income Credit
If yo	u were in the military stationed outside the United States, see <b>Special Rules</b> on page 32 before you begin.
All f	filers:
1.	Is the total of lines 8a, 8b, and 9 on Form 1040A over \$2,200 (over \$2,350 if you gave a 1996 Form W-5 to your employer before June 27,1996)?
	<ul><li>No. Go to question 2.</li><li>☐ Yes. Stop. You cannot take the credit.</li></ul>
2.	Do you have at least one qualifying child (defined on page 30)?
	<ul><li>No. Skip to question 5.</li><li>☐ Yes. Go to question 3.</li></ul>
If yo	ou have at least one qualifying child:
3.	Is the total of your <b>taxable and nontaxable earned income</b> (see page 31) less than \$25,078 (less than \$28,495 if you have more than one qualifying child)? (Nontaxable earned income includes military housing and subsistence, and contributions to a 401(k) plan.)
	<ul><li>No. Stop. You cannot take the credit. Print "NO" next to line 29c.</li><li>☐ Yes. Go to question 4.</li></ul>
4.	Is the amount on Form 1040A, line 16, less than \$25,078 (less than \$28,495 if you have more than one qualifying child)?
	<ul> <li>No. Stop. You cannot take the credit.</li> <li>Yes. You can take the credit. If you want the IRS to figure it for you, stop. Print "EIC" next to line 29c and attach Schedule EIC to your return. Also, enter the amount and type of any nontaxable earned income in the space below line 29c. If you want to figure the credit yourself, stop and complete the worksheet on page 30 now.</li> </ul>
If vo	ou do not have a qualifying child:
5.	Were you (or your spouse if filing a joint return) at least age 25 but under age 65 at the end of 1996?
	<ul><li>No. Stop. You cannot take the credit. Print "NO" next to line 29c.</li><li>☐ Yes. Go to question 6.</li></ul>
6.	Can you (or your spouse if filing a joint return) be claimed as a dependent on someone else's 1996 tax return?
	<ul><li>☐ Yes. Stop. You cannot take the credit.</li><li>☐ No. Go to question 7.</li></ul>
7.	Was your home (and your spouse's if filing a joint return) in the United States for more than half of 1996?
	<ul><li>No. Stop. You cannot take the credit. Print "NO" next to line 29c.</li><li>☐ Yes. Go to question 8.</li></ul>
8.	Is the total of your <b>taxable and nontaxable earned income</b> (see page 31) less than \$9,500? (Nontaxable earned income includes military housing and subsistence, and contributions to a 401(k) plan.)
	<ul><li>No. Stop. You cannot take the credit. Print "NO" next to line 29c.</li><li>☐ Yes. Go to question 9.</li></ul>
9.	Is the amount on Form 1040A, line 16, less than \$9,500?
	<ul> <li>No. Stop. You cannot take the credit.</li> <li>Yes. You can take the credit. If you want the IRS to figure it for you, print "EIC" next to line 29c. Also, enter the amount and type of any nontaxable earned income in the space below line 29c. If you want to figure the credit yourself, complete the worksheet on page 30.</li> </ul>

You also **cannot** take the credit if you, or your spouse if filing a joint return, **(1)** were the qualifying child of another person in 1996, or **(2)** do not have a social security number (defined below). If you cannot take the credit for either of these reasons, print "NO" next to line 29c.

The credit can be as much as \$323 if you don't have a qualifying child (defined below). If you have one qualifying child, the credit can be as much as \$2,152. If you have more than one qualifying child, it can be as much as \$3,556.

**Social Security Number (SSN).** For purposes of the EIC, an SSN means a number issued by the Social Security Administration to a U.S. citizen or to a person who has permission from the Immigration and Naturalization Service to work in the United States.

#### **Qualifying Child**

A qualifying child is a child who:

- 1. Is your son, daughter, adopted child, grandchild, stepchild, or foster child, and
- 2. Was (at the end of 1996)—
  - under age 19, or
  - under age 24 and a student (see page 31), or

- any age and permanently and totally disabled (see page 31), and
- 3. Lived with you in the United States for more than half of 1996 (for all of 1996 if a foster child). If the child did not live with you for the required time, see the **Exception** on page 31.

**Caution:** The child must have an SSN (defined above) unless the child was born in December 1996 or was born and died in 1996.

A child does not always have to be your dependent to qualify. But if the child was married or is also a qualifying child of another person (other than your spouse if filing a joint return), special rules apply. See Married Child and Qualifying Child of More Than One Person on page 31.

**Example.** You are divorced and have a 7-year-old son. Although you had custody of your son, he is claimed as a dependent on his other parent's 1996 tax return. Your son is **your** qualifying child because he meets each of the three requirements listed earlier. Your son is not a qualifying child of his other parent because he did not live with the other parent for more than half of 1996 and the **Exception** on page 31 does not apply.

#### Earned Income Credit Worksheet—Line 29c (keep for your records)



Caution: If you were a household employee who did not receive a Form W-2 because your employer paid you less than \$1,000 in 1996, see **Special Rules** on page 32 before completing this worksheet. Also, see **Special Rules** if Form 1040A, line 7, includes any amount paid to an inmate in a penal institution.

	ludes any amount paid to an inmate in a penal institution.	74071, IIIIC 7,	
1.	Enter the amount from Form 1040A, line 7	1	
2.	If you received a taxable scholarship or fellowship grant that was not reported on a W-2 form, enter that amount here	2	
3.	Subtract line 2 from line 1	3	
4.	Enter any <b>nontaxable earned income</b> (see page 31). Types of nontaxable earned income include contributions to a 401(k) plan, and military housing and subsistence. These should be shown in box 13		
_	of your W-2 form		_
5.	Add lines 3 and 4	5	
6.	Look up the amount on <b>line 5</b> above in the <b>EIC Table</b> on pages <b>33–34</b> to find your credit. Enter the credit here		
	If line 6 is zero, <b>stop.</b> You <b>cannot</b> take the credit. Print "NO" next to line 29c of Form 1040A.		
7.	Enter the amount from Form 1040A, line 16	7	
8.	Is line 7 less than—		
	• \$5,300 if you do not have a qualifying child?		
	• \$11,650 if you have at least one qualifying child?		
	Yes. Go to line 9 now.		
	No. Look up the amount on line 7 above in the EIC Table on pages 33–34 to find your credit. Enter the credit here		
9.	Earned income credit.		
	• If you checked "Yes" on line 8, enter the amount from line 6.	9	
	<ul> <li>If you checked "Yes" on line 8, enter the amount from line 6.</li> <li>If you checked "No" on line 8, enter the smaller of line 6 or line 8.</li> </ul>	,. <u> </u>	
	Next: Take the amount from line 9 above and enter it on Form 1040A, line 29c.		

#### AND

If you had any nontaxable earned income (see line 4 above), enter the amount and type of that income in the spaces marked "amount" and "type" below line 29c.

#### AND

Complete Schedule EIC and attach it to your return ONLY if you have a qualifying child.

**Note:** If you included the alternative minimum tax on line 28, subtract it from the amount on line 9 above. Then, enter the result (if more than zero) on Form 1040A, line 29c. Also, replace the amount on line 9 above with the amount entered on Form 1040A, line 29c.

**Need More Information or Forms?** You can use a personal computer, fax, or phone to get what you need. See page 5.

The following explains some of the terms used earlier.

- A foster child is any child you cared for as your own child. For example, if you acted as the parent of your niece or nephew, this child is considered your foster child.
- A child placed with you by an authorized placement agency for legal adoption is an adopted child even if the adoption is not final.
- A grandchild is any descendant of your son, daughter, or adopted child. For example, a grandchild includes your great-grandchild, great-great-grandchild, etc.
- A student is a child who—
  - 1. Was enrolled as a full-time student at a school during any 5 months of 1996, or
  - Took a full-time, on-farm training course during any 5 months of 1996. The course had to be given by a school or a state, county, or local government agency.

A **school** includes technical, trade, and mechanical schools. It does not include on-the-job training courses or correspondence schools.

- A child is permanently and totally disabled if both of the following apply.
  - He or she cannot engage in any substantial gainful activity because of a physical or mental condition.
  - 2. A doctor determines the condition has lasted or can be expected to last continuously for at least a year or can lead to death.

**Exception.** The child, including a foster child, is considered to have lived with you for all of 1996 if **both** of the following apply.

- 1. The child was born or died in 1996.
- 2. Your home was the child's home for the entire time he or she was alive during 1996.

Temporary absences, such as for school, vacation, or medical care, count as time lived at home.

Married Child. If your child was married at the end of 1996, that child is a qualifying child only if you can claim him or her as your dependent on Form 1040A, line 6c. But if this child's other parent claimed him or her as a dependent under the rules on page 18 for Children of Divorced or Separated Parents, this child is your qualifying child.

Qualifying Child of More Than One Person. If a child meets the conditions to be a qualifying child of more than one person, only the person who had the **highest** modified AGI (adjusted gross income) for 1996 may

treat that child as a qualifying child. The other person(s) **cannot** claim the credit for people who do not have a qualifying child. If the other person is your spouse and you are filing a joint return, this rule does not apply. If you cannot take the credit because of this rule, print "NO" next to line 29c.

**Example.** You and your 5-year-old daughter moved in with your mother in April 1996. You are not a qualifying child of your mother. Your daughter meets the conditions to be a qualifying child for both you and your mother. Your modified AGI for 1996 was \$8,000 and your mother's was \$14,000. Because your mother's modified AGI was higher, your daughter is your mother's qualifying child. You **cannot** take any EIC, even if your mother does not claim the credit.

#### **Taxable Earned Income**

This is usually the amount reported on Form 1040A, line 7. But if line 7 includes an amount for a taxable scholarship or fellowship grant that was not reported on a W-2 form or an amount paid to an inmate in a penal institution, subtract that amount from the total on line 7. The result is your taxable earned income for purposes of the earned income credit. If you subtracted income paid to an inmate, also print "PRI" and the amount subtracted in the space to the left of line 7 of Form 1040A.

Also, if line 7 of Form 1040A includes any amount paid to a household employee who did not receive a W-2 form, see **Special Rules** on page 32.

#### Nontaxable Earned Income

Certain earned income is not taxable, but it must be included to see if you can take the earned income credit. It is also used to figure the credit. It includes anything of value (money, goods, or services) that is not taxable which you received from your employer for your work. Some examples are listed below.

- Basic quarters and subsistence allowances, the value of in-kind quarters and subsistence, and combat zone excluded pay received from the U.S. military. These amounts should be shown in box 13 of your 1996 W-2 form with code "Q."
- Housing allowances or rental value of a parsonage for clergy members.
- Meals and lodging provided for the convenience of your employer.
- Voluntary salary deferrals. If you chose to have your employer contribute part of your pay to certain retirement plans (such as a 401(k) plan or the Federal Thrift Savings Plan) instead of having it paid to you, the "Deferred compensation" box in

(continued)

box 15 of your W-2 form should be checked. The amount deferred should be shown in box 13 of your W-2 form.

- Excludable dependent care benefits from Schedule 2, line 19.
- Voluntary salary reductions, such as under a cafeteria plan, unless they are included in box 1 of your W-2 form(s). For details, see Pub. 596.



Nontaxable earned income does not include welfare benefits.

#### **Effect of Credit on Certain Welfare Benefits**

Any refund you receive as the result of claiming the earned income credit will not be used to determine if you are eligible for the following benefit programs, or how much you can receive from them.

- Aid to Families With Dependent Children (AFDC).
- Medicaid and supplemental security income (SSI).

Food stamps and low-income housing.

#### **Special Rules**

Members of the Military. If you were on extended active duty outside the United States, your home is considered to be in the United States during that duty period. See **Pub. 596** for the definition of extended active duty.

Household Employees. If you were a household employee who did not receive a W-2 form because your employer paid you less than \$1,000 in 1996, be sure to include the amount you were paid on Form 1040A, line 7. Print "HSH" and the amount not reported on a W-2 form in the space to the left of line 7.

**Inmates.** Amounts paid to inmates in penal institutions for their work are not earned income for purposes of the EIC. If the total on Form 1040A, line 7, includes such income, subtract that income from the amount on line 7. Enter the result on line 1 of the worksheet on page 30. Also, print "PRI" and the amount subtracted in the space to the left of line 7 of Form 1040A.

# 1996 Earned Income Credit (EIC) Table

Caution: This is not a tax table.

**To find your credit:** First, read down the "At least — But less than" columns and find the line that includes the amount you entered on line 5 or line 7 of the **Earned Income Credit Worksheet** on page 30. Next, read across to the column that includes the number of qualifying children you have. Then, enter the credit from that column on line 6 or line 8 of the worksheet, whichever applies.

If the amount on line 5 or		And you have—	If the amount on line 5 or	And you have—	If the amount on line 5 or	And you have—	If the amount on line 5 or	And you have—
line 7 of	eet is—	No One Tv children child child	ren worksheet is-	No One Two children children	line 7 of the worksheet is—	No One Two children	line 7 of the worksheet is—	No One Two children
At least	But less than	Your credit is—	At But less least than	Tour credit is—	At But less least than	Your credit is—	At But less least than	Your credit is—
\$1 50 100 150	\$50 100 150 200	\$2 \$9 \$1 6 26 3 10 43 5 13 60 7	3,250 3,300 3,300 3,350	251 1,114 1,310 254 1,131 1,330	6,400 6,450 6,450 6,500 6,500 6,550 6,550 6,600	231 2,152 2,590 228 2,152 2,610	11,700 11,750 11,750 11,800 11,800 11,850 11,850 11,900	0 2,134 3,532 0 2,126 3,521 0 2,118 3,511 0 2,110 3,500
200 250 300 350	250 300 350 400	17 77 9 21 94 11 25 111 13 29 128 15	3,450 3,500 3,500 3,550	266 1,182 1,390 270 1,199 1,410	6,600 6,650 6,650 6,700 6,700 6,750 6,750 6,800	216 2,152 2,670 212 2,152 2,690	11,900 11,950 11,950 12,000 12,000 12,050 12,050 12,100	0 2,102 3,490 0 2,094 3,479 0 2,086 3,469 0 2,078 3,458
400 450 500 550	450 500 550 600	33 145 17 36 162 19 40 179 21 44 196 23	3,600 3,650 3,650 3,700 3,700 3,750	277 1,233 1,450 281 1,250 1,470 285 1,267 1,490	6,800 6,850 6,850 6,900 6,900 6,950 6,950 7,000	205 2,152 2,730 201 2,152 2,750 197 2,152 2,770	12,100 12,150 12,150 12,200 12,200 12,250 12,250 12,300	0 2,070 3,448 0 2,062 3,437 0 2,054 3,426 0 2,046 3,416
600 650 700 750	650 700 750 800	48 213 25 52 230 27 55 247 29 59 264 31	3,850 3,900 3,900 3,950	296 1,318 1,550 300 1,335 1,570	7,000 7,050 7,050 7,100 7,100 7,150 7,150 7,200	186 2,152 2,830 182 2,152 2,850	12,300 12,350 12,350 12,400 12,400 12,450 12,450 12,500	0 2,038 3,405 0 2,030 3,395 0 2,022 3,384 0 2,014 3,374
800 850 900 950	850 900 950 1,000	63 281 33 67 298 35 71 315 37 75 332 39	4,050 4,100 4,100 4,150 4,150 4,200	312 1,386 1,630 316 1,403 1,650 319 1,420 1,670	7,200 7,250 7,250 7,300 7,300 7,350 7,350 7,400	170 2,152 2,910 166 2,152 2,930 163 2,152 2,950	12,500 12,550 12,550 12,600 12,600 12,650 12,650 12,700	0 2,006 3,363 0 1,998 3,353 0 1,990 3,342 0 1,982 3,332
1,000 1,050 1,100 1,150		78 349 41 82 366 43 86 383 45 90 400 47	4,250 4,300 4,300 4,350 4,350 4,400	323 1,454 1,710 323 1,471 1,730 323 1,488 1,750	7,400 7,450 7,450 7,500 7,500 7,550 7,550 7,600	155 2,152 2,990 151 2,152 3,010 147 2,152 3,030	12,700 12,750 12,750 12,800 12,800 12,850 12,850 12,900	0 1,974 3,321 0 1,966 3,311 0 1,958 3,300 0 1,950 3,290
1,200 1,250 1,300 1,350	1,250 1,300 1,350 1,400	94 417 49 98 434 51 101 451 53 105 468 55	4,450 4,500 4,500 4,550 4,550 4,600	323 1,522 1,790 323 1,539 1,810 323 1,556 1,830	7,600 7,650 7,650 7,700 7,700 7,750 7,750 7,800	140 2,152 3,070 136 2,152 3,090 132 2,152 3,110	12,900 12,950 12,950 13,000 13,000 13,050 13,050 13,100	0 1,942 3,279 0 1,934 3,269 0 1,926 3,258 0 1,918 3,247
1,400 1,450 1,500 1,550	1,450 1,500 1,550 1,600	109 485 57 113 502 59 117 519 61 120 536 63	4,650 4,700 4,700 4,750 4,750 4,800	323 1,590 1,870 323 1,607 1,890 323 1,624 1,910	7,800 7,850 7,850 7,900 7,900 7,950 7,950 8,000	124 2,152 3,150 120 2,152 3,170 117 2,152 3,190	13,100 13,150 13,150 13,200 13,200 13,250 13,250 13,300	0 1,910 3,237 0 1,902 3,226 0 1,894 3,216 0 1,886 3,205
1,600 1,650 1,700 1,750	1,650 1,700 1,750 1,800	124 553 65 128 570 67 132 587 69 136 604 71	4,850 4,900 4,900 4,950 4,950 5,000	323 1,658 1,950 323 1,675 1,970 323 1,692 1,990	8,000 8,050 8,050 8,100 8,100 8,150 8,150 8,200	109 2,152 3,230 105 2,152 3,250 101 2,152 3,270	13,300 13,350 13,350 13,400 13,400 13,450 13,450 13,500	0 1,878 3,195 0 1,870 3,184 0 1,862 3,174 0 1,854 3,163
1,800 1,850 1,900 1,950	1,850 1,900 1,950 2,000	140 621 73 143 638 75 147 655 77 151 672 79	5,050 5,100 5,100 5,150	323 1,726 2,030 323 1,743 2,050	8,200 8,250 8,250 8,300 8,300 8,350 8,350 8,400	94 2,152 3,310 90 2,152 3,330	13,500 13,550 13,550 13,600 13,600 13,650 13,650 13,700	0 1,846 3,153 0 1,838 3,142 0 1,830 3,132 0 1,822 3,121
2,000 2,050 2,100 2,150		155 689 81 159 706 83 163 723 85 166 740 87	5,250 5,300 5,300 5,350 5,350 5,400	323 1,794 2,110 319 1,811 2,130 316 1,828 2,150	8,400 8,450 8,450 8,500 8,500 8,550 8,550 8,600	78 2,152 3,390 75 2,152 3,410 71 2,152 3,430	13,700 13,750 13,750 13,800 13,800 13,850 13,850 13,900	0 1,814 3,111 0 1,806 3,100 0 1,798 3,090 0 1,790 3,079
2,200 2,250 2,300 2,350	2,300 2,350	170 757 89 174 774 91 178 791 93 182 808 95	5,450 5,500 5,500 5,550 5,550 5,600	308 1,862 2,190 304 1,879 2,210	8,600 8,650 8,650 8,700 8,700 8,750 8,750 8,800	63 2,152 3,470 59 2,152 3,490 55 2,152 3,510	13,900 13,950 13,950 14,000 14,000 14,050 14,050 14,100	0 1,782 3,068 0 1,774 3,058 0 1,766 3,047 0 1,758 3,037
2,400 2,450 2,500 2,550	2,500 2,550 2,600	186 825 97 189 842 99 193 859 1,01 197 876 1,03	5,650 5,700 5,700 5,750 5,750 5,800	293 1,930 2,270 289 1,947 2,290 285 1,964 2,310	8,800 8,850 8,850 8,900 8,900 8,950 8,950 9,000	48 2,152 3,556 44 2,152 3,556 40 2,152 3,556	14,100 14,150 14,150 14,200 14,200 14,250 14,250 14,300	0 1,750 3,026 0 1,742 3,016 0 1,734 3,005 0 1,726 2,995
2,600 2,650 2,700 2,750	2,750 2,800	201 893 1,05 205 910 1,07 208 927 1,09 212 944 1,11	5,850 5,900 5,900 5,950 5,950 6,000	277 1,998 2,350 273 2,015 2,370 270 2,032 2,390	9,000 9,050 9,050 9,100 9,100 9,150 9,150 9,200	33 2,152 3,556 29 2,152 3,556 25 2,152 3,556	14,300 14,350 14,350 14,400 14,400 14,450 14,450 14,500	0 1,718 2,984 0 1,710 2,974 0 1,702 2,963 0 1,694 2,953
2,800 2,850 2,900 2,950	2,950 3,000	216 961 1,13 220 978 1,15 224 995 1,17 228 1,012 1,19	6,050 6,100 6,100 6,150 6,150 6,200	262 2,066 2,430 258 2,083 2,450 254 2,100 2,470	9,200 9,250 9,250 9,300 9,300 9,350 9,350 9,400	17 2,152 3,556 13 2,152 3,556 10 2,152 3,556	14,500 14,550 14,550 14,600 14,600 14,650 14,650 14,700	0 1,686 2,942 0 1,678 2,932 0 1,670 2,921 0 1,662 2,911
3,000 3,050 3,100 3,150	3,150	231 1,029 1,21 235 1,046 1,23 239 1,063 1,25 243 1,080 1,27	6,250 6,300 6,300 6,350	247 2,134 2,510 243 2,152 2,530	9,400 9,450 9,450 9,500 9,500 11,650 11,650 11,700	2 2,152 3,556 0 2,152 3,556	(con	tinued)

1996 Earned	Income Credit	(EIC) Table	Continued (	Not a tax tab	e.)		
If the amount on line 5 or	And you have—	If the amount on line 5 or	And you have—	If the amount on line 5 or	And you have—	If the amount on line 5 or	And you have—
line 7 of the worksheet is—	No One Two children	line 7 of the worksheet is—	No One Two children	line 7 of the worksheet is—	No One Two children	line 7 of the worksheet is—	No One Two children
At But less least than	Your credit is—	At But less least than	Your credit is—	At But less least than	Your credit is—	At But less least than	Your credit is—
14,700 14,750	0 1,654 2,900	18,300 18,350	0 1,079 2,142	21,900 21,950	0 504 1,384	25,500 25,550	0 0 626
14,750 14,800	0 1,646 2,889	18,350 18,400	0 1,071 2,131	21,950 22,000	0 496 1,373	25,550 25,600	0 0 615
14,800 14,850	0 1,638 2,879	18,400 18,450	0 1,063 2,121	22,000 22,050	0 488 1,363	25,600 25,650	0 0 604
14,850 14,900	0 1,630 2,868	18,450 18,500	0 1,055 2,110	22,050 22,100	0 480 1,352	25,650 25,700	0 0 594
14,900 14,950	0 1,622 2,858	18,500 18,550	0 1,047 2,100	22,100 22,150	0 472 1,342	25,700 25,750	0 0 583
14,950 15,000	0 1,614 2,847	18,550 18,600	0 1,039 2,089	22,150 22,200	0 464 1,331	25,750 25,800	0 0 573
15,000 15,050	0 1,606 2,837	18,600 18,650	0 1,031 2,079	22,200 22,250	0 456 1,320	25,800 25,850	0 0 562
15,050 15,100	0 1,598 2,826	18,650 18,700	0 1,023 2,068	22,250 22,300	0 448 1,310	25,850 25,900	0 0 552
15,100 15,150	0 1,591 2,816	18,700 18,750	0 1,015 2,058	22,300 22,350	0 440 1,299	25,900 25,950	0 0 541
15,150 15,200	0 1,583 2,805	18,750 18,800	0 1,007 2,047	22,350 22,400	0 432 1,289	25,950 26,000	0 0 531
15,200 15,250	0 1,575 2,795	18,800 18,850	0 999 2,037	22,400 22,450	0 424 1,278	26,000 26,050	0 0 520
15,250 15,300	0 1,567 2,784	18,850 18,900	0 991 2,026	22,450 22,500	0 416 1,268	26,050 26,100	0 0 510
15,300 15,350	0 1,559 2,774	18,900 18,950	0 983 2,015	22,500 22,550	0 408 1,257	26,100 26,150	0 0 499
15,350 15,400	0 1,551 2,763	18,950 19,000	0 975 2,005	22,550 22,600	0 400 1,247	26,150 26,200	0 0 489
15,400 15,450	0 1,543 2,753	19,000 19,050	0 967 1,994	22,600 22,650	0 392 1,236	26,200 26,250	0 0 478
15,450 15,500	0 1,535 2,742	19,050 19,100	0 959 1,984	22,650 22,700	0 384 1,226	26,250 26,300	0 0 468
15,500 15,550	0 1,527 2,732	19,100 19,150	0 951 1,973	22,700 22,750	0 376 1,215	26,300 26,350	0 0 457
15,550 15,600	0 1,519 2,721	19,150 19,200	0 943 1,963	22,750 22,800	0 368 1,205	26,350 26,400	0 0 446
15,600 15,650	0 1,511 2,710	19,200 19,250	0 935 1,952	22,800 22,850	0 360 1,194	26,400 26,450	0 0 436
15,650 15,700 15,700 15,750	0 1,503 2,700 0 1,495 2,689	19,250 19,300 19,300 19,350	0 927 1,942 0 919 1,931	22,850 22,900 22,900 22,950	0 352 1,184 0 344 1,173	26,450 26,500 26,500 26,550	0 0 425 0 0 415
15,750 15,750 15,750 15,800 15,800 15,850	0 1,487 2,679 0 1,487 2,668	19,350 19,400 19,400 19,450	0 911 1,921 0 903 1,910	22,950 23,000 23,000 23,050	0 336 1,163 0 328 1,152	26,550 26,600 26,600 26,650	0 0 404 0 0 394
15,850 15,900	0 1,471 2,658	19,450 19,500	0 895 1,900	23,050 23,100	0 320 1,141	26,650 26,700	0 0 383
15,900 15,950	0 1,463 2,647	19,500 19,550	0 887 1,889	23,100 23,150	0 312 1,131	26,700 26,750	0 0 373
15,950 16,000	0 1,455 2,637	19,550 19,600	0 879 1,879	23,150 23,200	0 304 1,120	26,750 26,800	0 0 362
16,000 16,050	0 1,447 2,626	19,600 19,650	0 871 1,868	23,200 23,250	0 296 1,110	26,800 26,850	0 0 352
16,050 16,100	0 1,439 2,616	19,650 19,700	0 863 1,858	23,250 23,300	0 288 1,099	26,850 26,900	0 0 341
16,100 16,150	0 1,431 2,605	19,700 19,750	0 855 1,847	23,300 23,350	0 280 1,089	26,900 26,950	0 0 331
16,150 16,200	0 1,423 2,595	19,750 19,800	0 847 1,836	23,350 23,400	0 272 1,078	26,950 27,000	0 0 320
16,200 16,250	0 1,415 2,584	19,800 19,850	0 839 1,826	23,400 23,450	0 264 1,068	27,000 27,050	0 0 310
16,250 16,300	0 1,407 2,574	19,850 19,900	0 831 1,815	23,450 23,500	0 256 1,057	27,050 27,100	0 0 299
16,300 16,350	0 1,399 2,563	19,900 19,950	0 823 1,805	23,500 23,550	0 248 1,047	27,100 27,150	0 0 289
16,350 16,400	0 1,391 2,552	19,950 20,000	0 815 1,794	23,550 23,600	0 240 1,036	27,150 27,200	0 0 278
16,400 16,450	0 1,383 2,542	20,000 20,050	0 807 1,784	23,600 23,650	0 232 1,026	27,200 27,250	0 0 267
16,450 16,500	0 1,375 2,531	20,050 20,100	0 799 1,773	23,650 23,700	0 224 1,015	27,250 27,300	0 0 257
16,500 16,550	0 1,367 2,521	20,100 20,150	0 792 1,763	23,700 23,750	0 216 1,005	27,300 27,350	0 0 246
16,550 16,600	0 1,359 2,510	20,150 20,200	0 784 1,752	23,750 23,800	0 208 994	27,350 27,400	0 0 236
16,600 16,650	0 1,351 2,500	20,200 20,250	0 776 1,742	23,800 23,850	0 200 984	27,400 27,450	0 0 225
16,650 16,700	0 1,343 2,489	20,250 20,300	0 768 1,731	23,850 23,900	0 192 973	27,450 27,500	0 0 215
16,700 16,750	0 1,335 2,479	20,300 20,350	0 760 1,721	23,900 23,950	0 184 962	27,500 27,550	0 0 204
16,750 16,800	0 1,327 2,468	20,350 20,400	0 752 1,710	23,950 24,000	0 176 952	27,550 27,600	0 0 194
16,800 16,850 16,850 16,900	0 1,319 2,458 0 1,311 2,447	20,400 20,450 20,450 20,500	0 744 1,700	24,000 24,050 24,050 24,100	0 168 941	27,600 27,650 27,650 27,700	0 0 183 0 0 173
16,900 16,950	0 1,303 2,437	20,500 20,550	0 728 1,679	24,100 24,150	0 152 920	27,700 27,750	0 0 162
16,950 17,000	0 1,295 2,426	20,550 20,600	0 720 1,668	24,150 24,200	0 144 910	27,750 27,800	0 0 152
17,000 17,050	0 1,287 2,416	20,600 20,650	0 712 1,657	24,200 24,250	0 136 899	27,800 27,850	0 0 141
17,050 17,100	0 1,279 2,405	20,650 20,700	0 704 1,647	24,250 24,300	0 128 889	27,850 27,900	0 0 131
17,100 17,150	0 1,271 2,395	20,700 20,750	0 696 1,636	24,300 24,350	0 120 878	27,900 27,950	0 0 120
17,150 17,200	0 1,263 2,384	20,750 20,800	0 688 1,626	24,350 24,400	0 112 868	27,950 28,000	0 0 110
17,150 17,200 17,200 17,250 17,250 17,300	0 1,263 2,364 0 1,255 2,373 0 1,247 2,363	20,800 20,850 20,850 20,900	0 680 1,615 0 672 1,605	24,400 24,450 24,450 24,500	0 104 857 0 96 847	28,000 28,050 28,050 28,100	0 0 110 0 0 99 0 0 88
17,300 17,350	0 1,239 2,352	20,900 20,950	0 664 1,594	24,500 24,550	0 88 836	28,100 28,150	0 0 78
17,350 17,400	0 1,231 2,342	20,950 21,000	0 656 1,584	24,550 24,600	0 80 826	28,150 28,200	0 0 67
17,400 17,450	0 1,223 2,331	21,000 21,050	0 648 1,573	24,600 24,650	0 72 815	28,200 28,250	0 0 57
17,450 17,500	0 1,215 2,321	21,050 21,100	0 640 1,563	24,650 24,700	0 64 805	28,250 28,300	0 0 46 0 36
17,500 17,550	0 1,207 2,310	21,100 21,150	0 632 1,552	24,700 24,750	0 56 794	28,300 28,350	
17,550 17,600	0 1,199 2,300	21,150 21,200	0 624 1,542	24,750 24,800	0 48 783	28,350 28,400	0 0 25
17,600 17,650	0 1,191 2,289	21,200 21,250	0 616 1,531	24,800 24,850	0 40 773	28,400 28,450	0 0 15
17,650 17,700	0 1,183 2,279	21,250 21,300	0 608 1,521	24,850 24,900	0 32 762	28,450 28,495	0 0 5
17,700 17,750	0 1,175 2,268	21,300 21,350	0 600 1,510	24,900 24,950	0 24 752	28,495 or more	
17,750 17,800 17,800 17,850	0 1,167 2,258 0 1,159 2,247	21,350 21,400 21,400 21,450	0 592 1,499 0 584 1,489	24,950 25,000 25,000 25,050	0 16 741 0 8 731		
17,850 17,900 17,900 17,950	0 1,151 2,237 0 1,143 2,226	21,450 21,500 21,500 21,550	0 576 1,478 0 568 1,468	25,050 25,100 25,100 25,150	0 * 720 0 0 710	(+ T0.)	
17,950 18,000	0 1,135 2,216	21,550 21,600	0 560 1,457	25,150 25,200	0 0 699	line 7 of th	unt on line 5 or )
18,000 18,050	0 1,127 2,205	21,600 21,650	0 552 1,447	25,200 25,250	0 0 689		e worksheet is
18,050 18,100	0 1,119 2,194	21,650 21,700	0 544 1,436	25,250 25,300	0 0 678		5,050 <b>but</b> less
18,100 18,150	0 1,111 2,184	21,700 21,750	0 536 1,426	25,300 25,350	0 0 668		B, your credit is
18,150 18,200 18,200 18,250	0 1,103 2,173 0 1,095 2,163	21,750 21,800 21,800 21,850	0 528 1,415 0 520 1,405	25,350 25,400 25,400 25,450	0 0 657 0 0 647	\$2. Otherwi	se, you <b>cannot</b> he credit.
18,250 18,300	0 1,087 2,152	21,850 21,900	0 512 1,394	25,450 25,500	0 0 636	take t	in credit.

#### Line 29d

Add lines 29a, 29b, and 29c. Enter the total on line 29d. Also, include in the total on line 29d any of the following that apply.

Amount Paid With Extension of Time To File. If you filed Form 4868 to get an automatic extension of time to file, include in the total on line 29d any amount you paid with that form. To the left of line 29d, print "FORM 4868" and show the amount paid. Also, include any amount paid with Form 2688 if you filed for an additional extension.

Excess Social Security and Railroad Retirement (RRTA) Taxes Withheld. If you had more than one employer for 1996 and your total wages were over \$62,700, too much social security tax may have been withheld. If you had more than one railroad employer for 1996 and your total compensation was over \$46,500, too much RRTA tax may have been withheld. For details, including how to figure the amount to include on line 29d, see Pub. 505.

#### Refund or Amount You Owe

#### Line 30

#### **Amount Overpaid**

If line 30 is under \$1, we will send the refund only if you request it when you file your return.



If the amount you overpaid is large, you may want to decrease the amount of income tax withheld from your pay. See Income Tax Withholding and Estimated Tax Payments for 1997 on page 37.

Injured Spouse Claim. If you file a joint return and your spouse has not paid child or spousal support payments or certain Federal debts such as student loans, all or part of the overpayment on line 30 may be used to pay the past-due amount. But your part of the overpayment may be refunded to you if certain conditions apply and you complete and attach Form 8379. For details, use Tele-Tax topic 203 (see page 42) or see Form 8379. If you file Form 8379, you cannot request direct deposit.

#### Lines 31b Through 31d

### **Direct Deposit of Refund**

Complete lines 31b through 31d if you want us to directly deposit the amount shown on line 31a into your account at a bank or other financial institution instead of sending you a check.

#### Why Use Direct Deposit?

- You get your refund faster.
- Payment is more secure—there is no check to get lost.

?

**Need More Information or Forms?** You can use a personal computer, fax, or phone to get what you need. See page 5.

- More convenient. No trip to the bank to deposit your check.
- Saves tax dollars. A refund by direct deposit costs less than a check.



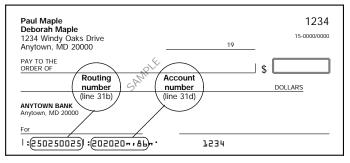
You can check with your financial institution to make sure your direct deposit will be accepted and to get the correct routing number and account number.

**Line 31b.** The routing number **must** be **nine** digits. If the first two digits are not 01 through 12 or 21 through 32, the direct deposit will be rejected and a check sent instead. On the sample check below, the routing number is 250250025.

Your check may state that it is payable through a bank different from the financial institution at which you have your checking account. If so, do not use the routing number on that check. Instead, contact your financial institution for the correct routing number to enter on this line.

**Line 31d.** The account number can be up to 17 characters (both numbers and letters). Include hyphens but omit spaces and special symbols. Enter the number from left to right and leave any unused boxes blank. On the sample check below, the account number is 20202086.

**Caution:** Some financial institutions will not allow a joint refund to be deposited into an individual account. The IRS is not responsible if a financial institution refuses a direct deposit.



**Note:** The routing and account numbers may appear in different places on your check.

#### Line 32

### **Amount Applied to 1997 Estimated Tax**

Enter on line 32 the amount, if any, of the overpayment on line 30 you want applied to your estimated tax for 1997. We will apply this amount to your account unless you attach a statement requesting us to apply it to your spouse's account. Include your spouse's social security number. This election to apply part or all of the amount overpaid to your 1997 estimated tax cannot be changed later.

#### Line 33

#### **Amount You Owe**

Include any estimated tax penalty from line 34 in the amount you enter on line 33. Enclose in the envelope with your return a check or money order payable to the Internal Revenue Service for the full amount when you file. **Do not** send cash. **Do not** attach the payment to your return. Write "1996 Form 1040A" and your name, address, daytime phone number, and social security number (SSN) on your payment. If you are filling a joint return, enter the SSN shown first on your tax return. You do not have to pay if line 33 is under \$1.

**Do not** include any estimated tax payment in your check or money order. Mail any estimated tax payment in an envelope separate from the one you use to pay the tax due on Form 1040A.

**Paying Electronically.** If you want, you can use the Electronic Federal Tax Payment System (EFTPS) to pay the amount you owe. For EFTPS information, call 1-800-945-8400 or 1-800-555-4477.



If you owe tax for 1996, you may need to (a) increase the amount of income tax withheld from your pay or (b) make estimated tax payments for 1997. See Income Tax Withholding and Estimated Tax Payments for 1997 on page 37.

#### **Installment Payments**

If you cannot pay the full amount shown on line 33 with your return, you may ask to make monthly installment payments. However, you will be charged interest and may be charged a late payment penalty on the tax not paid by April 15, 1997, even if your request to pay in installments is granted. You must also pay a fee. To limit the interest and penalty charges, pay as much of the tax as possible when you file. But before requesting an installment agreement, you should consider other less costly alternatives, such as a bank loan.

To ask for an installment agreement, use **Form 9465.** You should receive a response to your request for installments within 30 days. But if you file your return after March 31, it may take us longer to reply.

#### Line 34

#### **Estimated Tax Penalty**

You may owe this penalty if:

- Line 33 (minus line 27) is at least \$500 and it is more than 10% of the tax shown on your return, or
- You did not pay enough estimated tax by any of the due dates. This is true even if you are due a refund.

The "tax shown on your return" is the amount on line 28 minus the total of any amounts shown on lines 27 and 29c

**Exceptions to the Penalty.** You will not owe the penalty if your 1995 tax return was for a tax year of 12 full months AND **either** of the following applies:

 You had no tax liability for 1995 and you were a U.S. citizen or resident for all of 1995, or 2. The total of lines 29a and 29b on your 1996 return is at least as much as the tax liability shown on your 1995 return. Your estimated tax payments for 1996 must have been made on time and for the required amount.

**Caution:** If your 1996 filing status is married filing separately and your 1995 adjusted gross income was over \$75,000, item 2 above may not apply. For details, see **Form 2210** and its instructions.

Figuring the Penalty. If the Exceptions above do not apply and you choose to figure the penalty yourself, see Form 2210 to find out if you owe the penalty. If so, you can use the form to figure the amount. In certain situations, you may be able to lower your penalty. For details, see the Instructions for Form 2210. Enter the penalty on Form 1040A, line 34. Add the penalty to any tax due and enter the total on line 33. If you are due a refund, subtract the penalty from the overpayment you show on line 30. Do not file Form 2210 with your return unless Form 2210 indicates that you must do so. Instead, keep it for your records.



Because Form 2210 is complicated, if you want to you can leave line 34 blank and the IRS will figure the penalty and send you a bill. We will not charge you interest on the penalty if you pay by the date specified on the bill.

# Sign Your Return

Form 1040A is not considered a valid return unless you sign it. If you are filing a joint return, your spouse must also sign. Be sure to date your return and enter your occupation(s). If you are filing a joint return as a surviving spouse, see **What if a Taxpayer Died?** on page 8.

**Child's Return.** If your child cannot sign the return, either parent can sign the child's name in the space provided. Then, add "By (your signature), parent for minor child."

Paid Preparers Must Sign Your Return. Generally, anyone you pay to prepare your return must sign it by hand in the space provided. Signature stamps or labels cannot be used. The preparer must give you a copy of the return for your records. Someone who prepares your return but does not charge you should not sign your return.

# **Attach Required Forms and Schedules**

Attach the first copy or Copy B of Form(s) W-2 to the front of Form 1040A. Attach all other schedules and forms behind Form 1040A in order by number. If you are filing Schedule EIC, put it last. **Do not** attach items unless required to do so.



If you received a 1996 Form 1099-R showing Federal income tax withheld, also attach the first copy or Copy B of that form to the front of Form 1040A.

If you owe tax and are sending in your payment, **do not** attach it to Form 1040A. Instead, place it loose inside the envelope.

# Section 4—General Information

What Should I Do If I Move? If you move after you file, always notify in writing the Internal Revenue Service Center where you filed your last return, or the Chief, Taxpayer Service Division, at your local IRS district office. You can use Form 8822 to notify us of your new address. If you are expecting a refund, also notify the post office serving your old address. This will help forward your check to your new address.

How Long Should I Keep My Tax Return? Keep a copy of your tax return, worksheets you used, and records of all items appearing on it (such as W-2 and 1099 forms) until the statute of limitations runs out for that return. Usually, this is 3 years from the date the return was due or filed, or 2 years from the date the tax was paid, whichever is later. You should keep some records longer. For example, keep property records (including those on your home) as long as they are needed to figure the basis of the original or replacement property. For more details, see Pub. 552.

Income Tax Withholding and Estimated Tax
Payments for 1997. If the amount you owe or the amount you overpaid is large, you may want to file a new Form W-4 with your employer to change the amount of income tax withheld from your 1997 pay. In general, you do not have to make estimated tax payments if you expect that your 1997 tax return will show a tax refund OR a tax balance due the IRS of less than \$500. If your total estimated tax (including any alternative minimum tax) for 1997 is \$500 or more, see Form 1040-ES. It has a worksheet you can use to see if you have to make estimated tax payments. See Pub. 505 for more details.

How Do I Amend My Tax Return? File Form 1040X to change a return you already filed. Generally, Form 1040X must be filed within 3 years after the date the original return was filed, or within 2 years after the date the tax was paid, whichever is later.

What Are My Rights as a Taxpayer? You have the right to be treated fairly, professionally, promptly, and courteously by IRS employees. Our goal at the IRS is to protect your rights so that you will have the highest confidence in the integrity, efficiency, and fairness of our tax system. To ensure that you always receive such treatment, you should know about the many rights you have at each step of the tax process. For details, see **Pub. 1**.

How Do I Make a Gift To Reduce the Public Debt? If you wish to do so, make a check payable to "Bureau of the Public Debt." You can send it to: Bureau of the Public Debt, Department G, Washington, DC 20239-0601. Or, you can enclose the check with your income tax return when you file.



If you itemize your deductions for 1997, you may be able to deduct this gift.

# Other Ways To Get Help

Send Your Written Questions to the IRS. You may send your written tax questions to your IRS District Director. You should get an answer in about 30 days. If you do not have the address, call us. See page 41 for the number.

Assistance With Your Return. Many IRS offices can help you prepare your return. An assister will explain a Form 1040EZ, 1040A, or 1040 with Schedules A and B to you and other taxpayers in a group setting. You may also be able to file your return electronically by computer free of charge at many IRS offices. To find the IRS office nearest you, look in the phone book under "United States Government, Internal Revenue Service" or call us. See page 41 for the number.

Volunteer Income Tax Assistance (VITA) and Tax Counseling for the Elderly (TCE). These programs help older, disabled, low-income, and non-English-speaking people fill in their returns. For details, call us. See page 41 for the number. If you received a Federal income tax package in the mail, take it with you when you go for help. Also take a copy of your 1995 tax return if you have it.

**On-Line Services.** You can file your return and get tax information from many on-line services. If you subscribe to an on-line service, ask if on-line filing or tax information is available.

**Videotape.** Videotaped instructions for completing your return are available in English and Spanish at many libraries.

Large-Print Forms and Instructions. Pub. 1615 has large-print copies of Form 1040A, Schedules 1, 2, 3, and EIC, and their instructions. You can use the large-print form and schedules as worksheets to figure your tax, but you cannot file on them. You can get Pub. 1615 by phone or mail. See page 5.

**Help for People With Disabilities.** Telephone help is available using TTY/TDD equipment. See page 41 for the number to call.

Braille materials are available at libraries that have special services for people with disabilities.

Help With Unresolved Tax Issues. The Problem Resolution Program is for people who have been unable to resolve their problems with the IRS. If you have a tax problem you cannot clear up through normal channels, write to your local IRS District Director or call your local IRS office and ask for Problem Resolution assistance. People who have access to TTY/TDD equipment may call 1-800-829-4059 to ask for help from Problem

Resolution. This office cannot change the tax law or technical decisions. But it can help you clear up problems that resulted from previous contacts. For more details, use Tele-Tax topic 104 (see page 42) or see **Pub. 1546.** 

You can order the following items from the IRS or get them at participating post offices or libraries. Form 1040

Instructions for Form 1040 & Schedules

Schedule A for itemized deductions

**Schedule B** for interest and dividend income if over \$400, and for answering the foreign accounts or foreign trusts questions

**Schedule EIC** qualifying child information for the earned income credit

### Form 1040A

Instructions for Form 1040A & Schedules

Schedule 1 for Form 1040A filers to report interest and dividend income

**Schedule 2** for Form 1040A filers to report child and dependent care expenses

### Form 1040EZ

Instructions for Form 1040EZ

You can photocopy the following items (as well as those listed above) at participating libraries or order them from the IRS. See page 5.

**Schedule 3,** Credit for the Elderly or the Disabled for Form 1040A Filers

Schedule C, Profit or Loss From Business

Schedule C-EZ, Net Profit From Business

Schedule D, Capital Gains and Losses

Schedule E, Supplemental Income and Loss

Schedule F, Profit or Loss From Farming

Schedule H, Household Employment Taxes

Schedule R, Credit for the Elderly or the Disabled

Schedule SE, Self-Employment Tax

Form 1040-ES, Estimated Tax for Individuals

Form 1040-V, Payment Voucher

Form 1040X, Amended U.S. Individual Income Tax Return

Form 2106, Employee Business Expenses

**Form 2106-EZ**, Unreimbursed Employee Business Expenses

Form 2119, Sale of Your Home

Form 2210, Underpayment of Estimated Tax by Individuals, Estates, and Trusts

Form 2441, Child and Dependent Care Expenses

Form 3903, Moving Expenses

Form 4562, Depreciation and Amortization

**Form 4868**, Application for Automatic Extension of Time To File U.S. Individual Income Tax Return

Form 5329, Additional Taxes Attributable to Qualified Retirement Plans (Including IRAs), Annuities, and Modified Endowment Contracts

Form 8283, Noncash Charitable Contributions

Form 8582, Passive Activity Loss Limitations

Form 8606, Nondeductible IRAs (Contributions, Distributions, and Basis)

Form 8822, Change of Address

Form 8829, Expenses for Business Use of Your Home

Pub. 1, Your Rights as a Taxpayer

Pub. 17, Your Federal Income Tax

Pub. 334, Tax Guide for Small Business

**Pub. 463**, Travel, Entertainment, Gift, and Car Expenses

Pub. 501, Exemptions, Standard Deduction, and Filing Information

Pub. 502, Medical and Dental Expenses

Pub. 505, Tax Withholding and Estimated Tax

Pub. 508, Educational Expenses

Pub. 521, Moving Expenses

Pub. 523, Selling Your Home

Pub. 525, Taxable and Nontaxable Income

Pub. 527, Residential Rental Property (Including Rental of Vacation Homes)

Pub. 529, Miscellaneous Deductions

Pub. 550, Investment Income and Expenses

Pub. 554, Older Americans' Tax Guide

Pub. 575, Pension and Annuity Income

Pub. 590, Individual Retirement Arrangements (IRAs)

Pub. 596, Earned Income Credit

Pub. 910, Guide to Free Tax Services (includes a list of publications)

Pub. 926, Household Employer's Tax Guide

Pub. 929, Tax Rules for Children and Dependents

Pub. 936, Home Mortgage Interest Deduction

# **Order Blank for Forms and Publications**

For faster ways of getting the items you need, see page 5.

# How To Use the Order Blank

- Cut the order blank on the dotted line and be sure to print or type your name accurately in the space provided.
- **2.** Circle the items you need. Use the blank spaces to order items not listed. If you need more space,
- attach a separate sheet of paper listing the additional items you need. To help reduce waste, please order only the items you need to prepare your return. We will send you two copies of each form and one copy of each set of instructions or publication you circle.
- 3. Enclose the order blank in your own envelope and send it to the IRS address shown on the next page. Do not use the envelope we sent you in your tax package because this envelope may be used only for filing your income tax return. You should receive your order or notification of its status within 7 to 15 workdays after we receive your request.

Detach at this line

### Order Blank

Name

Fill in your name and address

Number, street, and apt. number

City, town or post office, state, and ZIP code

Circle the forms, instructions, and publications you need



The items i	n bold may l	be picked up	at many po	st offices an	d libraries.		
1040	Schedule F (1040)	Schedule 3 (1040A) & instructions	2119 & instructions	8582 & instructions	Pub. 501	Pub. 529	Pub. 929
Instructions for 1040 & Schedules	Schedule H (1040) & instructions	1040EZ	2210 & instructions	8606 & instructions	Pub. 502	Pub. 550	Pub. 936
Schedules A&B (1040)	Schedule R (1040) & instructions	Instructions for 1040EZ	2441 & instructions	8822 & instructions	Pub. 505	Pub. 554	
Schedule C (1040)	Schedule SE (1040)	1040-ES & instructions (1997)	3903 & instructions	8829 & instructions	Pub. 508	Pub. 575	
Schedule C-EZ (1040)	1040A	1040-V & instructions	4562 & instructions	Pub. 1	Pub. 521	Pub. 590	
Schedule D (1040)	Instructions for 1040A & Schedules	1040X & instructions	4868 & instructions	Pub. 17	Pub. 523	Pub. 596	
Schedule E (1040)	Schedule 1 (1040A)	2106 & instructions	5329 & instructions	Pub. 334	Pub. 525	Pub. 910	
Schedule EIC (1040A or 1040)	Schedule 2 (1040A)	2106-EZ & instructions	8283 & instructions	Pub. 463	Pub. 527	Pub. 926	

# Where Do I Send My Order for Free Forms and Publications?

Caution: Do not send your tax return to any of the addresses listed below. Instead, see Where Do I File? on the back cover.



If you live in:	Send your order blank to:
Alaska, Arizona, California, Colorado, Hawaii, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Oregon, Utah, Washington, Wyoming, Guam, Northern Marianas, American Samoa	Western Area Distribution Center Rancho Cordova, CA 95743-0001
Alabama, Arkansas, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Wisconsin	Central Area Distribution Center P.O. Box 8903 Bloomington, IL 61702-8903
Connecticut, Delaware, District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Vermont, Virginia, West Virginia	Eastern Area Distribution Center P.O. Box 85074 Richmond, VA 23261-5074

Foreign Addresses—Taxpayers with mailing addresses in foreign countries should send the order blank to either: Eastern Area Distribution Center, P.O. Box 25866, Richmond, VA 23286-8107; or Western Area Distribution Center, Rancho Cordova, CA 95743-0001, whichever is closer. Send letter requests for other forms and publications to: Eastern Area Distribution Center, P.O. Box 25866, Richmond, VA 23286-8107.

Puerto Rico—Eastern Area Distribution Center, P.O. Box 25866, Richmond, VA 23286-8107

Virgin Islands—V.I. Bureau of Internal Revenue, 9601 Estate Thomas, Charlotte Amalie, St. Thomas, VI 00802

# Calling the IRS

If you cannot answer your question by using one of the methods listed on page 5, please call us for assistance. You will not be charged for the call unless your phone company charges you for local calls. This service is available Monday through Friday from 7:30 a.m. to 5:30 p.m. (hours in Alaska and Hawaii may vary).

If you want to check on the status of your 1996 refund, call Tele-Tax. See page 42 for the number.

## Before You Call

IRS representatives care about the quality of the service we provide to you, our customer. You can help us provide accurate, complete answers to your questions by having the following information available:

- The tax form, schedule, or notice to which your question relates.
- 2. The facts about your particular situation. The answer to the same question often varies from one taxpayer to another because of differences in their age, income, whether they can be claimed as a dependent, etc.
- 3. The name of any IRS publication or other source of information that you used to look for the answer.

# Making the Call

Find the correct number by using the chart below. If you have a pulse or rotary dial phone, stay on the line and one of our assisters will answer your call.

If you have a touch-tone telephone, press 1 to enter our automated telephone system. You can press the number for your topic as soon as you hear it. Selecting the correct topic helps us serve you faster and more efficiently. The system allows you to select from the following topics.

- For questions about a notice, letter, or bill you received.
- To order tax forms or publications.
- For questions about your refund, a tax return you filed, or your tax records.
- For questions about your taxes, or about preparing a tax return.
- For questions about business or employment taxes.

# Before You Hang Up

If you do not fully understand the answer you receive, or you feel our representative may not fully understand your question, our representative needs to know this. The representative will be happy to take the additional time required to be sure he or she has answered your question fully so that it is most helpful to you.

By law, you are responsible for paying your share of Federal income tax. If we should make an error in answering your question, you are still responsible for the payment of the correct tax. Should this occur, however, you will not be charged any penalty. To make sure that IRS representatives give accurate and courteous answers, a second IRS representative sometimes listens in on telephone calls. No record is kept of any taxpayer's identity.

# Choosing the Right Number

- If a number is listed below that is a local call for you, please use that number.
- If a number is not listed below for your local calling area, please call 1-800-829-1040.



California Oakland, 510-839-1040

Colorado Denver, 303-825-7041

Florida Jacksonville, 904-354-1760 Buffalo, 716-685-5432

Georgia Atlanta, 404-522-0050

Maryland Baltimore, 410-962-2590 Massachusetts

Boston, 617-536-1040

Missouri St. Louis, 314-342-1040

New York

Cincinnati, 513-621-6281

Cleveland, 216-522-3000

Oregon Portland, 503-221-3960 Pennsylvania

Philadelphia, 215-574-9900 Pittsburgh, 412-281-0112

Puerto Rico San Juan Metro Area, 809-766-5040

Tennessee Nashville, 615-834-9005 Texas

Dallas, 214-742-2440 Houston, 713-541-0440

Virginia Richmond, 804-698-5000

Washington Seattle, 206-442-1040

### TTY/TDD Help

All areas in U.S., including Alaska, Hawaii, Virgin Islands, and Puerto Rico: 1-800-829-4059 Note: This number is answered by TTY/TDD

# equipment only. Hours of TTY/TDD Operation

8:00 a.m. to 6:30 p.m. EST (Jan. 1-April 5)

9:00 a.m. to 7:30 p.m. EDT (April 6–April 15)

9:00 a.m. to 5:30 p.m. EDT (April 16-Oct. 25)

8:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. EST (Oct. 26-Dec. 31)

### What Is Tele-Tax?

Tele-Tax allows you to get:

**Refund information.** Check the status of your 1996 refund.

**Recorded tax information.** There are about 150 topics that answer many Federal tax questions. You can listen to up to three topics on each call you make.

# How Do I Use Tele-Tax?

# **Refund Information**

Be sure to have a copy of your 1996 tax return available because you will need to know the first social security number shown on your return, the filing status, and the **exact** whole-dollar amount of your refund.

Then, call the appropriate phone number listed below and follow the recorded instructions.



The IRS updates refund information every 7 days. If you call to check the status of your refund and are not given the date it will be issued, please wait 7 days before calling back.

Touch-tone service is generally available Monday through Friday from 7:00 a.m. to 11:30 p.m. Rotary or pulse service is generally available Monday through Friday from 7:30 a.m. to 5:30 p.m. (Hours may vary in your area.)

### **Recorded Tax Information**

A complete list of topics is on the next page. Touch-tone service is available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. Rotary or pulse service is generally available Monday through Friday from 7:30 a.m. to 5:30 p.m. (Hours in Alaska and Hawaii may vary.)

Select the number of the topic you want to hear. Then, call the appropriate phone number listed below. Have paper and pencil handy to take notes.

# **Topics by Fax or Personal Computer**

Tele-Tax topics are also available by a fax machine or a personal computer and modem. See page 5.

# Choosing the Right Number

- If a number is listed below that is a local call for you, please use that number.
- If a number is not listed below for your local calling area, please call 1-800-829-4477.



## Arizona

Phoenix, 602-640-3933

### California

Oakland, 510-839-4245

### Colorado

Denver, 303-592-1118

## **District of Columbia**

202-628-2929

# Florida

Jacksonville, 904-355-2000

# Georgia

Atlanta, 404-331-6572

#### Illinois

Chicago, 312-886-9614

### Indiana

Indianapolis, 317-377-0001

### Maryland

Baltimore, 410-244-7306

# Massachusetts

Boston, 617-536-0709

# Missouri

St. Louis, 314-241-4700

## **New York**

Buffalo, 716-685-5533

#### Ohio

Cincinnati, 513-421-0329 Cleveland, 216-522-3037

### Oregon

Portland, 503-294-5363

# Pennsylvania

Philadelphia, 215-627-1040 Pittsburgh, 412-261-1040

### Tennessee

Nashville, 615-781-5040

#### Texas

Dallas, 214-767-1792 Houston, 713-541-3400

# Virginia

Richmond, 804-783-1569

### Washington

Seattle, 206-343-7221

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Topi	<u> </u>	305	Recordkeeping	A	djustments to Income	658	We changed your		ax Information for
No.	Subject  IRS Help Available	306	Penalty for underpayment of		Individual retirement arrangements (IRAs)	659	account (Refund) CP12—We changed	Ali	ens and U.S. Citizens Living Abroad
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101	Volunteer tax	308	Amended returns	453	Bad debt deduction	660	CP22A—We changed	852	Dual-status alien
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	assistance, and outreach programs	310	Power of attorney	455	Itemized Deductions	De	Basis of Assets, preciation, and Sale of	854	exclusion—General Foreign earned income
102	Tax assistance for individuals with	999	information Local information	501	Should I itemize?	701	Assets Sale of your home—		exclusion—Who qualifies?
	disabilities and the			502	Medical and dental	701	General	855	Foreign earned income
103	hearing impaired Small Business Tax	1	Filing Requirements, Filing Status, and	503	expenses Deductible taxes	702	Sale of your home—How		exclusion—What qualifies?
103	Education Program		Exemptions	504	Home mortgage points	703	to report gain Sale of your home—	856	Foreign tax credit
	(STEP)—Tax help for small businesses	351	Who must file?	505	Interest expense	100	Exclusion of gain, age	T	ax Information for
104	Problem Resolution	352	Which form—1040, 1040A, or 1040EZ?	506	Contributions	704	55 and over	Pu	erto Rico Residents
	Program—Help for problem situations	353	What is your filing	507	Casualty losses	704	Basis of assets Depreciation	001	(in Spanish)
105	Public libraries—Tax		status?	508 509	Miscellaneous expenses Business use of home	706	Installment sales	901	Who must file a U.S. income tax return in
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	reproducible tax forms	356	Decedents	511	Business travel		Information	902	Deductions and credits for Puerto Rico filers
	IRS Procedures			-10	expenses	751		903	Federal employment
151	Your appeal rights	401	Types of Income	512	Business entertainment expenses		Medicare withholding rates		taxes in Puerto Rico
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	haven't filed your tax return (Nonfilers)	404	Dividends	515	expenses Disaster area losses	753	Form W-4—Employee's withholding allowance	Oth	Spanish
154	Form W-2—What to do	405	Refunds of state and	313			certificate	951	IRS services—
	if not received	406	local taxes Alimony received		Tax Computation	754	Form W-5—Advance earned income credit		Volunteer tax assistance, toll-free
155	Forms and publications—How to	407	Business income	551 552	Standard deduction Tax and credits figured	755	Employer identification		telephone, walk-in
	order	408	Sole proprietorship	332	by IRS		number (EIN)—How to		assistance, and outreach programs
156	Copy of your tax return—How to get one	409	Capital gains and losses	553	Tax on a child's	756	apply Employment taxes for	952	Refunds—How long
157	Change of address—	410	Pensions and annuities	554	investment income Self-employment tax	100	household employees	050	they should take
	How to notify IRS	411	Pensions—The general rule and the simplified	555	Five- or ten-year tax	757	Form 941—Deposit requirements	953	Forms and publications—How to
911	Hardship assistance applications		general rule		options for lump-sum distributions	758	Form 941—Employer's		order
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901		413	Rollovers from retirement plans		tax	759	Return Form 940/940-EZ—	955	Who must file?
201 202	The collection process What to do if you can't	414	Rental income and		Tax Credits	100	Deposit requirements	956	Which form to use?
~~~	pay your tax	415	expenses  Ponting vacation	601	Earned income credit	760	Form 940/940-EZ— Employer's Annual	957	What is your filing status?
203	Failure to pay child	413	Renting vacation property and renting to	000	(EIC)		Federal Unemployment	958	Social security and
	support and other Federal obligations	410	relatives	602	Child and dependent care credit	701	Tax Return		equivalent railroad
204	Offers in compromise	416	Farming and fishing income	603	Credit for the elderly or	761	Form 945—Annual Return of Withheld	959	retirement benefits Earned income credit
	Alternative Filing	417	Earnings for clergy	604	the disabled Advance earned income	760	Federal Income Tax		(EIC)
	Methods	418	Unemployment	004	credit	762	Tips—Withholding and reporting	960	Advance earned income credit
251	1040PC tax return	419	compensation Gambling income and	II	RS Notices and Letters		Magnetic Media	961	Alien tax clearance
252 253	Electronic filing Substitute tax forms		expenses		Notices—What to do		ilers—1099 Series and		
254	How to choose a tax	420	Bartering income		Notice of underreported	]	Related Information Returns		
	preparer	421	Scholarship and fellowship grants	050	income—CP 2000		or electronic filing of		
255	TeleFile	422	Nontaxable income	653	IRS notices and bills and penalty and	inc	lividual returns, listen to topic 252.)		
•	General Information	423	Social security and		interest charges	801	Who must file		
301	When, where, and how		equivalent railroad retirement benefits	654	Notice of change to return		magnetically		
302	to file Highlights of tax	424	401(k) plans	655	We changed your	802	Applications, forms, and information		
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303	Checklist of common		Losses and credits	656	CP11—Notice of change to return	804	Test files and combined		
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304	Extensions of time to file your tax return				return—amount due IRS	803	information returns		ic numbers are ctive January 1, <sup>7</sup> .

# Section 5—1996 Tax Table

# For persons with taxable incomes of less than \$50,000

**Example.** Mr. and Mrs. Green are filing a joint return. Their taxable income on line 22 of Form 1040A is \$23,250. First, they find the \$23,250–23,300 income line. Next, they find the column for married filing jointly and read down the column. The amount shown where the income line and filing status column meet is \$3,491. This is the tax amount they should enter on line 23 of Form 1040A.

At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly *	filing sepa-	Head of a house- hold	
			Your ta	ax is—		
	23,250 23,300	3,484 3,491	3,484 (3,491)	3,897 3,911	3,484 3,491	
23,300	23,350 23,400	3,499 3,506	3,499 3,506	3,925 3,939	3,499 3,506	

If Form	orm 1040A, 22, is— And you are—			1040A, is—		And yo	u are—		If Form 1040A, line 22, is—			And yo	u are—				
At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly	Married filing sepa- rately	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single	filing jointly	Married filing sepa- rately	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly	Married filing sepa- rately	Head of a house- hold
				ax is—					Your ta						our tax		
0 5 15	15 25	0 2 3		0 2 3	0 2 3	1,300 1,325 1,350 1,375	1,325 1,350 1,375	197 201 204 208	197 201 204 208	197 201 204 208	197 201 204 208	2,700 2,725 2,750 2,775	2,725 2,750 2,775 2,800	407 411 414 418		407 411 414 418	407 411 414 418
25 50 75	75	6 9 13	6 9 13	6 9 13	6 9 13	1,400 1,425 1,450	1,400 1,425 1,450 1,475	212 216 216 219	212	212 216 219	212 216 219	2,800 2,825	2,825 2,850	422 426	422 426	422 426	422 426
100 125 150	150 175	17 21 24	17 21 24	17 21 24	17 21 24	1,475 1,500 1,525	1,500 1,525 1,550	223 227 227 231	223 227 231	223 227 231	223 227 231	2,850 2,875 2,900	2,875 2,900 2,925	429 433 437	433 437	429 433 437	429 433 437
175 200 225	225 250	28 32 36	28 32 36	28 32 36	28 32 36	1,550 1,575 1,600	1,530 1,575 1,600 1,625	234 238 242	234 238	234 238 242	234 238	2,925 2,950 2,975	3,000	441 444 448		441 444 448	441 444 448
250 275		39 43	39 43	39 43	39 43	1,625	1,650	246	246	246	246	3,0	000				
300 325 350	325 350 375	47 51 54	47 51 54	47 51 54	47 51 54	1,650 1,675 1,700 1,725	1,675 1,700 1,725 1,750	249 253 257 261	249 253 257 261	249 253 257 261	249 253 257 261	3,000 3,050 3,100 3,150	3,100	454 461 469 476	461 469	454 461 469 476	454 461 469 476
375 400 425 450	425 450	58 62 66 69	58 62 66 69	58 62 66 69	58 62 66 69	1,750 1,775 1,800 1,825	1,775 1,800 1,825 1,850	264 268 272 276		264 268 272 276	264 268 272 276	3,200 3,250 3,300	3,250 3,300 3,350	484 491 499		484 491 499	484 491 499
475 500 525	500 525 550	73 77 81	73 77 81	73 77 81	73 77 81	1,850 1,875 1,900	1,830 1,875 1,900 1,925	279 279 283 287	279 283 287	279 283 287	279 283 287	3,350 3,400 3,450 3,500	3,400 3,450 3,500 3,550	506 514 521 529	514 521	506 514 521 529	506 514 521 529
550 575 600	600 625	84 88 92	84 88 92	84 88 92	84 88 92	1,925 1,950 1,975	1,950 1,975 2,000	291 294 298	291 294 298	291 294 298	291 294 298	3,550 3,600 3,650	3,600 3,650 3,700	536 544 551	536	536 544 551	536 544 551
625 650 675	675 700	96 99 103	96 99 103	96 99 103	96 99 103	2,000	2,025	302	302	302	302	3,700 3,750		559 566	559 566	559 566	559 566
700 725 750 775	750 775	107 111 114 118	107 111 114 118	107 111 114 118	107 111 114 118	2,025 2,050 2,075	2,050 2,075 2,100	306 309 313	306 309 313	306 309 313	306 309 313	3,800 3,850 3,900 3,950	3,900 3,950	574 581 589 596		574 581 589 596	574 581 589 596
800		122	122	122	122	2,100 2,125	2,125 2,150	317 321	317 321	317 321	317 321	4,0	000				
825 850 875	850 875	126 129 133	126 129 133	126 129 133	126 129 133	2,150 2,175 2,200	2,175 2,200 2,225	324 328 332	324 328 332	324 328 332	324 328 332	4,000 4,050 4,100		604 611 619	611	604 611 619	604 611 619
900 925 950 975	950 975	137 141 144 148	137 141 144 148	137 141 144 148	137 141 144 148		2,250 2,275 2,300	336 339 343	336 339 343	336 339 343	336 339 343	4,150 4,200 4,250	4,200 4,250 4,300 4,350	626 634 641		626 634 641	626 634 641
	000	140	140	140	140	2,300 2,325 2,350	2,325 2,350	347 351	347 351	347 351	347 351	4,250 4,300 4,350	4,350 4,400	649 656		649 656	649 656
						2,350 2,375	2,375 2,400	354 358	354 358	354 358	354	4,400	4,450	664		664	664
1,000 1,025 1,050 1,075	1,025 1,050 1,075 1,100	152 156 159 163	152 156 159 163	152 156 159 163	152 156 159 163	2,400 2,425 2,450	2,425 2,450 2,475	362 366 369	362 366 369	362 366 369	362 366 369	4,450 4,500 4,550	4,500 4,550 4,600	671 679 686	686	671 679 686	671 679 686
1,100 1,125 1,150 1,175	1,125 1,150	167 171 174	167 171 174	167 171 174	167 171 174	2,475 2,500 2,525 2,550	2,500 2,525 2,550 2,575	373 377 381 384	373 377 381 384	373 377 381 384	373 377 381 384	4,600 4,650 4,700 4,750	4,750	694 701 709 716		694 701 709 716	694 701 709 716
1,200 1,225	1,225 1,250	178 182 186 189	178 182 186 189	178 182 186 189	178 182 186 189	2,575 2,600 2,625	2,600 2,625 2,650	388 392 396	388 392 396	388 392 396	388 392 396	4,800 4,850 4,900 4,950	4,950	724 731 739 746		724 731 739 746	724 731 739 746
1,250 1,275	1,300	193		193	193	2,650 2,675	2,675 2,700	399 403	399 403	399 403	399 403						ext page

<sup>\*</sup> This column must also be used by a qualifying widow(er).

1996 7	ax Tab	le—C	ontinue	ed													
If Form line 22, i	-		And yo	ou are—	-	If Form line 22,			And yo	ou are—	•	If Form line 22,	1040A, is—		And yo	ou are—	
At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing sepa- rately ax is—	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing sepa- rately ax is—	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing sepa- rately tax is—	Head of a house- hold
5,0	00					8,0	00					11,	000				
5,000	5,050	754	754	754	754	8,000	8,050	1,204	1,204	1,204	1,204	11,000	11,050	1,654	1,654	1,654	1,654
5,050	5,100	761	761	761	761	8,050	8,100	1,211	1,211	1,211	1,211	11,050	11,100	1,661	1,661	1,661	1,661
5,100	5,150	769	769	769	769	8,100	8,150	1,219	1,219	1,219	1,219	11,100	11,150	1,669	1,669	1,669	1,669
5,150	5,200	776	776	776	776	8,150	8,200	1,226	1,226	1,226	1,226	11,150	11,200	1,676	1,676	1,676	1,676
5,200	5,250	784	784	784	784	8,200	8,250	1,234	1,234	1,234	1,234	11,200	11,250	1,684	1,684	1,684	1,684
5,250	5,300	791	791	791	791	8,250	8,300	1,241	1,241	1,241	1,241	11,250	11,300	1,691	1,691	1,691	1,691
5,300	5,350	799	799	799	799	8,300	8,350	1,249	1,249	1,249	1,249	11,300	11,350	1,699	1,699	1,699	1,699
5,350	5,400	806	806	806	806	8,350	8,400	1,256	1,256	1,256	1,256	11,350	11,400	1,706	1,706	1,706	1,706
5,400	5,450	814	814	814	814	8,400	8,450	1,264	1,264	1,264	1,264	11,400	11,450	1,714	1,714	1,714	1,714
5,450	5,500	821	821	821	821	8,450	8,500	1,271	1,271	1,271	1,271	11,450	11,500	1,721	1,721	1,721	1,721
5,500	5,550	829	829	829	829	8,500	8,550	1,279	1,279	1,279	1,279	11,500	11,550	1,729	1,729	1,729	1,729
5,550	5,600	836	836	836	836	8,550	8,600	1,286	1,286	1,286	1,286	11,550	11,600	1,736	1,736	1,736	1,736
5,600	5,650	844	844	844	844	8,600	8,650	1,294	1,294	1,294	1,294	11,600	11,650	1,744	1,744	1,744	1,744
5,650	5,700	851	851	851	851	8,650	8,700	1,301	1,301	1,301	1,301	11,650	11,700	1,751	1,751	1,751	1,751
5,700	5,750	859	859	859	859	8,700	8,750	1,309	1,309	1,309	1,309	11,700	11,750	1,759	1,759	1,759	1,759
5,750	5,800	866	866	866	866	8,750	8,800	1,316	1,316	1,316	1,316	11,750	11,800	1,766	1,766	1,766	1,766
5,800	5,850	874	874	874	874	8,800	8,850	1,324	1,324	1,324	1,324	11,800	11,850	1,774	1,774	1,774	1,774
5,850	5,900	881	881	881	881	8,850	8,900	1,331	1,331	1,331	1,331	11,850	11,900	1,781	1,781	1,781	1,781
5,900	5,950	889	889	889	889	8,900	8,950	1,339	1,339	1,339	1,339	11,900	11,950	1,789	1,789	1,789	1,789
5,950	6,000	896	896	896	896	8,950	9,000	1,346	1,346	1,346	1,346	11,950	12,000	1,796	1,796	1,796	1,796
6,0	00					9,0	00					12,	000				
6,000 6,050 6,100 6,150	6,050 6,100 6,150 6,200	904 911 919 926	904 911 919 926	904 911 919 926	904 911 919 926	9,000 9,050 9,100 9,150	9,050 9,100 9,150 9,200	1,354 1,361 1,369 1,376	1,354 1,361 1,369 1,376	1,354 1,361 1,369 1,376	1,354 1,361 1,369 1,376	12,000 12,050 12,100 12,150	12,100 12,150 12,200	1,804 1,811 1,819 1,826	1,804 1,811 1,819 1,826	1,804 1,811 1,819 1,826	1,804 1,811 1,819 1,826
6,200	6,250	934	934	934	934	9,200	9,250	1,384	1,384	1,384	1,384	12,200	12,250	1,834	1,834	1,834	1,834
6,250	6,300	941	941	941	941	9,250	9,300	1,391	1,391	1,391	1,391	12,250	12,300	1,841	1,841	1,841	1,841
6,300	6,350	949	949	949	949	9,300	9,350	1,399	1,399	1,399	1,399	12,300	12,350	1,849	1,849	1,849	1,849
6,350	6,400	956	956	956	956	9,350	9,400	1,406	1,406	1,406	1,406	12,350	12,400	1,856	1,856	1,856	1,856
6,400	6,450	964	964	964	964	9,400	9,450	1,414	1,414	1,414	1,414	12,400	12,450	1,864	1,864	1,864	1,864
6,450	6,500	971	971	971	971	9,450	9,500	1,421	1,421	1,421	1,421	12,450	12,500	1,871	1,871	1,871	1,871
6,500	6,550	979	979	979	979	9,500	9,550	1,429	1,429	1,429	1,429	12,500	12,550	1,879	1,879	1,879	1,879
6,550	6,600	986	986	986	986	9,550	9,600	1,436	1,436	1,436	1,436	12,550	12,600	1,886	1,886	1,886	1,886
6,600	6,650	994	994	994	994	9,600	9,650	1,444	1,444	1,444	1,444	12,600	12,650	1,894	1,894	1,894	1,894
6,650	6,700	1,001	1,001	1,001	1,001	9,650	9,700	1,451	1,451	1,451	1,451	12,650	12,700	1,901	1,901	1,901	1,901
6,700	6,750	1,009	1,009	1,009	1,009	9,700	9,750	1,459	1,459	1,459	1,459	12,700	12,750	1,909	1,909	1,909	1,909
6,750	6,800	1,016	1,016	1,016	1,016	9,750	9,800	1,466	1,466	1,466	1,466	12,750	12,800	1,916	1,916	1,916	1,916
6,800	6,850	1,024	1,024	1,024	1,024	9,800	9,850	1,474	1,474	1,474	1,474		12,850	1,924	1,924	1,924	1,924
6,850	6,900	1,031	1,031	1,031	1,031	9,850	9,900	1,481	1,481	1,481	1,481		12,900	1,931	1,931	1,931	1,931
6,900	6,950	1,039	1,039	1,039	1,039	9,900	9,950	1,489	1,489	1,489	1,489		12,950	1,939	1,939	1,939	1,939
6,950	7,000	1,046	1,046	1,046	1,046	9,950	10,000	1,496	1,496	1,496	1,496		13,000	1,946	1,946	1,946	1,946
7,0	00						000					13,	000	I			
7,000	7,050	1,054	1,054	1,054	1,054	10,000	10,050	1,504	1,504	1,504	1,504	13,000	13,050	1,954	1,954	1,954	1,954
7,050	7,100	1,061	1,061	1,061	1,061	10,050	10,100	1,511	1,511	1,511	1,511	13,050	13,100	1,961	1,961	1,961	1,961
7,100	7,150	1,069	1,069	1,069	1,069	10,100	10,150	1,519	1,519	1,519	1,519	13,100	13,150	1,969	1,969	1,969	1,969
7,150	7,200	1,076	1,076	1,076	1,076	10,150	10,200	1,526	1,526	1,526	1,526	13,150	13,200	1,976	1,976	1,976	1,976
7,200	7,250	1,084	1,084	1,084	1,084	10,200	10,250	1,534	1,534	1,534	1,534	13,200	13,250	1,984	1,984	1,984	1,984
7,250	7,300	1,091	1,091	1,091	1,091	10,250	10,300	1,541	1,541	1,541	1,541	13,250	13,300	1,991	1,991	1,991	1,991
7,300	7,350	1,099	1,099	1,099	1,099	10,300	10,350	1,549	1,549	1,549	1,549	13,300	13,350	1,999	1,999	1,999	1,999
7,350	7,400	1,106	1,106	1,106	1,106	10,350	10,400	1,556	1,556	1,556	1,556	13,350	13,400	2,006	2,006	2,006	2,006
7,400	7,450	1,114	1,114	1,114	1,114	10,400	10,450	1,564	1,564	1,564	1,564	13,400	13,450	2,014	2,014	2,014	2,014
7,450	7,500	1,121	1,121	1,121	1,121	10,450	10,500	1,571	1,571	1,571	1,571	13,450	13,500	2,021	2,021	2,021	2,021
7,500	7,550	1,129	1,129	1,129	1,129	10,500	10,550	1,579	1,579	1,579	1,579	13,500	13,550	2,029	2,029	2,029	2,029
7,550	7,600	1,136	1,136	1,136	1,136	10,550	10,600	1,586	1,586	1,586	1,586	13,550	13,600	2,036	2,036	2,036	2,036
7,600	7,650	1,144	1,144	1,144	1,144	10,600	10,650	1,594	1,594	1,594	1,594	13,600	13,650	2,044	2,044	2,044	2,044
7,650	7,700	1,151	1,151	1,151	1,151	10,650	10,700	1,601	1,601	1,601	1,601	13,650	13,700	2,051	2,051	2,051	2,051
7,700	7,750	1,159	1,159	1,159	1,159	10,700	10,750	1,609	1,609	1,609	1,609	13,700	13,750	2,059	2,059	2,059	2,059
7,750	7,800	1,166	1,166	1,166	1,166	10,750	10,800	1,616	1,616	1,616	1,616	13,750	13,800	2,066	2,066	2,066	2,066
7,800	7,850	1,174	1,174	1,174	1,174	10,800	10,850	1,624	1,624	1,624	1,624	13,800	13,850	2,074	2,074	2,074	2,074
7,850	7,900	1,181	1,181	1,181	1,181	10,850	10,900	1,631	1,631	1,631	1,631	13,850	13,900	2,081	2,081	2,081	2,081
7,900	7,950	1,189	1,189	1,189	1,189	10,900	10,950	1,639	1,639	1,639	1,639	13,900	13,950	2,089	2,089	2,089	2,089
7,950	8,000	1,196	1,196	1,196	1,196	10,950	11,000	1,646	1,646	1,646	1,646	13,950	14,000	2,096	2,096	2,096	2,096
* This co	olumn m	nn must also be used by a qualifying widow(er).  Continued on next page											ext page				

1996 T	ax Tab	le—C	ontinue	ed		1								I			
If Form 1 line 22, i			And yo	ou are—		If Form line 22,			And yo	ou are—		If Form line 22,	1040A, is—		And yo	u are—	
At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly	Married filing sepa-rately ax is—	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing sepa-rately ax is—	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing sepa- rately tax is—	Head of a house- hold
14,	000					17,	000					20,	000				
14,050	14,150	2,104 2,111 2,119 2,126	2,104 2,111 2,119 2,126	2,104 2,111 2,119 2,126	2,104 2,111 2,119 2,126	17,000 17,050 17,100 17,150	17,050 17,100 17,150 17,200	2,554 2,561 2,569 2,576	2,554 2,561 2,569 2,576	2,554 2,561 2,569 2,576	2,554 2,561 2,569 2,576	20,000 20,050 20,100 20,150	20,050 20,100 20,150 20,200	3,004 3,011 3,019 3,026	3,004 3,011 3,019 3,026	3,004 3,015 3,029 3,043	3,004 3,011 3,019 3,026
14,200 14,250 14,300 14,350	14,250 14,300 14,350 14,400	2,134 2,141 2,149 2,156	2,134 2,141 2,149 2,156	2,134 2,141 2,149 2,156	2,134 2,141 2,149 2,156	17,250 17,300 17,350	17,250 17,300 17,350 17,400	2,584 2,591 2,599 2,606	2,584 2,591 2,599 2,606	2,584 2,591 2,599 2,606	2,584 2,591 2,599 2,606	20,200 20,250 20,300 20,350	20,250 20,300 20,350 20,400	3,034 3,041 3,049 3,056	3,034 3,041 3,049 3,056	3,057 3,071 3,085 3,099	3,034 3,041 3,049 3,056
14,500 14,550	14,450 14,500 14,550 14,600	2,164 2,171 2,179 2,186	2,164 2,171 2,179 2,186	2,164 2,171 2,179 2,186	2,164 2,171 2,179 2,186	17,400 17,450 17,500 17,550	17,450 17,500 17,550 17,600	2,614 2,621 2,629 2,636	2,614 2,621 2,629 2,636	2,614 2,621 2,629 2,636	2,614 2,621 2,629 2,636	20,400 20,450 20,500 20,550	20,450 20,500 20,550 20,600	3,064 3,071 3,079 3,086	3,064 3,071 3,079 3,086	3,113 3,127 3,141 3,155	3,064 3,071 3,079 3,086
14,600 14,650 14,700 14,750 14,800	14,650 14,700 14,750 14,800 14,850	2,194 2,201 2,209 2,216 2,224	2,194 2,201 2,209 2,216 2,224	2,194 2,201 2,209 2,216 2,224	2,194 2,201 2,209 2,216 2,224	17,600 17,650 17,700 17,750 17,800	17,650 17,700 17,750 17,800 17,850	2,644 2,651 2,659 2,666 2,674	2,644 2,651 2,659 2,666 2,674	2,644 2,651 2,659 2,666 2,674	2,644 2,651 2,659 2,666 2,674	20,600 20,650 20,700 20,750 20,800	20,650 20,700 20,750 20,800 20,850	3,094 3,101 3,109 3,116 3,124	3,094 3,101 3,109 3,116 3,124	3,169 3,183 3,197 3,211 3,225	3,094 3,101 3,109 3,116 3,124
14,850 14,900 14,950	14,900 14,950 15,000	2,231 2,239 2,246	2,231 2,239 2,246	2,231 2,239 2,246	2,231 2,239 2,246	17,850 17,900 17,950	17,900 17,950 18,000	2,681 2,689 2,696	2,681 2,689 2,696	2,681 2,689 2,696	2,681 2,689 2,696	20,850 20,900 20,950	20,900 20,950 21,000	3,124 3,131 3,139 3,146	3,131 3,139 3,146	3,239 3,253 3,267	3,131 3,139 3,146
15,	000						000					21,	000				
	15,050 15,100 15,150 15,200	2,254 2,261 2,269 2,276	2,254 2,261 2,269 2,276	2,254 2,261 2,269 2,276	2,254 2,261 2,269 2,276	18,050 18,100 18,150	18,050 18,100 18,150 18,200	2,704 2,711 2,719 2,726	2,704 2,711 2,719 2,726	2,704 2,711 2,719 2,726	2,704 2,711 2,719 2,726	21,050 21,100 21,150	21,150 21,200	3,154 3,161 3,169 3,176	3,154 3,161 3,169 3,176	3,281 3,295 3,309 3,323	3,154 3,161 3,169 3,176
15,300 15,350	15,250 15,300 15,350 15,400	2,284 2,291 2,299 2,306	2,284 2,291 2,299 2,306	2,284 2,291 2,299 2,306	2,284 2,291 2,299 2,306	18,200 18,250 18,300 18,350	18,250 18,300 18,350 18,400	2,734 2,741 2,749 2,756	2,734 2,741 2,749 2,756	2,734 2,741 2,749 2,756	2,734 2,741 2,749 2,756	21,200 21,250 21,300 21,350	21,250 21,300 21,350 21,400	3,184 3,191 3,199 3,206	3,184 3,191 3,199 3,206	3,337 3,351 3,365 3,379	3,184 3,191 3,199 3,206
15,400 15,450 15,500 15,550	15,450 15,500 15,550 15,600	2,314 2,321 2,329 2,336	2,314 2,321 2,329 2,336	2,314 2,321 2,329 2,336	2,314 2,321 2,329 2,336	18,400 18,450 18,500 18,550	18,450 18,500 18,550 18,600	2,764 2,771 2,779 2,786	2,764 2,771 2,779 2,786	2,764 2,771 2,779 2,786	2,764 2,771 2,779 2,786	21,400 21,450 21,500 21,550	21,450 21,500 21,550 21,600	3,214 3,221 3,229 3,236	3,214 3,221 3,229 3,236	3,393 3,407 3,421 3,435	3,214 3,221 3,229 3,236
15,700 15,750	15,650 15,700 15,750 15,800	2,344 2,351 2,359 2,366	2,344 2,351 2,359 2,366	2,344 2,351 2,359 2,366	2,344 2,351 2,359 2,366		18,800	2,794 2,801 2,809 2,816	2,794 2,801 2,809 2,816	2,794 2,801 2,809 2,816	2,794 2,801 2,809 2,816	21,750	21,750 21,800	3,244 3,251 3,259 3,266	3,244 3,251 3,259 3,266	3,449 3,463 3,477 3,491	3,244 3,251 3,259 3,266
15,800 15,850 15,900 15,950	15,900 15,950 16,000	2,374 2,381 2,389 2,396	2,374 2,381 2,389 2,396	2,374 2,381 2,389 2,396	2,374 2,381 2,389 2,396	18,950	18,850 18,900 18,950 19,000	2,824 2,831 2,839 2,846	2,824 2,831 2,839 2,846	2,824 2,831 2,839 2,846	2,824 2,831 2,839 2,846	21,950	21,900 21,950 22,000	3,274 3,281 3,289 3,296	3,274 3,281 3,289 3,296	3,505 3,519 3,533 3,547	3,274 3,281 3,289 3,296
	000						000					†	000				
16,050 16,100	16,050 16,100 16,150 16,200	2,404 2,411 2,419 2,426	2,404 2,411 2,419 2,426	2,404 2,411 2,419 2,426	2,404 2,411 2,419 2,426	19,050 19,100	19,050 19,100 19,150 19,200	2,854 2,861 2,869 2,876	2,854 2,861 2,869 2,876	2,854 2,861 2,869 2,876	2,854 2,861 2,869 2,876	22,050	22,150	3,304 3,311 3,319 3,326	3,304 3,311 3,319 3,326	3,561 3,575 3,589 3,603	3,304 3,311 3,319 3,326
16,200 16,250 16,300 16,350	16,250 16,300 16,350 16,400	2,434 2,441 2,449 2,456	2,434 2,441 2,449 2,456	2,434 2,441 2,449 2,456	2,434 2,441 2,449 2,456	19,200 19,250 19,300 19,350	19,250 19,300 19,350 19,400	2,884 2,891 2,899 2,906	2,884 2,891 2,899 2,906	2,884 2,891 2,899 2,906	2,884 2,891 2,899 2,906	22,200 22,250 22,300 22,350		3,334 3,341 3,349 3,356	3,334 3,341 3,349 3,356	3,617 3,631 3,645 3,659	3,334 3,341 3,349 3,356
16,400 16,450 16,500 16,550	16,450 16,500 16,550 16,600	2,464 2,471 2,479 2,486	2,464 2,471 2,479 2,486	2,464 2,471 2,479 2,486	2,464 2,471 2,479 2,486	19,400 19,450 19,500 19,550	19,450 19,500 19,550 19,600	2,914 2,921 2,929 2,936	2,914 2,921 2,929 2,936	2,914 2,921 2,929 2,936	2,914 2,921 2,929 2,936	22,400 22,450 22,500 22,550	22,550 22,600	3,364 3,371 3,379 3,386	3,364 3,371 3,379 3,386	3,673 3,687 3,701 3,715	3,364 3,371 3,379 3,386
16,700 16,750	16,650 16,700 16,750 16,800	2,494 2,501 2,509 2,516	2,494 2,501 2,509 2,516	2,494 2,501 2,509 2,516	2,494 2,501 2,509 2,516	19,650 19,700 19,750	19,650 19,700 19,750 19,800	2,944 2,951 2,959 2,966	2,944 2,951 2,959 2,966	2,944 2,951 2,959 2,966	2,944 2,951 2,959 2,966	22,600 22,650 22,700 22,750	22,750 22,800	3,394 3,401 3,409 3,416	3,394 3,401 3,409 3,416	3,729 3,743 3,757 3,771	3,394 3,401 3,409 3,416
16,850 16,900	16,850 16,900 16,950 17,000	2,524 2,531 2,539 2,546	2,524 2,531 2,539 2,546	2,524 2,531 2,539 2,546	2,524 2,531 2,539 2,546		19,850 19,900 19,950 20,000	2,974 2,981 2,989 2,996	2,974 2,981 2,989 2,996	2,974 2,981 2,989 2,996	2,974 2,981 2,989 2,996	22,800 22,850 22,900 22,950	22,850 22,900 22,950 23,000	3,424 3,431 3,439 3,446	3,424 3,431 3,439 3,446	3,785 3,799 3,813 3,827	3,424 3,431 3,439 3,446
* This co	olumn m	ust also	be used	by a qu	alifying	widow(e	r).								Contin	ued on ne	ext page

1996	Tax Tab	le—C	ontinue	ed		•						ı		ı			
If Form line 22,			And yo	ou are—		If Form line 22,	1040A, is—		And yo	ou are—		If Form line 22,	1040A, is—		And yo	u are—	
At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly	filing sepa- rately	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly	Married filing sepa- rately	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly	filing sepa- rately	Head of a house- hold
23	,000		Your t	ax is—		26.	000		Your t	ax is—		29.	000		Your	tax is—	
23,000		3,454	3,454	3,841	3,454	26,000	26,050	4,167	3,904	4,681	3,904	29,000	29,050	5,007	4,354	5,521	4,354
23,050 23,100 23,150	23,150 23,200	3,461 3,469 3,476	3,461 3,469 3,476	3,855 3,869 3,883	3,461 3,469 3,476	26,050 26,100 26,150	26,100 26,150 26,200	4,181 4,195 4,209	3,911 3,919 3,926	4,695 4,709 4,723	3,911 3,919 3,926	29,050 29,100 29,150	29,100 29,150 29,200	5,021 5,035 5,049	4,361 4,369 4,376	5,535 5,549 5,563	4,361 4,369 4,376
23,200 23,250 23,300	23,300	3,484 3,491 3,499	3,484 3,491 3,499	3,897 3,911 3,925	3,484 3,491 3,499	26,200 26,250 26,300	26,250 26,300 26,350	4,223 4,237 4,251	3,934 3,941 3,949	4,737 4,751 4,765	3,934 3,941 3,949	29,200 29,250 29,300	29,250 29,300 29,350	5,063 5,077 5,091	4,384 4,391 4,399	5,577 5,591 5,605	4,384 4,391 4,399
23,350	23,400	3,506	3,506	3,939	3,506	26,350	26,400	4,265	3,956	4,779	3,956	29,350	29,400	5,105	4,406	5,619	4,406
23,400 23,450 23,500 23,550	23,500 23,550	3,514 3,521 3,529 3,536	3,514 3,521 3,529 3,536	3,953 3,967 3,981 3,995	3,514 3,521 3,529 3,536	26,400 26,450 26,500 26,550	26,450 26,500 26,550 26,600	4,279 4,293 4,307 4,321	3,964 3,971 3,979 3,986	4,793 4,807 4,821 4,835	3,964 3,971 3,979 3,986	29,400 29,450 29,500 29,550	29,450 29,500 29,550 29,600	5,119 5,133 5,147 5,161	4,414 4,421 4,429 4,436	5,633 5,647 5,661 5,675	4,414 4,421 4,429 4,436
23,600 23,650	23,700	3,544 3,551	3,544 3,551	4,009 4,023	3,544 3,551	26,600 26,650	26,650 26,700	4,335 4,349	3,994 4,001	4,849 4,863	3,994 4,001	29,600 29,650	29,650 29,700	5,175 5,189	4,444 4,451	5,689 5,703	4,444 4,451
23,700 23,750	23,800	3,559 3,566	3,559 3,566	4,037 4,051	3,559 3,566	26,700 26,750	-	4,363 4,377	4,009 4,016	4,877 4,891	4,009 4,016	29,700 29,750	29,750 29,800	5,203 5,217	4,459 4,466	5,717 5,731	4,459 4,466
23,800 23,850 23,900 23,950	23,900	3,574 3,581 3,589 3,596	3,574 3,581 3,589 3,596	4,065 4,079 4,093 4,107	3,574 3,581 3,589 3,596	26,800 26,850 26,900 26,950	26,850 26,900 26,950 27,000	4,391 4,405 4,419 4,433	4,024 4,031 4,039 4,046	4,905 4,919 4,933 4,947	4,024 4,031 4,039 4,046	29,800 29,850 29,900 29,950	29,850 29,900 29,950 30,000	5,231 5,245 5,259 5,273	4,474 4,481 4,489 4,496	5,745 5,759 5,773 5,787	4,474 4,481 4,489 4,496
24	,000					27,	000					30,	000				
24,050 24,100		3,607 3,621 3,635 3,649	3,604 3,611 3,619 3,626	4,121 4,135 4,149 4,163	3,604 3,611 3,619 3,626	27,000 27,050 27,100 27,150	27,150	4,447 4,461 4,475 4,489	4,054 4,061 4,069 4,076	4,961 4,975 4,989 5,003	4,054 4,061 4,069 4,076	30,000 30,050 30,100 30,150	30,050 30,100 30,150 30,200	5,287 5,301 5,315 5,329	4,504 4,511 4,519 4,526	5,801 5,815 5,829 5,843	4,504 4,511 4,519 4,526
24,200 24,250 24,300 24,350	24,250 24,300 24,350	3,663 3,677 3,691 3,705	3,634 3,641 3,649 3,656	4,177 4,191 4,205 4,219	3,634 3,641 3,649 3,656	27,200 27,250 27,300 27,350	27,250 27,300 27,350	4,503 4,517 4,531 4,545	4,084 4,091 4,099 4,106	5,017 5,031 5,045 5,059	4,084 4,091 4,099 4,106	30,200 30,250 30,300 30,350	30,250 30,300 30,350 30,400	5,343 5,357 5,371 5,385	4,534 4,541 4,549 4,556	5,857 5,871 5,885 5,899	4,534 4,541 4,549 4,556
24,400 24,450 24,500 24,550	24,450 24,500 24,550	3,719 3,733 3,747 3,761	3,664 3,671 3,679 3,686	4,233 4,247 4,261 4,275	3,664 3,671 3,679 3,686	27,400 27,450 27,500 27,550	27,450 27,500 27,550	4,559 4,573 4,587 4,601	4,114 4,121 4,129 4,136	5,073 5,087 5,101 5,115	4,114 4,121 4,129 4,136	30,400 30,450 30,500 30,550	30,450 30,500 30,550 30,600	5,399 5,413 5,427 5,441	4,564 4,571 4,579 4,586	5,913 5,927 5,941 5,955	4,564 4,571 4,579 4,586
24,600 24,650 24,700	24,650	3,775 3,789 3,803 3,817	3,694 3,701 3,709 3,716	4,289 4,303 4,317 4,331	3,694 3,701 3,709 3,716	27,600 27,650	27,650 27,700 27,750	4,615 4,629 4,643 4,657	4,144 4,151 4,159 4,166	5,129 5,143 5,157 5,171	4,144 4,151 4,159 4,166	30,600 30,650 30,700 30,750	30,650 30,700	5,455 5,469 5,483 5,497	4,594 4,601 4,609 4,616	5,969 5,983 5,997 6,011	4,594 4,601 4,609 4,616
24,800 24,850 24,900	24,850 24,900 24,950 25,000	3,831 3,845 3,859 3,873	3,724 3,731 3,739 3,746	4,345 4,359 4,373 4,387	3,724 3,731 3,739 3,746	27,800 27,850	27,850 27,900 27,950	4,671 4,685 4,699 4,713	4,174 4,181 4,189 4,196	5,185 5,199 5,213 5,227	4,174 4,181 4,189 4,196	30,800 30,850 30,900 30,950	30,850 30,900 30,950	5,511 5,525 5,539 5,553	4,624 4,631 4,639 4,646	6,025 6,039 6,053 6,067	4,624 4,631 4,639 4,646
	,000	3,313		.,,			000	1,1.12	.,		.,		000	1 3,333	.,		
25,050 25,100	25,050 25,100 25,150 25,200	3,887 3,901 3,915 3,929	3,754 3,761 3,769 3,776	4,401 4,415 4,429 4,443	3,754 3,761 3,769 3,776	28,000 28,050 28,100 28,150	28,150	4,727 4,741 4,755 4,769	4,204 4,211 4,219 4,226	5,241 5,255 5,269 5,283	4,204 4,211 4,219 4,226	31,000 31,050 31,100 31,150	31,050 31,100 31,150 31,200	5,567 5,581 5,595 5,609	4,654 4,661 4,669 4,676	6,081 6,095 6,109 6,123	4,654 4,661 4,669 4,676
25,200 25,250 25,300 25,350	25,250 25,300 25,350	3,943 3,957 3,971 3,985	3,784 3,791 3,799 3,806	4,457 4,471 4,485 4,499	3,784 3,791 3,799 3,806	28,200 28,250 28,300	28,250 28,300	4,783 4,797 4,811 4,825	4,234 4,241 4,249 4,256	5,297 5,311 5,325 5,339	4,234 4,241 4,249 4,256	31,200 31,250 31,300 31,350	31,250 31,300 31,350 31,400	5,623 5,637 5,651 5,665	4,684 4,691 4,699 4,706	6,137 6,151 6,165 6,179	4,684 4,691 4,699 4,706
25,400 25,450 25,500	25,450 25,500	3,999 4,013 4,027 4,041	3,814 3,821 3,829 3,836	4,513 4,527 4,541 4,555	3,814 3,821 3,829 3,836	28,400 28,450 28,500 28,550	28,450 28,500 28,550	4,839 4,853 4,867 4,881	4,264 4,271 4,279 4,286	5,353 5,367 5,381 5,395	4,264 4,271 4,279 4,286	31,400 31,450 31,500 31,550	31,450 31,500 31,550 31,600	5,679 5,693 5,707 5,721	4,714 4,721 4,729 4,736	6,193 6,207 6,221 6,235	4,714 4,721 4,729 4,736
25,600 25,650 25,700	25,650 25,700	4,055 4,069 4,083 4,097	3,844 3,851 3,859 3,866	4,569 4,583 4,597 4,611	3,844 3,851 3,859 3,866	28,600 28,650 28,700 28,750	28,700 28,750	4,895 4,909 4,923 4,937	4,294 4,301 4,309 4,316	5,409 5,423 5,437 5,451	4,294 4,301 4,309 4,316	31,600 31,650 31,700 31,750	31,650 31,700 31,750 31,800	5,735 5,749 5,763 5,777	4,744 4,751 4,759 4,766	6,249 6,263 6,277 6,291	4,744 4,751 4,759 4,766
25,800 25,850 25,900 25,950	25,900 25,950	4,111 4,125 4,139 4,153	3,874 3,881 3,889 3,896	4,625 4,639 4,653 4,667	3,874 3,881 3,889 3,896	28,800 28,850 28,900 28,950	28,900 28,950	4,951 4,965 4,979 4,993	4,324 4,331 4,339 4,346	5,465 5,479 5,493 5,507	4,324 4,331 4,339 4,346	31,800 31,850 31,900 31,950	31,850 31,900 31,950 32,000	5,791 5,805 5,819 5,833	4,774 4,781 4,789 4,796	6,305 6,319 6,333 6,347	4,774 4,781 4,789 4,796
* This c	25,950 26,000 4,153 3,896 4,667 3,896 28,950 29,000 4,993 4,346 5,507 4,346 31,950 32,000 5,833 4,796 6,347 4,796 This column must also be used by a qualifying widow(er).														Contin	ued on n	ext page

1996 T	ax Tab	le—C	ontinue	ed													
If Form line 22,			And yo	ou are—		If Form line 22,			And yo	ou are—		If Form line 22,	1040A, is—		And yo	u are—	
At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly	Married filing sepa- rately ax is—	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing sepa-rately ax is—	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly	Married filing sepa- rately tax is—	Head of a house- hold
32,	000					35,	000					38,	000				
32,000 32,050 32,100 32,150	32,050 32,100 32,150 32,200	5,847 5,861 5,875 5,889	4,804 4,811 4,819 4,826	6,361 6,375 6,389 6,403	4,804 4,811 4,819 4,830	35,000 35,050 35,100 35,150	35,050 35,100 35,150 35,200	6,687 6,701 6,715 6,729	5,254 5,261 5,269 5,276	7,201 7,215 7,229 7,243	5,628 5,642 5,656 5,670	38,000 38,050 38,100 38,150	38,050 38,100 38,150 38,200	7,527 7,541 7,555 7,569	5,704 5,711 5,719 5,726	8,041 8,055 8,069 8,083	6,468 6,482 6,496 6,510
32,200 32,250 32,300 32,350	32,250 32,300 32,350 32,400	5,903 5,917 5,931 5,945	4,834 4,841 4,849 4,856	6,417 6,431 6,445 6,459	4,844 4,858 4,872 4,886	35,200 35,250 35,300 35,350	35,250 35,300 35,350 35,400	6,743 6,757 6,771 6,785	5,284 5,291 5,299 5,306	7,257 7,271 7,285 7,299	5,684 5,698 5,712 5,726	38,200 38,250 38,300 38,350	38,250 38,300 38,350 38,400	7,583 7,597 7,611 7,625	5,734 5,741 5,749 5,756	8,097 8,111 8,125 8,139	6,524 6,538 6,552 6,566
32,400 32,450 32,500 32,550	32,450 32,500 32,550 32,600	5,959 5,973 5,987 6,001	4,864 4,871 4,879 4,886	6,473 6,487 6,501 6,515	4,900 4,914 4,928 4,942	35,400 35,450 35,500 35,550	35,450 35,500 35,550 35,600	6,799 6,813 6,827 6,841	5,314 5,321 5,329 5,336	7,313 7,327 7,341 7,355	5,740 5,754 5,768 5,782	38,400 38,450 38,500 38,550	38,450 38,500 38,550 38,600	7,639 7,653 7,667 7,681	5,764 5,771 5,779 5,786	8,153 8,167 8,181 8,195	6,580 6,594 6,608 6,622
32,600 32,650 32,700 32,750 32,800	32,650 32,700 32,750 32,800 32,850	6,015 6,029 6,043 6,057 6,071	4,894 4,901 4,909 4,916 4,924	6,529 6,543 6,557 6,571 6,585	4,956 4,970 4,984 4,998 5,012	35,600 35,650 35,700 35,750 35,800	35,650 35,700 35,750 35,800 35,850	6,855 6,869 6,883 6,897 6,911	5,344 5,351 5,359 5,366 5,374	7,369 7,383 7,397 7,411 7,425	5,796 5,810 5,824 5,838 5,852	38,600 38,650 38,700 38,750 38,800	38,650 38,700 38,750 38,800 38,850	7,695 7,709 7,723 7,737 7,751	5,794 5,801 5,809 5,816 5,824	8,209 8,223 8,237 8,251 8,265	6,636 6,650 6,664 6,678 6,692
32,850 32,900 32,950	32,900 32,950 33,000	6,071 6,085 6,099 6,113	4,924 4,931 4,939 4,946	6,599 6,613 6,627	5,012 5,026 5,040 5,054	35,850 35,900 35,950	35,900 35,950 36,000	6,925 6,939 6,953	5,374 5,381 5,389 5,396	7,425 7,439 7,453 7,467	5,866 5,880 5,894	38,850 38,900 38,950	38,900 38,950 39,000	7,751 7,765 7,779 7,793	5,824 5,831 5,839 5,846	8,279 8,293 8,307	6,706 6,720 6,734
33,	000					36,	000					39,	000				
33,000 33,050 33,100 33,150	33,100 33,150 33,200	6,127 6,141 6,155 6,169	4,954 4,961 4,969 4,976	6,641 6,655 6,669 6,683	5,068 5,082 5,096 5,110	36,000 36,050 36,100 36,150	36,050 36,100 36,150 36,200	6,967 6,981 6,995 7,009	5,404 5,411 5,419 5,426	7,481 7,495 7,509 7,523	5,908 5,922 5,936 5,950	39,000 39,050 39,100 39,150	39,050 39,100 39,150 39,200	7,807 7,821 7,835 7,849	5,854 5,861 5,869 5,876	8,321 8,335 8,349 8,363	6,748 6,762 6,776 6,790
33,200 33,250 33,300 33,350	33,250 33,300 33,350 33,400	6,183 6,197 6,211 6,225	4,984 4,991 4,999 5,006	6,697 6,711 6,725 6,739	5,124 5,138 5,152 5,166	36,200 36,250 36,300 36,350	36,250 36,300 36,350 36,400	7,023 7,037 7,051 7,065	5,434 5,441 5,449 5,456	7,537 7,551 7,565 7,579	5,964 5,978 5,992 6,006	39,200 39,250 39,300 39,350	39,250 39,300 39,350 39,400	7,863 7,877 7,891 7,905	5,884 5,891 5,899 5,906	8,377 8,391 8,405 8,419	6,804 6,818 6,832 6,846
33,400 33,450 33,500 33,550	33,450 33,500 33,550 33,600	6,239 6,253 6,267 6,281	5,014 5,021 5,029 5,036	6,753 6,767 6,781 6,795	5,180 5,194 5,208 5,222	36,400 36,450 36,500 36,550	36,450 36,500 36,550 36,600	7,079 7,093 7,107 7,121	5,464 5,471 5,479 5,486	7,593 7,607 7,621 7,635	6,020 6,034 6,048 6,062	39,400 39,450 39,500 39,550	39,450 39,500 39,550 39,600	7,919 7,933 7,947 7,961	5,914 5,921 5,929 5,936	8,433 8,447 8,461 8,475	6,860 6,874 6,888 6,902
33,750	33,650 33,700 33,750 33,800	6,295 6,309 6,323 6,337	5,044 5,051 5,059 5,066	6,809 6,823 6,837 6,851	5,236 5,250 5,264 5,278	36,600 36,650 36,700 36,750		7,135 7,149 7,163 7,177	5,516	7,649 7,663 7,677 7,691	6,076 6,090 6,104 6,118	39,600 39,650 39,700 39,750	39,650 39,700 39,750 39,800	7,975 7,989 8,003 8,017	5,944 5,951 5,959 5,966	8,489 8,503 8,517 8,531	6,916 6,930 6,944 6,958
33,950	33,850 33,900 33,950 34,000	6,351 6,365 6,379 6,393	5,074 5,081 5,089 5,096	6,865 6,879 6,893 6,907	5,292 5,306 5,320 5,334			7,191 7,205 7,219 7,233	5,524 5,531 5,539 5,546	7,705 7,719 7,733 7,747	6,132 6,146 6,160 6,174	39,800 39,850 39,900 39,950	39,850 39,900 39,950 40,000	8,031 8,045 8,059 8,073	5,974 5,981 5,989 5,996	8,545 8,559 8,573 8,587	6,972 6,986 7,000 7,014
	000						000					_	000				
34,050 34,100	34,050 34,100 34,150 34,200	6,407 6,421 6,435 6,449	5,104 5,111 5,119 5,126	6,921 6,935 6,949 6,963	5,348 5,362 5,376 5,390	37,000 37,050 37,100 37,150	37,050 37,100 37,150 37,200	7,247 7,261 7,275 7,289	5,554 5,561 5,569 5,576	7,761 7,775 7,789 7,803	6,188 6,202 6,216 6,230	40,000 40,050 40,100 40,150	40,050 40,100 40,150 40,200	8,087 8,101 8,115 8,129	6,004 6,011 6,022 6,036	8,601 8,615 8,629 8,643	7,028 7,042 7,056 7,070
34,200 34,250 34,300 34,350	34,250 34,300 34,350 34,400	6,463 6,477 6,491 6,505	5,134 5,141 5,149 5,156	6,977 6,991 7,005 7,019	5,404 5,418 5,432 5,446	37,200 37,250 37,300 37,350	37,250 37,300 37,350 37,400	7,303 7,317 7,331 7,345	5,584 5,591 5,599 5,606	7,817 7,831 7,845 7,859	6,244 6,258 6,272 6,286	40,200 40,250 40,300 40,350	40,250 40,300 40,350 40,400	8,143 8,157 8,171 8,185	6,050 6,064 6,078 6,092	8,657 8,671 8,685 8,699	7,084 7,098 7,112 7,126
34,400 34,450 34,500 34,550	34,450 34,500 34,550 34,600	6,519 6,533 6,547 6,561	5,164 5,171 5,179 5,186	7,033 7,047 7,061 7,075	5,460 5,474 5,488 5,502	37,400 37,450 37,500 37,550	37,450 37,500 37,550 37,600	7,359 7,373 7,387 7,401	5,614 5,621 5,629 5,636	7,873 7,887 7,901 7,915	6,300 6,314 6,328 6,342	40,400 40,450 40,500 40,550	40,450 40,500 40,550 40,600	8,199 8,213 8,227 8,241	6,106 6,120 6,134 6,148	8,713 8,727 8,741 8,755	7,140 7,154 7,168 7,182
34,600 34,650 34,700 34,750	34,650 34,700 34,750 34,800	6,575 6,589 6,603 6,617	5,194 5,201 5,209 5,216	7,089 7,103 7,117 7,131	5,516 5,530 5,544 5,558	37,600 37,650 37,700 37,750	37,750 37,800	7,415 7,429 7,443 7,457	5,644 5,651 5,659 5,666	7,929 7,943 7,957 7,971	6,356 6,370 6,384 6,398	40,600 40,650 40,700 40,750	40,650 40,700 40,750 40,800	8,255 8,269 8,283 8,297	6,162 6,176 6,190 6,204	8,769 8,783 8,797 8,811	7,196 7,210 7,224 7,238
	34,850 34,900 34,950 35,000	6,631 6,645 6,659 6,673	5,224 5,231 5,239 5,246	7,145 7,159 7,173 7,187	5,572 5,586 5,600 5,614	37,800 37,850 37,900 37,950	37,850 37,900 37,950 38,000	7,471 7,485 7,499 7,513	5,674 5,681 5,689 5,696	7,985 7,999 8,013 8,027	6,412 6,426 6,440 6,454	40,800 40,850 40,900 40,950	40,850 40,900 40,950 41,000	8,311 8,325 8,339 8,353	6,218 6,232 6,246 6,260	8,825 8,839 8,853 8,867	7,252 7,266 7,280 7,294
* This co	olumn m	ust also	be used	by a qu	ualifying	widow(e	r).								Continu	ued on ne	ext page

1996 T	ax Tab	le—Co	ontinue	ed													
If Form line 22,			And yo	ou are—		If Form line 22,	1040A, is—		And y	ou are—	-	If Form line 22,	1040A, is—		And yo	u are—	
At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly	Married filing sepa- rately ax is—	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly	Married filing sepa- rately tax is—	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing sepa-rately tax is—	Head of a house- hold
41,	000					44,	000					47,	000				
41,000 41,050 41,100 41,150	41,050 41,100 41,150 41,200	8,367 8,381 8,395 8,409	6,274 6,288 6,302 6,316	8,881 8,895 8,909 8,923	7,308 7,322 7,336 7,350	44,000 44,050 44,100 44,150	44,050 44,100 44,150 44,200	9,207 9,221 9,235 9,249	7,114 7,128 7,142 7,156	9,721 9,735 9,749 9,763	8,148 8,162 8,176 8,190	47,000 47,050 47,100 47,150	47,050 47,100 47,150 47,200	10,047 10,061 10,075 10,089	7,954 7,968 7,982 7,996	10,561 10,575 10,589 10,603	8,988 9,002 9,016 9,030
41,200 41,250 41,300 41,350	41,250 41,300 41,350 41,400	8,423 8,437 8,451 8,465	6,330 6,344 6,358 6,372	8,937 8,951 8,965 8,979	7,364 7,378 7,392 7,406	44,200 44,250 44,300 44,350	44,250 44,300 44,350 44,400	9,263 9,277 9,291 9,305	7,170 7,184 7,198 7,212	9,777 9,791 9,805 9,819	8,204 8,218 8,232 8,246	47,200 47,250 47,300 47,350	47,250 47,300 47,350 47,400	10,103 10,117 10,131 10,145	8,010 8,024 8,038 8,052	10,617 10,631 10,645 10,659	9,044 9,058 9,072 9,086
41,400 41,450 41,500 41,550	41,450 41,500 41,550 41,600	8,479 8,493 8,507 8,521	6,386 6,400 6,414 6,428	8,993 9,007 9,021 9,035	7,420 7,434 7,448 7,462	44,400 44,450 44,500 44,550	44,450 44,500 44,550 44,600	9,319 9,333 9,347 9,361	7,226 7,240 7,254 7,268	9,833 9,847 9,861 9,875	8,260 8,274 8,288 8,302	47,400 47,450 47,500 47,550	47,450 47,500 47,550 47,600	10,159 10,173 10,187 10,201	8,108	10,673 10,687 10,701 10,715	9,100 9,114 9,128 9,142
41,600 41,650 41,700 41,750	41,650 41,700 41,750 41,800	8,535 8,549 8,563 8,577	6,442 6,456 6,470 6,484	9,049 9,063 9,077 9,091	7,476 7,490 7,504 7,518	44,600 44,650 44,700 44,750	44,650 44,700 44,750 44,800	9,375 9,389 9,403 9,417	7,282 7,296 7,310 7,324	9,889 9,903 9,917 9,931	8,316 8,330 8,344 8,358	47,600 47,650 47,700 47,750	47,650 47,700 47,750 47,800	10,215 10,229 10,243 10,257		10,729 10,743 10,757 10,771	9,156 9,170 9,184 9,198
41,800 41,850 41,900 41,950	41,850 41,900 41,950 42,000	8,591 8,605 8,619 8,633	6,498 6,512 6,526 6,540	9,105 9,119 9,133 9,147	7,532 7,546 7,560 7,574	44,800 44,850 44,900 44,950	44,850 44,900 44,950 45,000	9,431 9,445 9,459 9,473	7,338 7,352 7,366 7,380	9,945 9,959 9,973 9,987	8,372 8,386 8,400 8,414	47,800 47,850 47,900 47,950	47,850 47,900 47,950 48,000	10,271 10,285 10,299 10,313	8,192 8,206	10,785 10,799 10,813 10,827	9,212 9,226 9,240 9,254
42,	000					45,	000	<u> </u>				48,	000				
42,000 42,050 42,100 42,150	42,050 42,100 42,150 42,200	8,647 8,661 8,675 8,689	6,554 6,568 6,582 6,596	9,161 9,175 9,189 9,203	7,588 7,602 7,616 7,630	45,000 45,050 45,100 45,150	45,050 45,100 45,150 45,200	9,487 9,501 9,515 9,529	7,394 7,408 7,422 7,436	10,001 10,015 10,029 10,043	8,428 8,442 8,456 8,470	48,000 48,050 48,100 48,150	48,050 48,100 48,150 48,200	10,327 10,341 10,355 10,369	8,248	10,841 10,855 10,869 10,883	9,268 9,282 9,296 9,310
42,200 42,250 42,300 42,350	42,250 42,300 42,350 42,400	8,703 8,717 8,731 8,745	6,610 6,624 6,638 6,652	9,217 9,231 9,245 9,259	7,644 7,658 7,672 7,686	45,200 45,250 45,300 45,350	45,250 45,300 45,350 45,400	9,543 9,557 9,571 9,585	7,450 7,464 7,478 7,492	10,057 10,071 10,085 10,099	8,484 8,498 8,512 8,526	48,200 48,250 48,300 48,350	48,250 48,300 48,350 48,400	10,383 10,397 10,411 10,425	8,290 8,304 8,318 8,332	10,897 10,911 10,925 10,939	9,324 9,338 9,352 9,366
42,400 42,450 42,500 42,550	42,450 42,500 42,550 42,600	8,759 8,773 8,787 8,801	6,666 6,680 6,694 6,708	9,273 9,287 9,301 9,315	7,700 7,714 7,728 7,742	45,400 45,450 45,500 45,550	45,450 45,500 45,550 45,600	9,599 9,613 9,627 9,641	7,506 7,520 7,534 7,548	10,113 10,127 10,141 10,155	8,540 8,554 8,568 8,582	48,400 48,450 48,500 48,550	48,450 48,500 48,550 48,600	10,439 10,453 10,467 10,481	8,360 8,374 8,388	10,953 10,967 10,983 10,998	9,380 9,394 9,408 9,422
42,600 42,650 42,700 42,750	42,650 42,700 42,750 42,800	8,815 8,829 8,843 8,857	6,722 6,736 6,750 6,764	9,329 9,343 9,357 9,371	7,756 7,770 7,784 7,798	45,600 45,650 45,700 45,750	45,650 45,700 45,750 45,800	9,655 9,669 9,683 9,697		10,169 10,183 10,197 10,211	8,596 8,610 8,624 8,638	48,600 48,650 48,700 48,750	48,650 48,700 48,750 48,800	10,495 10,509 10,523 10,537		11,014 11,029 11,045 11,060	9,436 9,450 9,464 9,478
	42,850 42,900 42,950 43,000	8,871 8,885 8,899 8,913	6,778 6,792 6,806 6,820	9,385 9,399 9,413 9,427	7,812 7,826 7,840 7,854		45,850 45,900 45,950 46,000	9,711 9,725 9,739 9,753	7,632 7,646	10,225 10,239 10,253 10,267	8,652 8,666 8,680 8,694	48,800 48,850 48,900 48,950	48,850 48,900 48,950 49,000	10,551 10,565 10,579 10,593	8,472 8,486	11,076 11,091 11,107 11,122	9,492 9,506 9,520 9,534
43,	000					46,	000					49,	000	1			
43,000 43,050 43,100 43,150	43,050 43,100 43,150 43,200	8,927 8,941 8,955 8,969	6,834 6,848 6,862 6,876	9,441 9,455 9,469 9,483	7,868 7,882 7,896 7,910	46,000 46,050 46,100 46,150		9,767 9,781 9,795 9,809	7,688 7,702	10,281 10,295 10,309 10,323	8,708 8,722 8,736 8,750	49,000 49,050 49,100 49,150	49,050 49,100 49,150 49,200	10,607 10,621 10,635 10,649	8,528 8,542	11,138 11,153 11,169 11,184	9,548 9,562 9,576 9,590
43,200 43,250 43,300 43,350	43,250 43,300 43,350 43,400	8,983 8,997 9,011 9,025	6,890 6,904 6,918 6,932	9,497 9,511 9,525 9,539	7,924 7,938 7,952 7,966	46,200 46,250 46,300 46,350	46,250 46,300 46,350 46,400	9,823 9,837 9,851 9,865	7,744 7,758	10,337 10,351 10,365 10,379	8,764 8,778 8,792 8,806	49,200 49,250 49,300 49,350	49,250 49,300 49,350 49,400	10,663 10,677 10,691 10,705	8,584 8,598	11,200 11,215 11,231 11,246	9,604 9,618 9,632 9,646
43,400 43,450 43,500 43,550	43,450 43,500 43,550 43,600	9,039 9,053 9,067 9,081	6,946 6,960 6,974 6,988	9,553 9,567 9,581 9,595	7,980 7,994 8,008 8,022	46,400 46,450 46,500 46,550	46,450 46,500 46,550 46,600	9,879 9,893 9,907 9,921	7,800	10,393 10,407 10,421 10,435	8,820 8,834 8,848 8,862	49,400 49,450 49,500 49,550	49,450 49,500 49,550 49,600	10,719 10,733 10,747 10,761	8,640	11,262 11,277 11,293 11,308	9,660 9,674 9,688 9,702
43,600 43,650 43,700 43,750	43,650 43,700 43,750 43,800	9,095 9,109 9,123 9,137	7,002 7,016 7,030 7,044	9,609 9,623 9,637 9,651	8,036 8,050 8,064 8,078	46,600 46,650 46,700 46,750		9,935 9,949 9,963 9,977	7,856	10,449 10,463 10,477 10,491	8,876 8,890 8,904 8,918	49,600 49,650 49,700 49,750	49,650 49,700 49,750 49,800	10,775 10,789 10,803 10,817	8,696 8,710	11,324 11,339 11,355 11,370	9,716 9,730 9,744 9,758
	43,850 43,900 43,950 44,000	9,151 9,165 9,179 9,193	7,058 7,072 7,086 7,100	9,665 9,679 9,693 9,707	8,092 8,106 8,120 8,134	46,800 46,850 46,900 46,950	46,950	9,991 10,005 10,019 10,033	7,912 7,926	10,505 10,519 10,533 10,547	8,932 8,946 8,960 8,974	49,800 49,850 49,900 49,950	49,850 49,900 49,950 50,000	10,831 10,845 10,859 10,873	8,752 8,766	11,386 11,401 11,417 11,432	9,772 9,786 9,800 9,814
* This co	43,950 44,000 9,193 7,100 9,707 8,134 46,950 47,000 10,033 7,940 10,547 8,974 49,950 50,000 10,873 8,780 11,432 9,814  * This column must also be used by a qualifying widow(er).   50,000 or over — use Form 1040																

# Section 6—Instructions For Schedules to Form 1040A

# **Instructions For Schedule 1**

# **Purpose of Schedule**

You must file Schedule 1 if:

- You had over \$400 of taxable interest income (fill in Part I), or
- You received interest from a seller-financed mortgage and the buyer used the property as a personal residence (fill in Part I), or
- You are claiming the exclusion of interest from series EE U.S. savings bonds issued after 1989 (fill in Part I), or
- You received interest as a nominee or a Form 1099-INT for tax-exempt interest (fill in Part I), or
- You had over \$400 of dividend income or you received dividends as a nominee (fill in Part II).



If you need more space to list your interest or dividends, attach separate sheets that are the same size as Schedule 1. Use the same format as lines 1 and 5, but show your totals on Schedule 1. Be sure to put your name and social security number on the sheets and attach them at the end of Form 1040A.

### Part I

### Interest Income

# Line 1

Report on line 1 **all** of your taxable interest income. Include interest from series EE U.S. savings bonds. List each payer's name and show the amount.

Seller-Financed Mortgages. If you sold your home or other property and the buyer used the property as a personal residence, list first any interest the buyer paid you on a mortgage or other form of seller financing. Be sure to show the buyer's name, address, and social security number (SSN). You must also let the buyer know your SSN. If you do not show the buyer's name, address, and SSN and let the buyer know your SSN, you may have to pay a \$50 penalty.

Nominees. If you received a Form 1099-INT that includes interest you received as a nominee (that is, in your name, but the interest actually belongs to someone else), report the total on line 1. Do this even if you later distributed some or all of this income to others. Under your last entry on line 1, put a subtotal of all interest listed on line 1. Below this subtotal, print "NOMINEE DISTRIBUTION" and show the total interest you received as a nominee. Subtract this amount from the subtotal and enter the result on line 2.



If you received interest as a nominee, you must give the actual owner a Form 1099-INT unless the owner is your spouse. You must also file a Form 1096 and a Form 1099-INT with the IRS. For more details, see the Instructions for Forms 1099, 1098, 5498, and W-2G.

**Tax-Exempt Interest.** If you received a **Form 1099-INT** for tax-exempt interest, report it on line 1. But do not include it in the total on line 2. Instead, under your last entry on line 1, put a subtotal of all interest listed. Below the subtotal, print "TAX-EXEMPT INTEREST" and show the amount. Subtract it from the subtotal and enter the result on line 2. Be sure to also include this tax-exempt interest on Form 1040A, line 8b.

### Line 3

Excludable Interest on Series EE U.S. Savings Bonds Issued After 1989. If you cashed series EE U.S. savings bonds in 1996 that were issued after 1989 and you paid qualified higher education expenses in 1996 for yourself, your spouse, or your dependents, you may be able to exclude part or all of the interest on those bonds. See Form 8815 for details.

### Part II

### **Dividend Income**

### Line 5

Report on line 5 **all** of your dividend income. List each payer's name and show the amount.

Nominees. If you received a Form 1099-DIV that includes dividends you received as a nominee (that is, in your name, but the dividends actually belong to someone else), report the total on line 5. Do this even if you later distributed some or all of this income to others. Under your last entry on line 5, put a subtotal of all dividends listed on line 5. Below this subtotal, print "NOMINEE DISTRIBUTION" and show the total dividends you received as a nominee. Subtract this amount from the subtotal and enter the result on line 6.



If you received dividends as a nominee, you must give the actual owner a Form 1099-DIV unless the owner is your spouse. You must also file a Form 1096 and a Form 1099-DIV with the IRS. For more details, see the Instructions for Forms 1099, 1098, 5498, and W-2G.

# **Instructions For Schedule 2**

# **Purpose of Schedule**

If you paid someone to care for your child or other qualifying person so you (and your spouse if filing a joint return) could work or look for work in 1996, you may be able to take the credit for child and dependent care expenses. But you must have had earned income to do so. If you can take the credit, fill in Parts I and II of Schedule 2 and attach it to your return. Part II is used to figure the amount of your credit.

**Caution:** If the care was provided in your home, you may owe employment taxes. See the instructions for Form 1040A, line 27.

If you received any dependent care benefits for 1996, you MUST fill in Parts I and III of Schedule 2 and attach it to your return. Part III is used to figure the amount, if any, of the benefits you may exclude from your income on Form 1040A, line 7. You must complete Part III before you can figure the credit, if any, in Part II.

## A Change To Note

If your qualifying person (defined below) is not your dependent, you must enter that person's first and last name and social security number (SSN) in the space to the left of line 3. If the person was born in December 1996 and does not have an SSN, enter "12/96" next to the person's name. If you do not enter the information, we may reduce or disallow your credit.

# **Important Terms**

Qualifying Person(s). A qualifying person is:

- Any child under age 13 whom you can claim as a dependent (but see Exception for Children of Divorced or Separated Parents below). If the child turned 13 during the year, the child is a qualifying person for the part of the year he or she was under age 13.
- Your disabled spouse who is not able to care for himself or herself.
- Any disabled person not able to care for himself or herself whom you can claim as a dependent (or could claim as a dependent except that the person had gross income of \$2,550 or more). But if this person is your child, see Exception for Children of Divorced or Separated Parents below.

To find out who is a dependent, see the instructions for Form 1040A, line 6c, that begin on page 17. **Caution:** To be a qualifying person, the person **must** have shared the same home with you in 1996.

**Exception for Children of Divorced or Separated Parents.** If you were divorced, legally separated, or lived apart from your spouse during the last 6 months of 1996, you may be able to take the credit or the exclusion even if your child is not your dependent. If your child is not your dependent, he or she is a qualifying person only if **all five** of the following apply.

- You had custody of the child for a longer time in 1996 than the other parent. See Pub. 501 for the definition of custody.
- 2. One or both of the parents provided over half of the child's support in 1996.
- **3.** One or both of the parents had custody of the child for more than half of 1996.

- The child was under age 13 or was disabled and could not take care of himself or herself.
- 5. The other parent claims the child as a dependent under the rules for **Children of Divorced or Separated Parents** on page 18.

If you can take the credit or the exclusion because of this exception, see **A Change To Note** on this page. The other parent cannot treat this child as a qualifying person even though the other parent claims this child as a dependent.

**Dependent Care Benefits.** These include amounts your employer paid directly to either you or your care provider for the care of your qualifying person(s) while you worked. These benefits also include the fair market value of care in a day-care facility provided or sponsored by your employer. Your salary may have been reduced to pay for these benefits. If you received dependent care benefits, they should be shown in box 10 of your 1996 W-2 form(s).

**Qualified Expenses.** You can count only those expenses that were for the qualifying person's well-being and protection while you worked or looked for work. These expenses include household services needed to care for the qualifying person and to run the home, expenses for the care of the qualifying person, and your share of the employment taxes paid on wages for qualifying child and dependent care services.

You may include the cost of care provided outside your home for your dependent under age 13 or any other qualifying person who regularly spends at least 8 hours a day in your home. If the care was provided by a dependent care center, the center must meet all applicable state and local regulations. A dependent care center is a place that provides care for more than six persons (other than persons who live there) and receives a fee, payment, or grant for providing services for any of those persons, even if the center is not run for profit.

You may include amounts paid for food and schooling **only** if these items are part of the total care and cannot be separated from the total cost. But **do not** include the cost of schooling for a child in the first grade or above. Also, **do not** include any expenses for sending your child to an overnight camp.

You **cannot** include expenses reimbursed by a state social service agency unless you included the reimbursement in your income. Also, child support payments are **not** qualified expenses.

Some disabled spouse and dependent care expenses may qualify as medical expenses if you itemize deductions. But you must use Form 1040. See Pub. 503 and Pub. 502 for details.

**Earned Income.** Generally, this is your wages, salaries, tips, and other employee compensation. This is usually the amount shown on Form 1040A, line 7. But earned income does not include a scholarship or fellowship grant if you did not get a W-2 form for it. For purposes of Part III of Schedule 2, earned income does not include any dependent care benefits shown on line 11 of Schedule 2.

Earned income also includes certain nontaxable earned income such as meals and lodging provided for the convenience of your employer. See Pub. 503 for details. However, including nontaxable earned income will only give you a larger credit if your other earned

income (and your spouse's other earned income if filing a joint return) is less than the qualified expenses entered on line 4. For purposes of Part III of Schedule 2, including nontaxable earned income will only give you a larger exclusion if your other earned income (and your spouse's other earned income) is less than the amount entered on line 15.

If you are **filing a joint return**, disregard community property laws. If your spouse died in 1996 and had no earned income, see Pub. 503 for details on how to figure the credit. If your spouse was a student or disabled in 1996, see the line 6 instructions on this page.

# Who May Take the Credit or Exclude Dependent Care Benefits?

You may take the credit or the exclusion if **all six** of the following apply.

- Your filing status is single, head of household, qualifying widow(er) with dependent child, or married filing jointly. But see Special Rule for Married Persons Filing Separate Returns on this page.
- 2. The care was provided so you (and your spouse if you were married) could work or look for work. However, if you did not find a job and have no earned income for the year, you cannot take the credit or the exclusion. But if your spouse was a student or disabled, see the line 6 instructions on this page.
- 3. You (and your spouse if you were married) paid over half the cost of keeping up your home. Use Tele-Tax topic 602 (see page 42) or see Pub. 503 for an explanation of what costs are included.
- You and the qualifying person(s) lived in the same home.
- 5. The person who provided the care was not your spouse or a person whom you can claim as a dependent. If your child provided the care, he or she must have been age 19 or older by the end of 1996.
- **6.** You report the required information about the care provider on line 1.

Special Rule for Married Persons Filing Separate Returns. If your filing status is married filing separately and all of the following apply, you are considered unmarried for purposes of figuring the credit and the exclusion on Schedule 2.

- You lived apart from your spouse during the last 6 months of 1996, and
- The qualifying person lived in your home more than half of 1996, and
- You provided over half the cost of keeping up your home

If you meet **all** the requirements to be treated as unmarried and meet items **2** through **6** listed earlier, you may take the credit or the exclusion. If you do not meet all the requirements to be treated as unmarried, you **cannot** take the credit. However, you may take the exclusion if you meet items **2** through **6**.

### Part I

# Persons or Organizations Who Provided the Care Line 1

Complete columns (a) through (d) for each person or organization that provided the care. You can use Form W-10 or any other source listed in its instructions to get the information from the care provider. If you do not give correct or complete information, your credit (and exclusion, if applicable) may be disallowed unless you can show you used due diligence in trying to get the required information.

**Due Diligence.** You can show a serious and earnest effort (due diligence) to get the information by keeping in your records a Form W-10 completed by the care provider. Or you may keep one of the other sources of information listed in the instructions for Form W-10. If the provider does not give you the information, complete the entries you can on line 1 of Schedule 2. For example, enter the provider's name and address. Print "SEE PAGE 2" in the columns for which you do not have the information. Then, on the bottom of page 2, explain that the provider did not give you the information you requested.

Columns (a) and (b). Print the care provider's name and address. If you were covered by your employer's dependent care plan and your employer furnished the care (either at your workplace or by hiring a care provider), print your employer's name in column (a). Next, print "SEE W-2" in column (b). Then, leave columns (c) and (d) blank. But if your employer paid a third party (not hired by your employer) on your behalf to provide the care, you must give information on the third party in columns (a) through (d).

**Column (c).** If the care provider is an individual, enter his or her social security number (SSN). Otherwise, enter the provider's employer identification number (EIN). If the provider is a tax-exempt organization, print "TAXEXEMPT."

**Column (d).** Enter the total amount you **actually paid** in 1996 to the care provider. Also, include amounts your employer paid to a third party on your behalf. It does not matter when the expenses were incurred. **Do not** reduce this amount by any reimbursement you received.

### Part II

# **Credit for Child and Dependent Care Expenses Line 4**

Do not include the following expenses on line 4.

- Qualified expenses you incurred in 1996 but did not pay until 1997. You may be able to use these expenses to increase your 1997 credit.
- Qualified expenses you incurred in 1995 but did not pay until 1996. Instead, see Prior Year's Expenses on the next page.

#### Line 6

**Spouse Who Was a Student or Disabled.** Your spouse was a **student** if he or she was enrolled as a full-time student at a school during any 5 months of

1996. Your spouse was **disabled** if he or she was not capable of self-care. Figure your spouse's earned income on a monthly basis.

For each month or part of a month your spouse was a student or was disabled, he or she is considered to have worked and earned income. His or her earned income for each month is considered to be at least \$200 (\$400 if more than one qualifying person was cared for in 1996). If your spouse also worked during that month, use the higher of \$200 (or \$400) or his or her actual earned income for that month. If, in the same month, both you and your spouse were either students or disabled, this rule applies to only one of you for that month.

For any month that your spouse was not a student or disabled, use your spouse's actual earned income if he or she worked during the month.

### Line 10

If you had qualified expenses for 1995 that you did not pay until 1996, see **Prior Year's Expenses** next. Otherwise, see **Credit Limit** on this page.

Prior Year's Expenses. If you had qualified expenses for 1995 that you did not pay until 1996, you may be able to increase the amount of credit you can take in 1996. For details, see **Amount of Credit** in Pub. 503. If you can take a credit for your 1995 expenses, print "PYE" and the amount of the credit next to line 10. Add the credit to the amount on line 10 and replace the amount on line 10 with that total. Also, attach a statement showing how you figured the credit. See **Credit Limit** next.

Credit Limit. Add the amounts on Form 1040A, lines 8b and 17. If the total is not over (a) \$45,000 if married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er), (b) \$33,750 if single or head of household, or (c) \$22,500 if married filing separately, your credit is not limited. Enter on Form 1040A, line 24a, the amount from Schedule 2, line 10. If the total is over the dollar amount for your filing status, your credit may be limited. To figure the amount of credit you may claim, first complete lines 1 through 7 of the Alternative Minimum Tax Worksheet on page 28. Then, complete the worksheet below.

#### Part III

### **Dependent Care Benefits**

### Line 12

If you had a flexible spending account, any amount included on line 11 that you did not receive because you did not incur the expense is considered forfeited. Enter the forfeited amount on line 12. **Do not** include amounts you expect to receive at a future date.

**Example.** Under your employer's dependent care plan, you chose to have your employer set aside \$5,000 to cover your 1996 dependent care expenses. The \$5,000 is shown in box 10 of your W-2 form. In 1996, you incurred and were reimbursed for \$4,950 of qualified expenses. You would enter \$5,000 on line 11 and \$50, the amount forfeited, on line 12.

### Line 14

Enter the total of all qualified expenses incurred in 1996 for the care of your qualifying person(s). It does not matter when the expenses were paid.

**Example.** You received \$2,000 in cash under your employer's dependent care plan for 1996. The \$2,000 is shown in box 10 of your W-2 form. Only \$900 of qualified expenses were incurred in 1996 for the care of your 5-year-old dependent child. You would enter \$2,000 on line 11 and \$900 on line 14.

### Line 17

If your filing status is married filing separately, see **Special Rule for Married Persons Filing Separate Returns** on page 52. If you are considered unmarried under that rule, enter your earned income (from line 16) on line 17. On line 19, enter the smaller of the amount from line 18 or \$5,000. If you are **not** considered unmarried under that rule, enter your spouse's earned income on line 17. If your spouse was a student or disabled in 1996, see the line 6 instructions. On line 19, enter the smaller of the amount from line 18 or \$2,500.

	Credit Limit Worksheet—Line 10 (keep for your records)		
2. 3.	Enter the amount from Form 1040A, line 23	2 3	

# Major Categories of Federal Income and Outlays for Fiscal Year 1995

On or before the first Monday in February of each year, the President is required to submit to the Congress a budget proposal for the fiscal year that begins the following October. The budget sets forth the President's proposed receipts, spending, and deficit or surplus for the Federal Government. The plan includes recommendations for new legislation as well as recommendations to change, eliminate, and add programs. After receiving the President's proposal, the Congress reviews it and makes changes. It first passes a budget resolution setting its own targets for receipts, outlays, and deficit or surplus. Individual spending and revenue bills are then enacted consistent with the goals of the budget resolution.

In fiscal year 1995 (which began on October 1, 1994, and ended on September 30, 1995), Federal income was \$1,355 billion and outlays were \$1,519 billion, leaving a deficit of \$164 billion.

### **Federal Income**

Income and social insurance taxes are, by far, the largest source of receipts. In 1995, individuals paid \$590 billion in income taxes and corporations paid \$157 billion. Social security and other insurance and retirement contributions were \$484 billion. Excise taxes were \$57 billion. The remaining \$66 billion of receipts were from Federal Reserve deposits, customs duties, estate and gift taxes, and other miscellaneous receipts.

## **Federal Outlays**

About 89% of total outlays were financed by tax receipts and the remaining 11% were financed by borrowing. Government receipts and borrowing finance a wide range of public services. The following is the breakdown of total outlays for fiscal year 1995\*:

- 1. Social security, Medicare, and other retirement: \$567 billion. These programs were about 36% of total outlays. They provide income support for the retired and disabled and medical care for the elderly.
- 2. National defense, veterans, and foreign affairs: \$326 billion. About 17% of total outlays were to equip, modernize, and pay our armed forces and to fund other national defense activities; about 2% went for veterans benefits and services; and about 1% went for international activities, including military and economic assistance to foreign countries and the maintenance of U.S. embassies abroad.
- **3. Net interest:** \$232 billion. About 15% of total outlays were for net interest payments on the public debt.
- 4. Physical, human, and community development: \$128 billion. About 8% of total outlays were for agriculture; natural resources and environmental programs; transportation programs; aid for elementary and secondary education and direct assistance

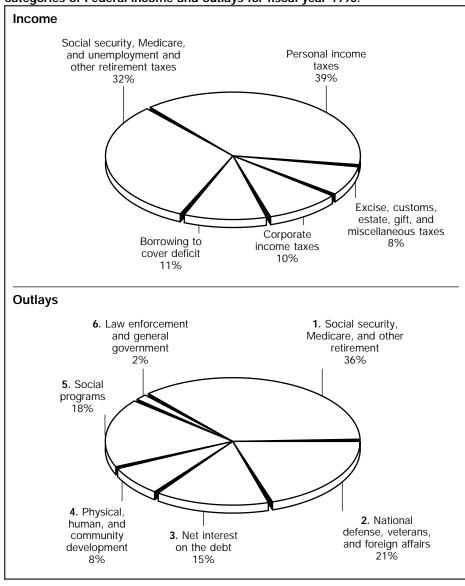
to college students; job training programs; deposit insurance, commerce and housing credit, and community development; and space, energy, and general science programs.

**5. Social programs:** \$280 billion. The Federal Government spent 12% of total outlays to fund Medicaid, food stamps, aid to families with dependent children, supplemental security income, and related programs. Over 6% was spent for health research and public health programs, unemployment compensation, assisted housing, and social services.

6. Law enforcement and general government: \$30 billion. About 2% of total outlays were for judicial activities, Federal law enforcement, and prisons; and to provide for the general costs of the Federal Government, including the collection of taxes and legislative activities.

**Note:** Detail may not add to total due to rounding.

Income and Outlays—These pie charts show the relative sizes of the major categories of Federal income and outlays for fiscal year 1995.



<sup>\*</sup> The percentages on this page exclude undistributed offsetting receipts, which were -\$44 billion in fiscal year 1995. In the budget, these receipts are offset against spending in figuring the outlay totals shown above. These receipts are primarily for the U.S. Government's share of its employee retirement programs, rents and royalties on the Outer Continental Shelf, and proceeds from the spectrum auction.

	Extensions of Time To File 8, 35	Late Filing
A Address Change	Filing Information	Other
Advance Earned Income Credit Payments 6, 27 Alaska Permanent Fund Dividends 22 Allocated Tip Income 19 Alternative Minimum Tax 28 Alternative Ways of Filing 7 Amended Return 37 Amount You Owe 36 Annuities 20-22	Foreign Bank Account	Publications, How To Get 5  R Railroad Retirement Benefits—    Treated as a Pension 20    Treated as Social Security
Blindness	Help (free)	Rights of Taxpayers
C Child and Dependent Care Expenses, Credit for	Income Tax Withheld (Federal)	S         Salaries
Death of Taxpayer	Interest—Late Payment of Tax 8 Itemized Deductions	Student Dependent
Children	M Married Persons— Filing Joint Returns	Tax Table
Divorced or Separated Parents, Children of	Name, Address, and Social Security Number . 15 Name Change	Unemployment Compensation
E       Earned Income Credit       6, 29         Earned Income Credit Tables       33-34         Elderly Persons—       Standard Deduction for       26, 27         Credit for       26	Nonresident Alien	Wages       19         When To File       8         Where To File       Back cover         Who Can Use Form 1040A       14         Who Must File       10–14         Who Must Use Form 1040       14         Who Stands File       10–14
Electronic Filing	Penalty— Estimated Tax	Who Should File



# Where Do I File?

If an envelope addressed to "Internal Revenue Service Center" came with your tax booklet, please use it. If you do not have one, or if you moved during the year, mail your return to the Internal Revenue Service Center for the place where you live. No street address is needed.



Envelopes without enough postage will be returned to you by the post office. If your envelope contains more than five pages or is oversized, it may need additional postage. Also, include your complete return address.

Alaska—Ogden, UT 84201-0015
Arizona—Ogden, UT 84201-0015
Arkansas—Memphis, TN 37501-0015
California—Counties of Alpine, Amador,
Butte, Calaveras, Colusa, Contra Costa,
Del Norte, El Dorado, Glenn,
Humboldt, Lake, Lassen, Marin,
Mendocino, Modoc, Napa, Nevada,
Placer, Plumas, Sacramento, San
Joaquin, Shasta, Sierra, Siskiyou,
Solano, Sonoma, Sutter, Tehama,
Trinity, Yolo, and Yuba—
Ogden, UT 84201-0015

Alabama—Memphis, TN 37501-0015

All other counties—Fresno, CA 93888-0015

Colorado—Ogden, UT 84201-0015 Connecticut—Andover, MA 05501-0015 Delaware—Philadelphia, PA 19255-0015 District of Columbia— Philadelphia, PA 19255-0015

Philadelphia, PA 19255-0015 Florida—Atlanta, GA 39901-0015 Georgia—Atlanta, GA 39901-0015
Hawaii—Fresno, CA 93888-0015
Idaho—Ogden, UT 84201-0015
Illinois—Kansas City, MO 64999-0015
Indiana—Cincinnati, OH 45999-0015
Iowa—Kansas City, MO 64999-0015
Kansas—Austin, TX 73301-0015
Kentucky—Cincinnati, OH 45999-0015
Louisiana—Memphis, TN 37501-0015
Maine—Andover, MA 05501-0015
Maryland—Philadelphia, PA 19255-0015
Massachusetts—Andover, MA 05501-0015

**Michigan**—Cincinnati, OH 45999-0015 **Minnesota**—Kansas City, MO 64999-0015

Mississippi—Memphis, TN 37501-0015 Missouri—Kansas City, MO 64999-0015 Montana—Ogden, UT 84201-0015 Nebraska—Ogden, UT 84201-0015 Newada—Ogden, UT 84201-0015 New Hampshire—Andover, MA 05501-0015 New Jersey—Holtsville, NY 00501-0015

New Mexico—Austin, TX 73301-0015 New York—New York City and counties of Nassau, Rockland, Suffolk, and Westchester—Holtsville, NY 00501-0015

All other counties—Andover, MA 05501-0015

North Carolina—Memphis, TN 37501-0015

North Dakota—Ogden, UT 84201-0015 Ohio—Cincinnati, OH 45999-0015 Oklahoma—Austin, TX 73301-0015 Oregon—Ogden, UT 84201-0015 Pennsylvania—Philadelphia, PA 19255-0015

Rhode Island—Andover, MA 05501-0015 **South Carolina**—Atlanta, GA 39901-0015

South Dakota—Ogden, UT 84201-0015 Tennessee—Memphis, TN 37501-0015 Texas—Austin, TX 73301-0015 Utah—Ogden, UT 84201-0015 Vermont—Andover, MA 05501-0015 Virginia—Philadelphia, PA 19255-0015 Washington—Ogden, UT 84201-0015 West Virginia—Cincinnati, OH 45999-0015

**Wisconsin**—Kansas City, MO 64999-0015

Wyoming—Ogden, UT 84201-0015 American Samoa—Philadelphia, PA 19255-0015

Guam: Permanent residents—
Department of Revenue and
Taxation
Government of Guam
P.O. Box 23607
GMF, GU 96921

**Guam: Nonpermanent residents**— Philadelphia, PA 19255-0015

Puerto Rico (or if excluding income under Internal Revenue Code section 933)— Philadelphia, PA 19255-0015

Virgin Islands: Nonpermanent residents— Philadelphia, PA 19255-0015

Virgin Islands: Permanent residents—

V.I. Bureau of Internal Revenue 9601 Estate Thomas Charlotte Amalie St. Thomas, VI 00802

**Foreign country:** U.S. citizens and those filing Form 2555, Form 2555-EZ, or Form 4563—
Philadelphia, PA 19255-0015

All APO and FPO addresses— Philadelphia, PA 19255-0015

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