Publication 596
Cat. No. 15173A

## The Government May Owe You Money!!

In 1997, if You...

- Earned less than \$25,760 and have one qualifying child living with you,
or
- Earned less than \$29,290 and have more than one qualifying child living with you, or
- Earned less than \$9,770 and do not have a qualifying child


Then you may be entitled to the Earned Income Credit. Read this Publication and find out.

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## Important Changes for 1997

Earned income credit is more. The maximum amount of credit has increased for 1997. The most you can receive is:

- $\$ 2,210$ with one qualifying child,
- $\$ 3,656$ with more than one qualifying child, or
- $\$ 332$ without a qualifying child.

Earned income amount is more. The amount you can earn and still get the credit has increased for 1997. The amount you earn must be less than:

- $\$ 25,760$ with one qualifying child,
- $\$ 29,290$ with more than one qualifying child, or
- $\$ 9,770$ without a qualifying child.

Investment income amount is more. The maximum amount of investment income you can have and still get the credit has increased for 1997. You can have investment income up to $\$ 2,250$. For most people, investment income is taxable interest and dividends, tax-exempt interest, and capital gain net income. To get more detailed information, see rule A-2, Investment Income Limit, on page 7.

Social security number. You must provide a correct and valid social security number (SSN) for yourself, your spouse, and any qualifying children. If an SSN is missing or incorrect, you may not get the credit. See rule A-4, Social Security Number (SSN), on page 8.

Earned income credit denied. Beginning in 1997, the earned income credit will be denied for a period of years if you improperly claim it because of reckless or intentional disregard of IRS rules or regulations, or fraud. Also, if you are denied the earned income credit as a result of deficiency procedures, you must recertify your eligibility before you can claim the credit again. See page 3.

## Important Change for 1998

Modified AGI (adjusted gross income). Beginning in 1998, your modified AGI used to limit your credit will expand to include:

1) Tax-exempt interest, and
2) Nontaxable distributions from a pension, annuity, or individual retirement arrangement (IRA), unless rolled over into a similar type of plan during the period allowed for rollovers.

Also, the amount of business losses that must be added back to AGI to figure modified AGI will increase from $50 \%$ to $75 \%$.

## Important Reminders

Advance payment of the earned income credit in your paycheck. If you qualify for the earned income credit in 1998, you can receive part of it in each paycheck throughout the year. See Part E, Advance Earned Income Credit, for more information.

Earned income credit has no effect on certain welfare benefits. The earned income credit and advance earned income credit payments you receive will not be used to determine whether you are eligible for the following benefit programs, or how much you can receive from these programs.

- Temporary assistance for needy families
- Medicaid and supplemental security income (SSI)
- Food stamps and low-income housing


## Introduction

The earned income credit is a special credit for certain people who work. The credit reduces the amount of income tax you owe (if any) and is intended to offset some of the increases in living expenses and social security taxes.

How do you get the earned income credit? To get the earned income credit you must:

1) Qualify by meeting certain rules, and
2) File a tax return, even if you:
a) Do not owe any tax,
b) Did not earn enough money to file a return, or
c) Did not have income taxes withheld from your pay.


When you complete your return, you can figure your earned income credit by using a worksheet in the instructions for the return. Or, if you prefer, you can let the IRS figure the credit for you.

How will this publication help you? This publication will help you decide if you qualify for the earned income credit. It explains:

- What rules you must meet to qualify for the credit,
- How to figure the credit, and
- How to get advance payment of the credit in your paycheck.

To learn about the rules you must meet, first read Do You Qualify for the Credit.

## Do You Qualify for the Credit?

To qualify for the earned income credit, you must meet certain rules. These rules are explained in Part A, Rules for Everyone, Part B, More Rules If You Have a Qualifying Child, and Part C, More Rules If You Do Not Have a Qualifying Child. You qualify for the credit if you meet all the rules in each part that applies to you.

- If you have a qualifying child, the rules in Parts A and $B$ apply to you.
- If you do not have a qualifying child, the rules in Parts A and C apply to you.


## Do You Have a Qualifying Child?

Basically, a qualifying child is a child who:

1) Is your son, daughter, adopted child, grandchild, stepchild, or eligible foster child, and
2) Was (at the end of 1997) under age 19, under age 24 and a full-time student, or any age and permanently and totally disabled during the year, and
3) Lived with you in the United States for more than half of 1997 (for all of 1997 if the child is your eligible foster child).

See rule B-2, Qualifying Child, on page 10 for more detailed information.

## Table 1. Earned Income Credit at a Glance

Use Table 1 as a guide to Parts A, B, and C. The table is a summary list of all the rules in each part. Each rule listed has a rule number. Use this rule number to find a more detailed discussion of that rule in this publication.

## Earned Income Credit Denied

Beginning in 1997, if you improperly claim the earned income credit due to reckless or intentional disregard of IRS rules or regulations, you cannot claim the credit for the next 2 years. Also, if you fraudulently claim the earned income credit, you cannot claim the credit for the next 10 years. These sanctions are in addition to any other penalty imposed, such as the accuracyrelated penalty or the fraud penalty.

Recertification after denial of credit. Beginning in 1997, if you improperly claim the earned income credit and the IRS denies it as the result of deficiency procedures, you cannot claim the credit again unless you provide information required by the IRS that shows you are eligible to claim the credit. The IRS will send you information about how to become recertified. If you claim the credit without first being recertified by the IRS, your claim will be automatically denied. The recertification procedures can apply if you are subject to the above described 2- or 10-year disallowance period.

Table 1. Earned Income Credit at a Glance
(Use as a guide to Parts A, B, and C)

| Part A <br> Rules for Everyone | Part B <br> More Rules If You Have a Qualifying Child | Part C <br> More Rules If You Do Not Have <br> a Qualifying Child |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| You must have earned income. (See rule A-1 on page 5) Your investment income cannot be more than $\$ 2,250$. <br> (See rule A-2 on page 7) Your filing status cannot be "Married Filing Separately." (See rule A-3 on page 8) You must have a social security number. <br> (See rule A-4 on page 8) Neither you nor your spouse can be a qualifying child of another person. <br> (See rule A-5 on page 9) You cannot file a Form 2555, Foreign Earned Income (or Form 2555-EZ, Foreign Earned Income Exclusion). (See rule A-6 on page 9) You cannot be a nonresident alien for any part of the year. (See rule A-7 on page 9) | Your earned income and modified adjusted gross income (AGI) must each be less than: <br> - $\$ 25,760$ if you have one qualifying child, or <br> - $\$ 29,290$ if you have more than one qualifying child. <br> (See rule B-1 on page 10) You must have a qualifying child. <br> (See rule B-2 on page 10) Your qualifying child cannot be the qualifying child of another person whose modified AGI is higher than yours. <br> (See rule B-3 on page 12) | Your earned income and modified AGI must each be less than \$9,770. <br> (See rule C-1 on page 13) <br> You (or your spouse, if filing a joint return) must be at least age 25 but under age 65 . (See rule C-2 on page 13) <br> Neither you nor your spouse can be eligible to be claimed as a dependent on another person's return. <br> (See rule C-3 on page 13) <br> Your main home must be in the United States for more than half of the year. <br> (See rule C-4 on page 14) |

Recertification is not required if IRS disallows all or part of your credit because of a mathematical or clerical error. This type of error may include:

- Not including a required social security number on your return,
- Claiming the credit based on earnings from selfemployment without paying the correct amount of self-employment tax, or
- Claiming the credit after a previous denial of the credit as the result of deficiency procedures without first becoming recertified.

Recertification also is not required if the IRS denies your claim for the credit through the deficiency procedures and the Tax Court (or other court if you appeal the decision of the Tax Court) decides that you are eligible to claim the credit.

Deficiency procedures. If the IRS questions your eligibility for the earned income credit you claimed for reasons other than a mathematical or clerical error, the

IRS may send you a letter asking that you provide information within a specified time frame about your eligibility for the credit. If you do not respond to the letter, or the information you provide does not show that you qualify for the credit, the IRS may send you a "notice of deficiency" by certified or registered mail. This notice tells you that your claim for the credit is denied. It also tells you that you owe additional tax and interest because the credit was denied and gives you a specific time period to file a petition in the Tax Court. If you do not timely file a petition in the Tax Court, the IRS may deny the credit and charge you the additonal tax and interest.

## Part A. Rules for Everyone

This part of the publication discusses rules A-1 through A-7. You must meet all seven rules to qualify for the earned income credit. If you do not meet all seven rules, you cannot get the credit and you do not need to read the rest of the publication.

If you meet all seven rules in this part, then read either Part B or Part C (whichever applies) for more rules you must meet.

## A-1. Earned Income

This credit is called the "earned income credit" because, to qualify, you must work and have earned income. If you are married and file a joint return, you meet this rule if at least one spouse works and has earned income.

Figuring your total earned income. You can figure your total earned income on the Earned Income Credit Worksheet (EIC Worksheet) in your tax return instructions for:

- Lines 56a and 56b (Form 1040),
- Lines 29c and 29d (Form 1040A), or
- Lines 8a and 8b (Form 1040EZ).

If you file Form 1040, complete lines 1 through 6 of the EIC worksheet to figure your total earned income. If you file Form 1040A or Form 1040EZ, complete lines 1 through 5 .

$\Delta$If the total of your taxable and nontaxable earned income is $\$ 25,760$ or more (if you have one qualifying child), \$29,290 or more (if you have more than one qualifying child), or $\$ 9,770$ or more (if you do not have a qualifying child), print "No" directly to the right of line 56a (Form 1040) or line 29c (Form 1040A), or to the right of the word "below" on line 86 (Form 1040EZ).

## There Are Two Ways To Get Earned Income. You Must Work:


or
2)

In A Business
You Own


## What Counts as Earned Income?

Earned income includes all the income you get from working-even if it is not taxable. Enter any nontaxable earned income on line 4 of the EIC Worksheet. If you claim the earned income credit, also enter that nontax-
able earned income on Form 1040, line 56b (Form 1040), line 29d (Form 1040A), or line 8b (Form 1040EZ). (But see the "caution" under Special procedures for a minister or a member of a religious order, under What Counts as Earnings from SelfEmployment?, on page 6.

1If you are married, filing as head of household (see rule A-3), and live in a state that has community property laws, your earned income for the credit does not include any amount earned by your spouse that is treated as belonging to you under those laws. That amount is not earned income for the credit even though you must include it in your gross income on your income tax return.

For some examples of items that are included or not included in earned income, see Table 2, Examples of Earned Income for the Earned Income Credit, on page 7. Some of the items listed are discussed in more detail later. Earnings from self-employment are discussed separately.

Special note for household employees. If you were a household employee who did not receive a Form W-2 because your employer paid you less than $\$ 1,000$ in 1997, be sure to include the amount you were paid on line 7 (Form 1040 or 1040A) or line 1 (Form 1040EZ). Print "HSH" and the amount not reported on Form W-2 on the dotted line next to line 7 (Form 1040), or in the space to the left of line 7 (Form 1040A), or in the space to the right of the words " W -2 form(s)" on line 1 (Form 1040EZ).
U.S. military pay. Combat zone excluded pay, basic quarters and subsistence allowances, and the value of in-kind quarters and subsistence are all earned income that is not taxed but must be used when you figure the earned income credit. These amounts will be on your W-2 in box 13 under code "Q." See Publication 3, Armed Forces' Tax Guide, for more detailed information.

Disability benefits. If you retired on disability, benefits you receive under your employer's disability retirement plan are considered earned income until you reach minimum retirement age. Minimum retirement age generally is the earliest age at which you could have received a pension or annuity if you were not disabled. You must report your taxable disability payments on line 7 of either Form 1040 or Form 1040A until you reach minimum retirement age.

Beginning on the day after you reach minimum retirement age, payments you receive are taxable as a pension and are not considered earned income. Report taxable pension payments on Form 1040, lines 16a and 16b (or Form 1040A, lines 11a and 11b).

Voluntary salary reductions under cafeteria plans. If your employer offers a benefit plan that allows you to choose among two or more benefits consisting of cash and benefits that are not taxed, you are probably participating in a cafeteria plan. If you choose a benefit that is not taxed (such as accident and health insurance), the amount of the voluntary salary reduction (because
you did not choose cash) is earned income when figuring this credit.

Earnings while an inmate. Amounts paid to inmates in penal institutions for their work are not earned income when figuring the earned income credit. If the total on line 7 (Form 1040 or Form 1040A) or line 1 (Form 1040EZ) includes this income, do not enter that total on line 1 of the EIC Worksheet. Instead, subtract that income from the total and enter the result on line 1 of the EIC Worksheet. Also, print "PRI" and the amount subtracted on the dotted line next to line 7 (Form 1040), or in the space to the left of line 7 (Form 1040A), or in the space to the right of the words "W-2 form(s)" on line 1 (Form 1040EZ).

Native Americans. Income received by Native Americans that is exempt from federal income tax under the Internal Revenue Code or because of a treaty, agreement, Act of Congress, or other federal law is earned income for the credit if it is compensation for services performed as an employee. However, nontaxable income received for performing services as a selfemployed individual is not earned income when figuring the earned income credit.

## What Counts as Earnings from Self-Employment?

Your earnings from self-employment are earned income for the credit. You may have earnings from selfemployment if:

- You own your business,
- You are a minister or member of a religious order, or
- You reported income and expenses on Schedule C or C-EZ (Form 1040) as a statutory employee.

Enter your earnings (or loss) from self-employment on line 5 of the EIC Worksheet. Figure the amount to enter on line 5 by completing the separate worksheet for that line in the Form 1040 instructions for lines 56a and 56 b .

Statutory employee's earnings. If you reported income and expenses on Schedule C or C-EZ (Form 1040) as a statutory employee, your earnings from self-employment are the amount on line 1 of either schedule. Enter that amount on line 3 of the separate worksheet for line 5 of the EIC Worksheet.

Other earnings. Your earnings from self-employment in a business you own, or from your services as a minister or member of a religious order, are earned income for the credit. You must include these earnings in earned income even if your net earnings are less than $\$ 400$. (But if you are a minister or member of a religious order, see Approved Form 4361 or Approved Form 4029, later.)

If you have a loss from self-employment, you must subtract the loss from your other earned income.

$\Delta$If your net earnings from self-employment are $\$ 400$ or more, be sure to correctly fill out Schedule SE (Form 1040) and pay the proper amount of self-employment tax. If you do not, you may not get all the earned income credit you are entitled to.

Schedule SE. If you are filing Schedule SE (Form 1040), your earnings from self-employment are the amount you get after you subtract one-half of your self-employment tax (Form 1040, line 26) from your net profit (Schedule SE, line 3 of either Section A or Section B , whichever applies). You figure this amount on lines 1a through 1 e of the separate worksheet for line 5 of the EIC Worksheet.

(1)Using the optional methods on Schedule SE to figure your net earnings from self-employment may qualify you for the earned income credit or give you a larger credit if your net earnings (determined without using the optional methods) are less than $\$ 1,600$. If you use the optional methods, you increase your earnings from self-employment by adding the amount from line $4 b$ of Section B, Schedule SE, to your net profit. See Publication 533, Self-Employment Tax, and the instructions for Schedule SE for details.

If you do not have to file Schedule SE. If you do not have to file Schedule SE (for example, because your net earnings from self-employment are less than $\$ 400$ ), your earnings (or loss) from self-employment is the net profit or loss from your self-employment activities. Enter this amount on line 2 a or 2 b of the separate worksheet for line 5 of the EIC Worksheet. (But if you are a minister or member of a religious order, see $A p$ proved Form 4361 or Form 4029, later.)

Special procedures for a minister or member of a religious order. If you file Schedule SE and the amount on line 2 of that schedule includes an amount that was also reported on Form 1040, line 7, follow these special procedures.

1) If you claim the credit, print "Clergy" to the right of line 56a, Form 1040.
2) Determine how much of the income reported on Form 1040, line 7, was also reported on Schedule SE, line 2.
3) Subtract that income from the amount on Form 1040, line 7. Enter only the result on line 1 of the EIC Worksheet.
4) Complete the separate worksheet for line 5 in the Form 1040 instructions for lines 56a and 56b.

AIf you received a housing allowance or were provided housing, do not include the allowance or rental value of the parsonage as nontaxable earned income on line 4 of the EIC Worksheet (or on line 56b, Form 1040) if it is required to be included on Schedule SE, line 2.

Approved Form 4361 or Form 4029. This section is for persons who have an approved:

- Form 4361, Application for Exemption from SelfEmployment Tax for Use by Ministers, Members of

Table 2. Examples of Earned Income for the Earned Income Credit


Religious Orders and Christian Science Practitioners, or

- Form 4029, Application for Exemption from Social Security and Medicare Taxes and Waiver of Benefits.

Each approved form exempts certain income from the self-employment tax. Each form is discussed in this section in terms of what is or is not earned income for purposes of the earned income credit.

Form 4361. If you have an approved Form 4361, amounts you received for performing ministerial duties as an employee are earned income. This includes wages, salaries, tips, and other employee compensation. Other employee compensation includes nontaxable compensation such as housing allowances or the rental value of a parsonage that you receive as part of your pay for services as an employee.

Amounts you received in the exercise of ministerial duties, but not as an employee, are not earned income.

Examples include fees for performing marriages and honoraria for delivering speeches.

Any compensation you received from an undertaking unrelated to the ministry is earned income. This is so, whether you received the amounts as an employee or as a self-employed individual.

Form 4029. If you have an approved Form 4029, all wages, salaries, tips, and other employee compensation are earned income. Amounts you received as a self-employed individual are not earned income. Also, losses from Schedule C, C-EZ, or F cannot be subtracted from wages on line 7 of Form 1040.

## A-2. Investment Income Limit

You cannot claim the earned income credit if your investment income is more than $\$ 2,250$. For most people, investment income is the total of the following amounts.

- Taxable interest (line 8a of Form 1040 or 1040A).
- Tax-exempt interest (line 8b of Form 1040 or 1040A).
- Dividend income (line 9 of Form 1040 or 1040A).
- Capital gain net income (line 13 of Form 1040, if more than zero).

However, if you are reporting income from the rental of personal property on Form 1040, line 21, investment income also includes that income in excess of the total deductible related expenses. If you are filing Schedule E (Form 1040), Supplemental Income and Loss, investment income also includes the following amounts.

- Royalty income on Schedule E, line 4, in excess of the total related expenses on line 21 of that schedule.
- Income from passive activities (included on Schedule E, lines 26, 28a (col. (h)), 33a (col. (d)), and 39) in excess of the losses from passive activities (included on Schedule E, lines 26, 28b (col. (g)), 33b (col. (c)), and 39). But do not take into account any royalty income or (loss) included on line 26 of Schedule E or any amount included in your taxable earned income. To find out if the income on line 26 or line 39 of Schedule $E$ is from a passive activity, see the Schedule E instructions.

If any of the rental real estate income or (loss) included on Schedule E, line 26, is not from a passive activity, print "NPA" and the amount of that income or (loss) on the dotted line next to line 26.

## A-3. Married Person's Filing Status

If you are married, you usually must file a joint return to claim the earned income credit. Your filing status cannot be "Married Filing Separately."

Exception for head of household. You do not have to file a joint return if you can file as head of household. To file as head of household:

1) Your spouse must not have lived in your home at any time during the last 6 months of the year,
2) You must have paid more than half the cost to keep up your home for the entire year, and
3) Your home must have been, for more than half of the year, the main home of your child, adopted child, stepchild, or foster child for whom you are entitled to claim an exemption.

You will meet (3) even if you cannot claim an exemption for your child because:

- You released your claim in writing to the other parent by filling out Form 8332, Release of Claim to Exemption for Child of Divorced or Separated Parents, or similar written statement, or
- There is a pre-1985 agreement (decree of divorce or separate maintenance or written agreement) granting the exemption to your child's other parent.

For more information about filing as head of household, see the instructions for Form 1040 or Form 1040A.

If a child who qualifies you for head of household status also meets the requirements of a qualifying child (described in rule $\mathrm{B}-2$ on page 10), you can take the credit under the rules in Parts A and B.

Example 1. You are married and lived apart from your spouse all year. You earned $\$ 8,000$ and your 19 -year-old son lived with you all year. You provided more than half the cost of maintaining your home. Your son had a part-time job and earned $\$ 2,000$. He was not a full-time student or permanently and totally disabled. You qualify for the "head of household" filing status and claim your son as a dependent. You can get the earned income credit only if you meet all the rules in Parts A and $C$. You cannot use the rules in Part $B$ because your son is not your qualifying child. He is not under age 19, is not a full-time student, and is not permanently and totally disabled. Even though your son is your dependent, he is not a qualifying child for the earned income credit.

Example 2. The facts are the same as in Example 1 , except your son is 18 . In this case, your son is your dependent and a qualifying child. You qualify for the credit if you meet the rules in Parts A and B.

## A-4. Social Security Number (SSN)

To claim the earned income credit, you must have an SSN for you, your spouse (if filing a joint return), and your qualifying child.

An SSN is a number issued by the Social Security Administration to a U.S. citizen or to a person who has permission from the Immigration and Naturalization Service to work in the United States. You cannot get the earned income credit if the SSN was issued solely for use in applying for or receiving federally funded benefits.

$\Delta$If an SSN for you, your spouse, or qualifying child is missing from your tax return or is incorrect, you may not get the credit.

Other taxpayer identification numbers. You cannot get the credit if, instead of an SSN, you, your spouse, or your qualifying child has:

- An individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN), which is issued to a noncitizen who cannot get an SSN, or
- An adoption taxpayer identification number (ATIN), which is issued for a child to adopting parents who cannot get an SSN for the child being adopted until the adoption is final.

Getting an SSN. If you, your spouse, or your child does not have an SSN, apply for one by filing Form SS-5 with the Social Security Administration.

Qualifying child's SSN. Enter the SSN for your qualifying child on Schedule EIC, line 4. If your qualifying child is your dependent, also enter the SSN on line 6c of Form 1040 or Form 1040A.

Birth and death of your child. If your child was born and died in 1997 and did not have an SSN, attach a copy of the child's birth certificate and print "Died" on line 4 of Schedule EIC.

Filing deadline approaching and still no SSN. If the filing deadline is approaching and you still do not have an SSN, you have two choices.

1) Request an automatic 4-month extension (Form 4868). This extension does not give you extra time to pay any tax owed. You should pay any amount you expect to owe to avoid interest or penalty charges. (See the instructions for Form 4868, Application for Automatic Extension of Time to File U.S. Individual Income Tax Return.)
2) File the return on time without claiming the earned income credit. After receiving the SSN, file an amended return (Form 1040X) claiming the credit, and attach a filled-in Schedule EIC (if you have a qualifying child).

## A-5. Qualifying Child of Another Person

If you (or your spouse if filing a joint return) are a qualifying child of another person, you cannot claim the earned income credit.

Are you a qualifying child? Basically, you are a qualifying child of another person (parent, guardian, foster parent, etc.) if:

- You are that person's son, daughter, adopted child, grandchild, or foster child,
- At the end of the year you were under age 19 , under age 24 and a full-time student, or any age and permanently and totally disabled, and
- You lived with that person in the United States for more than half of the year (all year if you were a foster child). For the earned income credit, U.S. military personnel stationed outside the United States on extended active duty are considered to live in the United States during that duty period.

See rule B-2, Qualifying Child, on page 10 if you need further information.

Example 1. You lived with your mother during the year and meet all the other rules in Parts A and C. You are age 26 and permanently and totally disabled. Your only income was from a community center where you went twice a week to answer telephones. You were paid a small fee of $\$ 1,500$ for the year.

You are a qualifying child of your mother. She can claim the credit if she meets all the rules in Parts A and B. Because you are a qualifying child of your mother, you cannot claim the earned income credit.

Example 2. You and your daughter lived with your mother all year. Your daughter is your qualifying child and you meet all the other rules in Parts A and B. You
are 22 years old and attended a trade school full time. You had a part-time job and earned $\$ 5,700$. You had no other income.

Both you and your daughter are qualifying children of your mother. She can claim the earned income credit if she meets all the rules in Parts A and B. You cannot claim the earned income credit because you are your mother's qualifying child.

AIf you (or your spouse if filing a joint return) were a qualifying child of another person in 1997, enter "No" directly to the right of line 56a (Form 1040) or 29c (Form 1040A), or to the right of the word "below" on line 8b (Form 1040EZ).

## A-6. Foreign Earned Income

You cannot claim the earned income credit if you file Form 2555, Foreign Earned Income, or Form 2555-EZ, Foreign Earned Income Exclusion. You file these forms to exclude income earned in foreign countries from your gross income, or to deduct or exclude a foreign housing amount. U. S. possessions are not foreign countries. See Publication 54, Tax Guide for U.S. Citizens and Resident Aliens Abroad, for more detailed information.

## A-7. Nonresident Alien

You cannot claim the earned income credit if you are a nonresident alien for any part of the year, unless:

1) You are married to a U.S. citizen or a resident alien, and
2) You choose to be treated as a resident for all of 1997.

$\Delta$If you make the choice in (2) above, you and your spouse are taxed on your worldwide income. You cannot claim any tax treaty benefits as a resident of a foreign country during a tax year in which the choice is in effect.

How to make the choice. To make the choice, file a joint return for the first tax year for which the choice applies and attach a statement signed by both spouses. The statement should contain the following:

- A declaration that one spouse was a nonresident alien and the other spouse was a U.S. citizen or resident alien on the last day of your tax year, and that you choose to be treated as a U.S. resident for all of 1997, and
- The name, address, and social security number of each spouse.

For more information on making this choice, get Publication 519, U.S. Tax Guide for Aliens.

$\Delta$If you make the choice and qualify for the earned income credit, you must have social security numbers for you, your spouse, and any qualifying children. See rule A-4, Social Security Number (SSN), on page 8 for more information.

## Part B. More Rules If You Have a Qualifying Child

Use this Part B if you:

1) Have a qualifying child, and
2) Have met all the rules in Part A.

This part of the publication discusses rules B-1 through B-3. You must meet all three rules, in addition to the rules in Part A, to qualify for the earned income credit with a qualifying child.

If you meet all the rules in Part A and this part, you must file Form 1040 or Form 1040A to claim the credit. (You cannot file Form 1040EZ.) You must also complete Schedule EIC and attach it to your return. If you meet all the rules in Part A and this part, read Part D to find out what to do next.

.If you do not meet rule B-2, you do not have a qualifying child. Read Part $C$ to find out if you can get the earned income credit.

## B-1. Earned Income and Modified AGI (Adjusted Gross Income) Limit

To claim the earned income credit, your earned income and modified AGI must each be less than:

- $\$ 25,760$ if you have one qualifying child, or
- $\$ 29,290$ if you have two or more qualifying children.

Earned income. Earned income includes all the income you get from working-even if it is not taxable. For examples, see rule A-1, Earned Income, on page 5.

$\Delta$If the total of your taxable and nontaxable earned income is $\$ 25,760$ or more (if you have one qualifying child) or $\$ 29,290$ or more (if you have more than one qualifying child), print "No" directly to the right of line 56a (Form 1040) or line 29c (Form 1040A).

Modified AGI. Modified AGI for most people is the same as AGI. AGI includes items such as taxable social security benefits and unemployment benefits. AGI is the amount on line 32 (Form 1040), line 16 (Form 1040A), or line 4 (Form 1040EZ).

But if you are filing Schedule C, C-EZ, D, E, or F, or you claim a loss from the rental of personal property not used in a trade or business, your modified AGI is the amount on Form 1040, line 32, plus the total of the following amounts.

1) Any loss claimed on Form 1040, line 13.
2) Any loss claimed on Schedule E, line 36 .
3) Any royalty loss included on Schedule E, line 26.
4) One-half of each of the following losses:
a) Any loss on Form 1040, line 12.
b) Any loss on Form 1040, line 18.
c) Any loss determined by combining any rental real estate income or (loss) included on Schedule E, line 26, and the amounts on lines 31 and 39 of that schedule.
5) Any loss from the rental of personal property not used in a trade or business (the amount by which the expenses for the rental deducted as an adjustment to line 31, Form 1040, are more than the income from the rental included on line 21, Form 1040).

$\Delta$Beginning in 1998, modified AGI will expand to include tax-exempt interest and nontaxable distributions from pensions, annuities, and individual retirement arrangements (IRAs) (but only if not rolled over into similar types of plans during the applicable rollover period). Also, the amount of losses to add back to AGI in (4) above will increase from $50 \%$ to $75 \%$.

## B-2. Qualifying Child

You have a qualifying child if your child meets three tests. The three tests are:

1) Relationship,
2) Residency, and
3) Age.

If your child does not meet all three tests of a qualifying child, then you cannot claim the credit for persons with a qualifying child. However, you might qualify for the credit if you do not have a qualifying child and your earned income is under $\$ 9,770$. See Part C on page 13.

TIPYour qualifying child generally does not have to be your dependent. But see Qualifying child who is married on page 11.

## Relationship Test

To meet the relationship test, the child must be your:

- Son, daughter, or adopted child (or a descendant of your son, daughter, or adopted child-for example, your grandchild),
- Stepson or stepdaughter, or
- Eligible foster child (this could include a niece, nephew, brother, sister, cousin, etc.).

Adopted child. Your adopted child includes a child placed with you for adoption by an authorized placement agency, even if the adoption is not final.

Eligible foster child. For the earned income credit, a person is your eligible foster child if:

1) The child lived with you and was a member of your household for the whole year, and
2) You cared for that child as you would your own child.

## A Qualifying Child Must Meet Three Tests:

1. Relationship

2. Age


As long as both (1) and (2) are met, any person can be your eligible foster child. The eligible foster child does not have to be related to you.

Qualifying child who is married. To meet the relationship test, you generally must claim an exemption for your married qualifying child. However, you do not have to claim an exemption if you meet either of the following exceptions.

1) You cannot claim your child's exemption only because you gave that right to your child's other parent by filling out Form 8332 or a similar written statement.
2) You cannot claim your child's exemption only because you gave that right to your child's other parent in a pre-1985 agreement (such as a separation agreement or divorce decree).

TIPIf you need more information about either of these exceptions or when you can claim an exemption for your child, see Publication 501, Exemptions, Standard Deduction, and Filing Information or Publication 504, Divorced or Separated Individuals.

## Residency Test

To meet the residency test, the child:

1) Must have lived with you for more than half the year (the whole year if the child is an eligible foster child), and
2) The home must be in the United States (one of the 50 states or the District of Columbia).

To meet the residency test, you do not need a traditional home. For example, if your child lived with you for more than half the year in a homeless shelter, the residency test is met.

Military personnel stationed outside the United States. U.S. military personnel stationed outside the United States on extended active duty are considered
to live in the United States during that duty period for the earned income credit.

Extended active duty. Extended active duty means you are called or ordered to duty for an indefinite period or for a period of more than 90 days. Once you begin serving your extended active duty, you are still considered to have been on extended active duty even if you serve less than 90 days.

TIPSee Publication 3 for more information and examples on claiming the earned income credit.

Birth or death of a child. The child is considered to have lived with you for all of 1997 if both of the following apply.

1) The child was born or died in 1997.
2) Your home was the child's home for the entire time he or she was alive during 1997.

Temporary absences. Count time that you or the qualifying child is away from home on a temporary absence due to a special circumstance as time lived at home. Examples of a special circumstance include:

- Illness,
- Attending school,
- Business,
- Vacation, and
- Military service.


## Age Test

To meet the age test, your child must be:

1) Under age 19 at the end of the year,
2) A full-time student under age 24 at the end of the year, or
3) Permanently and totally disabled at any time during the tax year, regardless of age.

Full-time student. A full-time student is a student who is enrolled for the number of hours or courses the school considers to be full-time attendance.

Student defined. To qualify as a student your child must be, during some part of each of 5 calendar months during the calendar year:

1) A full-time student at a school that has a regular teaching staff, course of study, and regularly enrolled body of students in attendance, or
2) A student taking a full-time, on-farm training course given by a school described in (1), or a state, county, or local government.

5The 5 calendar months need not be consecutive.

School defined. The term "school" includes elementary schools, junior and senior high schools, colleges, universities, and technical, trade, and mechanical schools. It does not include on-the-job training courses, correspondence schools, and night schools. (But see Night school, later.)

Vocational high school students. Students who work on "co-op" jobs in private industry as a part of a school's prescribed course of classroom and practical training are considered full-time students.

Night school. Your child is not a full-time student while attending school only at night. However, full-time attendance at a school may include some attendance at night as part of a full-time course of study.

Permanently and totally disabled. Your child is permanently and totally disabled if both the following apply:

1) He or she cannot engage in any substantial gainful activity because of a physical or mental condition, and
2) A doctor determines the condition has lasted or can be expected to last continuously for at least a year or can lead to death.

## B-3. Qualifying Child of More Than One Person

If you and someone else have the same qualifying child, only the person with the higher modified AGI may be able to claim the credit. This is true even if the person with the higher modified AGI does not meet all the rules to claim the credit.


If you are filing Form 1040 or Form 1040A and cannot claim the earned income credit because of this rule, print "No" directly to the right of line 56a (Form 1040) or line 29c (Form 1040A).

Example 1. You and your son lived with your mother all year. You are 25 years old. Your only income was $\$ 9,300$ from a part-time job. Your mother's only income was $\$ 15,000$ from her job.

Your son is a qualifying child of both you and your mother. However, because you both have the same
qualifying child, only one of you can claim the credit. Because your mother's modified AGI $(\$ 15,000)$ is more than your modified $\mathrm{AGI}(\$ 9,300)$, only your mother can claim the earned income credit. You cannot claim the credit either with or without a qualifying child.

Example 2. The facts are the same as in Example 1, except that your mother's modified AGI is $\$ 40,000$.

Your mother cannot claim the earned income credit because her modified AGI is more than $\$ 25,760$. (See rule B-1.) Even though your mother cannot claim the earned income credit, you cannot claim the credit either, because your mother's modified AGI is more than yours.

Example 3. You and your sister shared a household for the entire year. You have 3 young children who lived in the household. Your sister does not have any children. However, she cares for your children as if they were her own. You earn $\$ 15,000$ and she earns \$20,000.

The children meet the age and residency tests for both you and your sister. They meet the relationship test for you because they are your children. They also meet the relationship test for your sister because they lived with her in the same household for the whole year and she cared for them as if they were her own. Therefore, they qualify as her eligible foster children.

Your children are qualifying children for both you and your sister. However, because your sister's modified AGI is higher than yours, she is the only one who can claim the credit.

AYou and your sister cannot split the three qualifying children between you. You cannot claim the credit even though your sister enters the names of only two of the children on her Schedule EIC. (Schedule EIC has spaces for the names of only two qualifying children because the credit is the same amount for two or more qualifying children.)

Example 4. You, your spouse, and your son lived together until July 15, 1997, when your spouse moved out of the household. In November 1997, you and your spouse were divorced. Your modified AGI was $\$ 13,000$. Your former spouse's modified AGI was $\$ 18,000$. Your son is a qualifying child of both you and your former spouse, because your son lived with each of you for more than half the year. However, because your former spouse's modified AGI $(\$ 18,000)$ was more than your modified AGI ( $\$ 13,000$ ), only your former spouse can claim the earned income credit in 1997.

TIPIf the other person is your spouse and you file a joint return, rule B-3 does not apply.

Unmarried couples living together. If an unmarried couple lives together with a qualifying child of both persons, only the person with the higher modified AGI may be eligible to claim the credit. The person with the lower modified AGI cannot claim the credit either with or without a qualifying child.

# Part C. More Rules If You Do Not Have a Qualifying Child 

Use this Part $C$ if you:

1) Do not have a qualifying child, and
2) Have met all the rules in Part $A$.

This part of the publication discusses rules C-1 through C-4. You must meet all four rules, in addition to the rules in Part A, to qualify for the earned income credit without a qualifying child. If you meet all the rules in Part A and this part, read Part D to find out what to do next.

$\Delta$If you have a qualifying child, the rules in this part do not apply to you. You can claim the credit only if you meet all the rules in Part A and Part B. See rule B-2 on page 10 to find out if you have a qualifying child.

## C-1. Earned Income and Modified AGI (Adjusted Gross Income) Limit

To claim the earned income credit without a qualifying child, your earned income and modified AGI must each be less than \$9,770.

Earned income. Earned income includes all the income you get from working-even if it is not taxable. For examples, see rule A-1, Earned Income.

AIf the total of your taxable and nontaxable earned income is $\$ 9,770$ or more, print "No" directly to the right of line 56a (Form 1040) or line 29c (Form 1040A), or to the right of the word "below" on line 8b (Form 1040EZ).

Modified AGI. Modified AGI for most people is the same as AGI. AGI includes items such as taxable social security benefits and unemployment benefits. It is the amount on line 32 (Form 1040), line 16 (Form 1040A), or line 4 (Form 1040EZ).

But if you are filing Schedule C, C-EZ, D, E, or F, or you claim a loss from the rental of personal property not used in a trade or business, your modified AGI is the amount on Form 1040, line 32, plus the total of the following amounts.

1) Any loss claimed on Form 1040, line 13.
2) Any loss claimed on Schedule E, line 36.
3) Any royalty loss included on Schedule E, line 26.
4) One-half of each of the following losses:
a) Any loss on Form 1040, line 12.
b) Any loss on Form 1040, line 18.
c) Any loss determined by combining any rental real estate income or (loss) included on Schedule E, line 26, and the amounts on lines 31 and 39 of that schedule.
5) Any loss from the rental of personal property not used in a trade or business (the amount by which the expenses for the rental deducted as an adjustment to line 31, Form 1040, are more than the income from the rental included on line 21, Form 1040).

$\Delta$Beginning in 1998, modified AGI will expand to include tax-exempt interest and nontaxable distributions from pensions, annuities, and individual retirement arrangements (IRAs) (but only if not rolled over into similar types of plans during the applicable rollover period). Also, the amount of losses to add back to AGI in (4) above will increase from $50 \%$ to $75 \%$.

## C-2. Age

You must be at least age 25 but under age 65 at the end of 1997. If you are married filing a joint return, either you or your spouse must be at least age 25 but under age 65 at the end of 1997. It does not matter which spouse meets the age rule, as long as one of the spouses does.

Example 1. You are age 28 and unmarried. You meet this rule.

Example 2. You are married and will file a joint return. You are age 23 and your spouse is age 27. You meet this rule because your spouse is at least age 25 but under age 65.

Example 3. You are married and will file a joint return. You are age 62 and your spouse is 66 . You meet this rule because you are at least age 25 but under age 65.

AIf you (and your spouse if filing a joint return) are under age 25 or are age 65 or older, enter "No" directly to the right of line 56a (Form 1040) or line 29c (Form 1040A), or to the right of the word "below" on line 8b (Form 1040EZ).

## C-3. Dependent of Another Person

You must be able to claim an exemption for yourself (and your spouse if filing a joint return) on your tax return. If someone else can claim you (or your spouse if filing a joint return) as a dependent on their return, you cannot claim the earned income credit. If someone else can claim you (or your spouse if filing a joint return) as a dependent on their return but does not, you still cannot claim the credit.

Example 1. You are age 25 , single, and living at home with your parents. You work and are not a student. You earned $\$ 7,500$. Your parents cannot claim you as a dependent. When you file your return, you claim an exemption for yourself. Therefore, you meet this rule.

Example 2. You are age 25, single, and living at home with your parents. You work and earned \$2,000. Your parents can claim you as a dependent but decide not to. You cannot claim the credit because your parents could have claimed you as a dependent.

Example 3. You file as head of household. Your mother is your dependent. You maintain your own home. You worked and earned $\$ 8,500$. No one can claim you as a dependent. You claim an exemption for yourself when you file your return. You meet this rule.

## C-4. Main Home

Your main home (and your spouse's if filing a joint return) must be in the United States for more than half the year. Your main home can be any location where you regularly live. For example, a homeless individual who lives in a shelter in the United States meets this rule.
U.S. military personnel stationed outside the United States on extended active duty are considered to live in the United States during that duty period for the earned income credit. See Military personnel stationed outside the United States on page 11 for a definition of "extended active duty."

$\Delta$If your home (or your spouse's home if filing a joint return) was not in the United States for more than half of 1997, enter "No" directly to the right of line 56a (Form 1040) or line 29c (Form 1040A), or to the right of the word "below" on line 8b (Form 1040EZ).

## Part D. Figuring the Earned Income Credit

Use this Part D if you qualify for the earned income credit. You qualify if you have met all the rules in Parts $A$ and $B$, or all the rules in Parts $A$ and $C$.

This part of the publication explains how to figure the amount of your credit. You have two choices.

1) Have the IRS figure the credit for you. If you want to do this, see IRS Will Figure the Credit for You.
2) Figure the credit yourself. If you want to do this, see How To Figure the Credit Yourself.

Qualifying child information (Schedule EIC). Whether the IRS figures your credit or you figure it yourself, you must give the IRS information about your qualifying child. To do this, complete Schedule EIC and attach it to your Form 1040 or Form 1040A.

The information you enter on Schedule EIC must show that the child meets all the tests for a qualifying child. (See rule B-2, Qualifying Child, on page 10.) The schedule has space for information about only two qualifying children because the amount of your credit is the same whether you have two, three, or more qualifying children.


Do not file Form 1040EZ if you have a qualifying child and qualify for the credit. You must file Form 1040 or Form 1040A.

## IRS Will Figure the Credit for You

The IRS will figure the amount of your earned income credit for you if you follow the steps explained in this section of Part D.

TIPIf you want the IRS to also figure the amount of your income tax, see Publication 967, The IRS Will Figure Your Tax.

## Form 1040

If you file Form 1040 and want the IRS to figure your credit for you, follow these steps.

1) Print EIC directly to the right of line 56a. Also, if you have any earned income that is not taxed, enter the amount and type of that income on line 56 b. See Table 2 on page 7 for examples of earned income that is not taxed. Then, if you have any of the situations listed later under Special Instructions, follow those instructions.
2) Complete all other parts of your return that apply to you (including line 51), but do not fill in line 60, 61, or 64 . If you do not have a qualifying child, stop here.
3) If you have a qualifying child, complete Schedule EIC according to its instructions. Be sure to enter the child's social security number on line 4 of that schedule. If you do not, your credit may be reduced or disallowed. Attach Schedule EIC to your return.

## Form 1040A

If you file Form 1040A and want the IRS to figure your credit for you, follow these steps.

1) Print EIC directly to the right of line 29c. Also, if you have earned income that is not taxed, enter the amount and type of income on line 29d. See Table 2 on page 7 for examples of earned income that is not taxed. Then, if you have any of the situations listed later under Special Instructions, follow those instructions.
2) Complete all other parts of your return that apply to you (including line 26), but do not fill in line 29e, 30, or 33. If you do not have a qualifying child, stop here.
3) If you have a qualifying child, complete Schedule EIC according to its instructions. Be sure to enter the child's social security number on line 4 of that schedule. If you do not, your credit may be reduced or disallowed. Attach Schedule EIC to your return.

## Form 1040EZ

If you file Form 1040EZ and want the IRS to figure your credit for you, follow these steps.

1) Print EIC in the space to the right of the word "below" on line 8b. Also, if you have earned income that is not taxed, enter the amount and type in the spaces marked "Type" and "\$" on line 8b. See Table 2 on page 7 for examples of earned income that is not taxed. Then, if you have any of the situations listed later under Special Instructions, follow those instructions.
2) Complete all other parts of your return that apply to you, but do not fill in line 9, 11a, or 12.

## Special Instructions

Use the following special instructions, if the situation applies to you.

Minister or member of a religious order. If you file Schedule SE and line 2 of that schedule includes an amount that is also included on Form 1040, line 7, print "Clergy" directly to the right of line 56a, Form 1040. If you received a housing allowance or were provided housing and you were required to include the allowance or the rental value of the parsonage on Schedule SE, line 2, do not include it as nontaxable earned income on line 56b of Form 1040.

Household employee. If you were a household employee who did not receive a Form W-2 because your employer paid you less than $\$ 1,000$ in 1997, print "HSH" and the amount paid that was not reported on your W-2 in the space to the right of the words "W-2 form(s)" on line 1 (Form 1040EZ), or on the dotted line next to line 7 (Form 1040), or in the space to the left of line 7 (Form 1040A). Also, be sure to include that amount in the total for line 1 of Form 1040EZ or line 7 of either Form 1040 or Form 1040A.

Inmates. If you were an inmate in a penal institution and the total on line 1 (Form 1040EZ) or line 7 (Form 1040 or Form 1040A) includes an amount paid for your work in the institution, print "PRI" and the amount paid in the space to the right of the words "W-2 form(s)" on line 1 (Form 1040EZ), or on the dotted line next to line 7 (Form 1040), or in the space to the left of line 7 (Form 1040A).

## How To Figure the Credit Yourself

To figure the amount of your earned income credit, you must use the Earned Income Credit Worksheet (EIC Worksheet) in the instruction booklet for Form 1040, Form 1040A, or Form 1040EZ, and the Earned Income Credit (EIC) Table in either the instruction booklet or this publication (on pages 23 and 24). This section of Part D explains how to use the EIC Worksheet and how to report the credit on your return.

The amount of your earned income credit depends on:

- Whether you have no qualifying child, one qualifying child, or two or more qualifying children,
- The amount of your earned income (defined in rule A-1 on page 5) and modified AGI (defined in rule $B-1$ on page 10 and rule $\mathrm{C}-1$ on page 13 ), and
- Whether you owe alternative minimum tax.

Alternative minimum tax (AMT). The tax laws give special treatment to some kinds of income and expenses. This special treatment could substantially reduce or eliminate an individual's income tax. So that taxpayers who benefit from these laws will pay at least a minimum amount of tax, there is a special tax called the AMT. You must reduce your earned income credit by the amount of any AMT you owe for the tax year.
You may owe the AMT if you file Form 1040 or Form 1040A and your taxable income for regular tax purposes, combined with any of the adjustments and preference items that apply to you, totals more than:

- $\$ \mathbf{4 5 , 0 0 0}$ if you are married filing a joint return (or a qualifying widow(er) with a dependent child), or
- $\$ 33,750$ if your filing status is head of household or single.

See the instructions for line 48 (Form 1040) or line 28 (Form 1040A) for more information.

## Form 1040 and EIC Worksheet

If you file Form 1040 and want to figure the credit yourself, follow these steps.

1) Go to your form instruction booklet and turn to the instructions for Lines 56a and 56b and look for the Earned Income Credit Worksheet-Line 56a.
Use this worksheet to figure the credit amount. Do not attach this worksheet to your income tax return.
2) Complete the EIC Worksheet according to its instructions. If you have any of the situations listed later under Special Instructions, follow those instructions for the worksheet and Form 1040 where indicated. If you were self-employed or used Schedule C or C-EZ as a statutory employee, complete the separate worksheet in the Form 1040 instructions booklet for line 5 of the EIC Worksheet. Find the amount of your credit in the EIC Table in your instruction booklet (or beginning on page 23 of this publication).
3) Enter the amount of your earned income credit from line 10 of the EIC Worksheet on Form 1040, line 56 a . But if you owe the alternative minimum tax (Form 1040, line 48), subtract it from the amount on line 10 of the EIC Worksheet and enter the result (if more than zero) on Form 1040, line 56a. Then replace the amount on line 10 of the EIC Worksheet with the amount entered on Form 1040, line 56a.
4) Enter the amount and type of any nontaxable earned income (from line 4 of the EIC Worksheet) on Form 1040, line 56b.
5) Keep the EIC Worksheet for your records. If you do not have a qualifying child, stop here.
6) If you have a qualifying child, complete Schedule EIC according to its instructions. Be sure to enter the child's social security number on line 4 of that schedule. If you do not, your credit may be reduced or disallowed. Attach Schedule EIC to your return.

## Form 1040A and EIC Worksheet

If you file Form 1040A and want to figure the credit yourself, follow these steps.

1) Go to your form instruction booklet and turn to the instructions for Lines 29c and 29d and look for the Earned Income Credit Worksheet-Line 29c.

Use this worksheet to figure the credit amount. Do not attach this worksheet to your income tax return.
2) Complete the EIC Worksheet according to its instructions. If you have any of the situations listed later under Special Instructions, follow those instructions for the worksheet and Form 1040A where indicated. Find the amount of your credit in the EIC Table in your instruction booklet (or beginning on page 23 of this publication).
3) Enter the amount of your earned income credit from line 9 of the EIC Worksheet on Form 1040A, line 29 c . But if you owe the alternative minimum tax (Form 1040A, line 28), subtract it from the amount on line 9 of the EIC Worksheet and enter the result (if more than zero) on Form 1040A, line 29c. Then replace the amount on line 9 of the EIC Worksheet with the amount entered on Form 1040A, line 29c.
4) Enter the amount and type of any nontaxable earned income (from line 4 of the EIC Worksheet) on Form 1040A, line 29d.
5) Keep the EIC Worksheet for your records. If you do not have a qualifying child, stop here.
6) If you have a qualifying child, complete Schedule EIC according to its instructions. Be sure to enter the child's social security number on line 4 of that schedule. If you do not, your credit may be reduced or disallowed. Attach Schedule EIC to your return.

## Form 1040EZ and EIC Worksheet

If you file Form 1040EZ and want to figure the credit yourself, follow these steps.

1) Go to your form instruction booklet and turn to the instructions for Lines $8 a$ and $8 b$ and look for the Earned Income Credit Worksheet-Line 8a. Use this worksheet to figure the credit amount. Do not attach this worksheet to your income tax return.
2) Complete the EIC Worksheet according to its instructions. If you have any of the situations listed later under Special Instructions, follow those instructions for the worksheet and Form 1040EZ where indicated. Find the amount of your credit in the EIC Table in your form instruction booklet (or beginning on page 23 of this publication).
3) Enter the amount of your earned income credit from line 9 of the EIC Worksheet on Form 1040EZ, line 8a.
4) Enter the amount and type of any nontaxable earned income (from line 4 of the EIC Worksheet) on Form 1040EZ, line 8b.
5) Keep the EIC Worksheet for your records.

## Special Instructions

Use the following special instructions, if the situation applies to you.

Minister or member of a religious order. If you file Schedule SE and line 2 of that schedule includes an amount that is also included on Form 1040, line 7, print "Clergy" directly to the right of line 56a, Form 1040.

Then determine how much of the income reported on Form 1040, line 7, was also reported on Schedule SE, line 2. Next, subtract that income from the amount on Form 1040, line 7. Then, enter only the result on line 1 of the EIC Worksheet. Last, be sure to complete the separate worksheet for line 5 of the EIC Worksheet in the Form 1040 instructions.

Also, if you received a housing allowance or were provided housing and you were required to include the allowance or the rental value of the parsonage on Schedule SE, line 2, do not include it as nontaxable earned income on line 4 of the EIC Worksheet or line 56b of Form 1040.

Household employee. If you were a household employee who did not receive a Form W-2 because your employer paid you less than $\$ 1,000$ in 1997, print "HSH" and the amount not reported on a W-2 in the space to the right of the words "W-2 form(s)" on line 1 (Form 1040EZ), or on the dotted line next to line 7 (Form 1040), or in the space to the left of line 7 (Form 1040A). Also, be sure to include that amount in the total for line 1 of Form 1040EZ or line 7 of either Form 1040 or Form 1040A.

Inmates. If you were an inmate in a penal institution and the total on line 1 (Form 1040EZ) or line 7 (Form 1040 or Form 1040A), includes an amount paid for your work in the institution, print "PRI" and the amount in the space to the right of the words "W-2 form(s)" on line 1 (Form 1040EZ), or on the dotted line next to line 7 (Form 1040), or in the space to the left of line 7 (Form 1040A).

## Comprehensive Examples

The next few pages contain three comprehensive examples (with a filled-in Schedule EIC and EIC Worksheets) that may be helpful when you claim the earned income credit. The three examples are:

1) David and Judy Brown, who have three qualifying children and use Form 1040 (on page 16),
2) Sharon Rose, age 63, who has no qualifying child and uses Form 1040EZ (on page 19), and
3) Kelly Green, age 30, who is a full-time student, has no qualifying child, and uses Form 1040EZ (on page 21).

## Example 1. David and Judy Brown (Form 1040)

David and Judy Brown have three children-Karl, age 3, and twins Trisha and Mary, age 1. The children lived with David and Judy for all of 1997. David worked and earned $\$ 16,000$. He also received $\$ 1,500$ in unemployment compensation. Judy made crafts and sold them at a flea market. Her net earnings from selfemployment were $\$ 350$. In addition, they earned $\$ 50$ interest from a savings account.

Their total earned income is $\$ 16,350$ ( $\$ 16,000+$ $\$ 350$ ). Their modified AGI is $\$ 17,900(\$ 16,000+\$ 350$ $+\$ 1,500+\$ 50)$. David and Judy will file a joint return
using Form 1040. They qualify for the earned income credit and complete Schedule EIC and the EIC Worksheet. The Browns will attach Schedule EIC to Form 1040 when they send their completed return to the IRS. They will keep the EIC Worksheet for their records.

They take the following steps to complete Schedule EIC and the EIC Worksheet.

## Completing Schedule EIC

The Browns complete Schedule EIC because they have qualifying children. They enter "David and Judy Brown" and David's SSN (the SSN that appears first on their Form 1040) on the line at the top of Schedule EIC. The Browns fill out Information About Your Qualifying Child or Children (lines 1-6).

Line 1. The Browns enter only Karl's and Trisha's names. They do not enter Mary's name. However, Mary is still their qualifying child even though her name is not on Schedule EIC.

Line 2. The Browns enter the year of birth for Karl (1994) in the column "Child 1" and for Trisha (1996) in the column "Child 2."

Lines 3a and 3b. The Browns skip these lines because the children were born after 1978.

Line 4. The Browns enter Karl's and Trisha's SSNs. See rule A-4, Social Security Number (SSN), on page 8.

Line 5. The Browns enter "son" for Karl and "daughter" for Trisha. This line shows the relationship of the children to the Browns.

Line 6. The Browns enter " 12 " for Karl and " 12 " for Trisha. This line shows how many months in 1997 the children lived with them.

## Completing the EIC Worksheet

The Browns complete the EIC Worksheet to figure their earned income credit.

Line 1. The Browns enter David's earned income $(\$ 16,000)$ from Form 1040, line 7.

Line 2. The Browns leave this line blank because they did not have any taxable scholarship or fellowship grant income.

Line 3. They subtract line 2 from line 1 and enter \$16,000.

Line 4. Because all of David's and Judy's earned income is taxable, they leave this line blank.

Line 5. Because Judy was self-employed, she completes the separate worksheet in the Form 1040 instruction booklet for line 5 of the EIC Worksheet (not shown). The Browns enter the amount from line 4 of that worksheet-\$350-on line 5.

Line 6. They add lines 3, 4, and 5 and enter $\$ 16,350$. This is their total earned income.

Line 7. To find the amount of their credit based on their earned income, the Browns go to the Earned Income Credit Table (on pages 23 and 24 of this publi-
cation). They have two qualifying children on Schedule EIC-Karl and Trisha. They find their earned income of $\$ 16,350$ (from the EIC Worksheet, line 6 ) in the range of $\$ 16,350$ to $\$ 16,400$. They follow this line across to the column "Two children" and find $\$ 2,720$. They enter $\$ 2,720$ on line 7.

| If the amount on the Form 1040 EIC Worksheet, line 6 or line 8 , is- |  | And you have- |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | One |  |
|  |  | Children | Child | Children |
| At least | But less than | Your credit is |  |  |
| 16,300 | 16,350 | 0 | 1,508 | 2,730 |
| 16,350 | 16,400 | 0 | 1,500 | 2,720 |
| 16,400 | 16,450 | 0 | 1,492 | 2,709 |
| 16,450 | 16,500 | 0 | 1,484 | 2,699 |

Line 8. The Browns enter their modified AGI of $\$ 17,900$. This amount is the same as their AGI because the Browns did not have any of the types of income shown under Modified AGI on page 10.

Line 9. The Browns check the box for No and follow the instruction because their modified AGI of $\$ 17,900$ is more than $\$ 11,950$. They again go to the Earned Income Credit Table to find the amount of their credit based on their modified AGI (EIC Worksheet, line 8). They find the $\$ 17,900$ in the range of $\$ 17,900$ to $\$ 17,950$. They follow this line across to the column "Two children" and find $\$ 2,393$. They enter $\$ 2,393$ on line 9.

| If the amount on the Form 1040 EIC Worksheet, line 6 or line 8 , is- |  | And you have- |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | No Children |  | Two Children |
|  |  | One |  |
|  |  | Child |  |
| At least | But less than |  | Your credit is |  |  |
| 17,900 | 17,950 |  | 0 | 1,252 | 2,393 |
| 17,950 | 18,000 | 0 | 1,244 | 2,383 |
| 18,000 | 18,050 | 0 | 1,236 | 2,372 |
| 18,050 | 18,100 | 0 | 1,228 | 2,362 |

Line 10. Because they checked No on line 9, they compare the amounts on line $7(\$ 2,720)$ and line 9 $(\$ 2,393)$. They enter the smaller amount on line 10 and also on Form 1040, line 56a. The $\$ 2,393$ is the Browns' earned income credit.


## Before you begin . . .

- See the instructions for Form 1040A, lines 29 c and $29 d$, or Form 1040 , lines $56 a$ and $56 b$, to find out if you can take this credit
- If you can take the credit, fill in the Earned Income Credit Worksheet in the Form 1040 Co or Form 1040 instructions to figure yourcredit. But if you want the IRS to figure it for you, see instructions on back.
Then, you must complete and attach Schedule EIC only if you have a qualifying child (see boxes on back).


## Information About Your Qualifying Child or Children

If you have more than two qualifying children, you only have to list two to get the maximum credit.


TIP: Do you want the earned income credit added to your take-home pay in 1998 ? To see if you qualify, get Form W-5 from your employer or by calling the IRS at 1-800-TAX-FORM (1-800-829-3676).

Earned Income Credit Worksheet-Line 56a
(keep for your records)
Caution: If you were a household employee who did not receive a Form W-2 because your employer paid you less than $\$ 1,000$ in 1997 or you were a minister or member of a religious order, see Special Rules on page 24 before completing this worksheet. Also, see Special Rules if Form 1040, line 7 , includes any amount paid to an inmate in a penal institution.

1. Enter the amount from Form 1040, line 7

If you received a taxable scholarship or fellowship grant that was
not reported on a $W-2$ form, enter that amount here. . . Subtract line 2 from line 1 .
. Enter any nontaxable earned income (see the next page). Types of nontaxable earned income include contributions to a 401(k) plan, and military housing and subsistence. These should be
5. If you were self-employed or used Schedule C or C-EZ as a statutory employee, enter the amount from the worksheet on the next page.
. Add lines 3,4 , and 5

4.

7. Look up the amount on line 6 above in the

Enter the credit here 25-26 to find your credit.
directly to the right of Form 1040, line 56a.
8. Enter your modified AGI (see page 24)
8. $\qquad$ 17,900

- $\$ 5,450$ if you do not have a qualifying child?
- $\$ 11,950$ if you have at least one qualifying child?
$\square$ Yes. Go to line 10 now.
$\checkmark$ No. Look up the amount on line 8 above
in the EIC Table on pages 25-26 to find
your credit. Enter the credit here . . . 9. 2,393

10. Earned income credit.

- If you checked "Yes" on line 9, enter the amount from
- If you checked "No" on line 9, enter the smaller of line 7 or line 9 ame from line 10 above and enter it on Next: Take the amount from
Form 1040, line 56 a.


## AND

If you had any nontaxable earned income (see line 4 above), enter the amount and type of that income in

## AND

Complete Schedule EIC and attach it to your return Note: If you owe the alternative minimum tax (Form 1040, line 48), subtract it from the ame 56 a. Also, replace the amount on line 10 above with the amount entered on Form 1040, line 56a.

## Example 2. Sharon Rose (Form 1040EZ)

Sharon Rose is age 63 and retired. She received $\$ 7,000$ of social security during the year. She earned $\$ 4,850$ from a part-time job. She had no other income. Sharon lived in the United States for the entire year and cannot be claimed as a dependent on anyone else's return. Her children are grown and support themselves.

Sharon's total earned income and modified AGI are both $\$ 4,850$. Her social security ( $\$ 7,000$ ) is not earned income and is not taxable. (Publication 915, Social Security and Equivalent Railroad Retirement Benefits, has information about the taxability of social security benefits.) Sharon qualifies for the earned income credit.

Sharon does not have to file a tax return. However, to get the earned income credit, she must file a return. Sharon will file Form 1040EZ and complete the EIC Worksheet.

## Completing the EIC Worksheet

Sharon figures the amount of her earned income credit on the EIC Worksheet as follows:

Line 1. She enters $\$ 4,850$ from Form 1040EZ, line 1.

Line 2. Sharon leaves this line blank because she did not receive any taxable scholarships or fellowship grants.

Line 3. She subtracts line 2 from line 1 and enters \$4,850.

Line 4. Sharon leaves this line blank because she does not have any nontaxable earned income.

Line 5. She adds lines 3 and 4 and enters $\$ 4,850$. This is her total earned income.

Line 6. To find her credit, Sharon goes to the Earned Income Credit Table (on pages 23 and 24 of this publication). She finds her earned income of $\$ 4,850$
(from EIC Worksheet, line 5) in the range of $\$ 4,850$ to $\$ 4,900$. Sharon follows this line across to the column "No children" and finds $\$ 332$. She enters $\$ 332$ on line 6.

| If the amount on the Form 1040EZ EIC Worksheet, line 5 or line 7, is- |  | And you have- |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | No | One | Two |
|  |  | Children | Child | Children |
| At least | But less than |  | ur cred |  |
| 4,800 | 4,850 | 332 | 1,641 | 1,930 |
| 4,850 | 4,900 | 332 | 1,658 | 1,950 |
| 4,900 | 4,950 | 332 | 1,675 | 1,970 |
| 4,950 | 5,000 | 332 | 1,692 | 1,990 |

Line 7. She enters $\$ 4,850$ from Form 1040EZ, line 4. Modified AGI on Form 1040EZ is the same as AGI.

Line 8. Sharon checks the box for No and follows the instruction because her modified AGI of $\$ 4,850$ is less than $\$ 5,450$.

Line 9. Because Sharon checked the No box on line 8 , she enters $\$ 332$ from line 6 here and on Form 1040EZ, line 8a. The $\$ 332$ is Sharon's earned income credit.

Caution: If you were a household employee who did not receive a Form W-2 because your employer paid you less than $\$ 1,000$ in 1997, see Special Rules on page 10 before completing this worksheet. Also, see Special Rules if Form 1040EZ, line 1, includes any amount paid to an inmate in a penal institution.

1. Enter the amount from Form 1040EZ, line 1
2. 

$\qquad$
2. If you received a taxable scholarship or fellowship grant that was not reported on a W-2 form, enter that amount here
2.
3. 4,850
3. Subtract line 2 from line 1
3.
4. Enter any nontaxable earned income (see page 9). Types of nontaxable earned income include contributions to a $401(\mathrm{k})$ plan, and military housing and subsistence. These should be shown in box 13 of your W-2 form .
4.
5.
$\qquad$
5. Add lines 3 and 4

Caution: If line 5 is $\$ 9,770$ or more, you cannot take the credit. Print "No" to the right of the word "below" on line 8b of Form 1040EZ.
6. Look up the amount on line 5 above in the EIC Table on page 12 to find your credit. Enter the credit here
6. 332
7. Enter the amount from Form 1040EZ, line 4
7. $\qquad$
8. Is line $\mathbf{7} \$ 5,450$ or more?

Yes. Look up the amount on line 7 above in the EIC Table on page 12 to find your credit. Enter the credit here
8.

No. Go to line 9.

## 9. Earned income credit.

- If you checked "Yes" on line 8, enter the smaller of line 6 or line 8.
- If you checked "No" on line 8, enter the amount from line 6

9. 

332

Next: Take the amount from line 9 above and enter it on Form 1040EZ, line 8a.

## AND

If you had any nontaxable earned income (see line 4 above), enter the type and amount of that income in the spaces marked "Type" and "\$" on line 8b.

## Example 3. Kelly Green (Form 1040EZ)

Kelly Green is age 30 and a full-time student. She lived with her parents in the United States for all of 1997. She had a part-time job and earned \$6,040. She earned $\$ 20$ interest on a savings account. She is not eligible to be claimed as a dependent on her parents' return. Although she lived with her parents, she is not their qualifying child because she does not meet the age test. She does not have any children.

Kelly qualifies for the earned income credit. Kelly will file Form 1040EZ and complete the EIC Worksheet.

## Completing the EIC Worksheet

Kelly figures the amount of her earned income credit on the EIC Worksheet as follows.

Line 1. She enters $\$ 6,040$ from Form 1040EZ, line 1.

Line 2. Kelly leaves this line blank because she did not receive any taxable scholarships or fellowship grants.

Line 3. Kelly subtracts line 2 from line 1 and enters \$6,040.

Line 4. Kelly leaves this line blank because all her income is taxable.

Line 5. She adds lines 3 and 4 and enters $\$ 6,040$. This is her total earned income.

Line 6. To find her credit, Kelly goes to the Earned Income Credit Table (on pages 23 and 24 of this publication). She finds her earned income of $\$ 6,040$ (from the EIC Worksheet, line 5) in the range of $\$ 6,000$ to $\$ 6,050$. Kelly follows this line across to the column "No children" and finds \$286. She enters \$286 on line 6.

| If the amount on the Form 1040EZ EIC Worksheet, line 5 or line 7, is- |  | And you have- |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | No Children | One Child | Two Children |
| At least | But less than |  | ur credit |  |
| 6,000 | 6,050 | 286 | 2,049 | 2,410 |
| 6,050 | 6,100 | 283 | 2,066 | 2,430 |
| 6,100 | 6,150 | 279 | 2,083 | 2,450 |
| 6,150 | 6,200 | 275 | 2,100 | 2,470 |

Line 7. She enters $\$ 6,060$ from Form 1040EZ, line 4. Modified AGI on Form 1040EZ is the same as AGI.

Line 8. Kelly checks the box for Yes and follows the instruction because her modified AGI of \$6,060 is more than $\$ 5,450$. Kelly again goes to the Earned Income Credit Table to find the amount of the credit based on her modified AGI. She finds $\$ 6,060$ in the range of $\$ 6,050$ to $\$ 6,100$. Kelly follows this line across to the column "No children" and finds \$283. Kelly enters \$283 on line 8.

| If the amount on the Form 1040EZ EIC Worksheet, line 5 or line 7 , is- |  | And you have- |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | No Children | One Child | Two Children |
| At least | But less than |  | ur credi |  |
| 6,000 | 6,050 | 286 | 2,049 | 2,410 |
| 6,050 | 6,100 | 283 | 2,066 | 2,430 |
| 6,100 | 6,150 | 279 | 2,083 | 2,450 |
| 6,150 | 6,200 | 275 | 2,100 | 2,470 |

Line 9. Because Kelly checked the Yes box on line 8, she enters the smaller of $\$ 286$ (line 6) or $\$ 283$ (line 8). She enters $\$ 283$ here and on Form 1040EZ, line 8a. The $\$ 283$ is Kelly's earned income credit.

## Kelly Green -- EIC Worksheet <br> (Page references are to Form 1040EZ instructions)

Earned Income Credit Worksheet-Line 8a (keep for your records)
Caution: If you were a household employee who did not receive a Form W-2 because your employer paid you less than $\$ 1,000$ in 1997, see Special Rules on page 10 before completing this worksheet. Also, see Special Rules if Form 1040EZ, line 1, includes any amount paid to an inmate in a penal institution.

1. Enter the amount from Form 1040EZ, line $1 . \operatorname{.~.~.~.~.~.~.~.~.~}$
2. If you received a taxable scholarship or fellowship grant that was not reported
on a $W-2$ form, enter that amount here . . . . . . . . . . .
3. Subtract line 2 from line 1
4. Enter any nontaxable earned income (see page 9). Types of nontaxable earned income include contributions to a $401(\mathrm{k})$ plan, and military housing and subsistence. These should be shown in box 13 of your W-2 form.
5. Add lines 3 and 4
6. 
7. 
8. $\qquad$
9. 
10. $\qquad$
Caution: If line 5 is $\$ 9,770$ or more, you cannot take the credit. Print "No" to the right of the word "below" on line 8b of Form 1040EZ.
11. Look up the amount on line 5 above in the EIC Table on page 12 to find your credit. Enter the credit here
12. 286
13. Enter the amount from Form 1040EZ, line 4 $\qquad$ 7. 6,060
14. Is line $\mathbf{7} \$ 5,450$ or more?

Yes. Look up the amount on line 7 above in the EIC Table on page 12 to find your credit. Enter the credit here.
8.
283

No. Go to line 9 .

## 9. Earned income credit.

- If you checked "Yes" on line 8, enter the smaller of line 6 or line 8.
- If you checked "No" on line 8, enter the amount from line 6

9. 

283

Next: Take the amount from line 9 above and enter it on Form 1040EZ, line 8a.

## AND

If you had any nontaxable earned income (see line 4 above), enter the type and amount of that income in the spaces marked "Type" and "\$" on line 8b.

## 1997 Earned Income Credit (EIC) Table

Caution: This is not a tax table.

To find your credit: Read down the "At least - But less than" columns and find the line that includes the amount from line 5 or 7 of the Form 1040EZ or Form 1040A EIC Worksheet, or line 6 or 8 of the Form 1040 EIC Worksheet. Next, read across to the column that fits your circumstance. Then, enter the credit from that column on line 6 or line 8 of the Form 1040EZ or 1040A EIC Worksheet, or line 7 or 9 of the Form 1040EZ Worksheet.

| amount from EIC WORKSHEETSEE ""To find your credit" above |  | And you |  |  | AMOUNT FROM EIC WORKSHEETSEE "To find your credit" above |  | nd you have- |  |  | AMOUNT FROM EIC WORKSHEETSEE "To find your credit" above |  | nd you have |  |  | AMOUNT FROM EIC WORKSHEETSEE "To find your credit" above |  | ve |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { No } \\ \text { childre } \end{gathered}$ | ne | Two |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { No } \\ \text { children } \end{gathered}$ | ne | $\begin{gathered} \text { Two } \\ \text { hildren } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { No } \\ \text { children } \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Two } \\ \text { children } \end{gathered}$ |
|  |  | Your credit is- |  |  |  |  | Your credit is- |  |  |  | But less than | Your credit is- |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { te } \\ & \text { east } \end{aligned} \begin{aligned} & \text { But less } \\ & \text { than } \end{aligned}$ |  | Your credit is- |  |  |
| \$1 | \$5 | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 2 \\ 6 \\ 10 \\ 13 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 9 \\ & 26 \\ & 43 \\ & 60 \end{aligned}$ |  | 3, | 3, | 247 1,097 1,290 |  |  | least than <br> $\mathbf{6 , 4 0 0}$ $\mathbf{6 , 4 5 0}$ |  | 256 2,185 2,570 |  |  | $\mathbf{9 , 6 0 0}$ $\mathbf{9 , 6 5 0}$ <br> $\mathbf{9 , 6 5 0}$ 9,700 <br> $\mathbf{9 , 7 0 0}$ 9,750 <br> $\mathbf{9 , 7 5 0}$ 9,800 |  | 11 2,210 3,656 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 30 |  |  |  |  |  | 6,450 | 6,500 |  |  | ,590 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100 | 150 |  |  | 50 | 3,300 | 3,350 |  | 31 |  | 6,500 | 6,550 |  | 2,21 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 150 | 200 |  |  | 70 | 3,350 | 3,400 | 258 | 148 | 1,350 | 6,550 | 6,600 | 244 | 2,2 | 2,63 |  |  | 2,210 |  |  |
| 200 | 250 |  | 77 | 90 | 3,400 | 3,4 | 262 | 1,165 | 1,370 | 6,600 | 6,6 | 241 | 2,21 | 2,650 | 9,800 | 11,9 |  |  | 2,210 | 3,656 |
| 250 | 300 |  | 94 | 10 | 3,4 | 3,50 |  | 1,182 | 1,390 | 6,6 | 6,70 | 237 | 2,2 | 2,670 | 11,950 | 12,0 |  |  |  |
| 300 |  |  | 111 | 130 | 3,500 | 3,550 | 270 | 199 | 1,410 | 6,70 | 6,75 |  | 2,210 |  | 12,000 | 12,050 |  | ,187 |  |
| 350 |  | 29 | 128 |  |  | 3,60 | 273 |  |  | 6,750 | 6,80 | 229 |  | 2.7 | 12,050 | 12,100 |  | , 187 |  |
| 400 | 450 | 33 | 145 | 170 | 3,6 | 3,6 | 277 | 1,233 | 1,450 | 6,800 | 6,8 | 225 | 2,2 | 2,7 | 12,1 | 12,1 |  | 2,179 | 3,615 |
| 450 | 50 |  | 162 | 19 | 3,65 | 3,700 | 28 | ,250 | 470 | 6,85 | 6,901 | 221 | 2,21 | 2,75 | 12,150 | 12,200 |  |  | ,604 |
| 500 |  |  |  |  | 3,700 | 3,750 |  | ,267 | , | 6,900 | 6,950 | 118 | 2,21 | 2,770 | 12,200 | 12,250 |  | 2,16 |  |
| 550 | 600 | 44 | 196 | 30 | 3,750 | 3,800 | 289 | 28 | -,5 | 6,950 | 7,000 | 214 | 2,21 | 2,790 | 12,250 | 12,300 |  | ,15 |  |
| 60 | 650 |  | 213 | 250 | 3,8 | 3,8 | 293 | 1,30 |  | 7,000 | 7,050 | 210 | 2,2 | 2,810 | 12,3 | 12,350 |  | 2,1 |  |
| 650 |  |  | 230 |  | , | ,900 |  | 31 |  | 7,050 | 7,10 |  |  |  | 12, |  |  |  |  |
| 700 | 50 |  | 247 | 290 | 3,90 | 3,950 | 300 | 1,335 | 1,57 | 7,100 | 7,150 | 202 | 2,21 | 2,850 | 12,400 | 12,450 |  | ,131 | 3,552 |
| 750 | 800 | 59 | 26 | 310 | 3,950 | 4,000 | 304 |  |  | 7,150 | 7,200 | 199 | 2,21 |  | 12,450 | 12,500 |  | 2,12 |  |
| 800 | 850 | 63 | 281 | 33 | 4,000 | 4,05 | 308 | 1,369 | 61 | 7,200 | 7,250 | 195 | 2,2 | 2,8 | 12,5 | 12,5 |  | 2,115 | 3,531 |
| 85 |  |  | 298 |  | 4,050 | 4,10 | 312 | 1,38 | 63 | 7,25 | 7,300 | 19 | 2,21 | 2,9 | 12,550 |  |  | 2,107 |  |
| 900 |  |  |  |  | 4,100 | 4,150 | 316 | 1,403 | 1,650 | 7,300 | 7,350 |  | 210 |  | 12,600 | 12,6 |  | 2,09 |  |
| 950 | 1,000 | 75 | 332 | 390 | 4,150 | 4,200 | 319 |  | 1,670 | 7,350 | 7,400 | 183 | , | 2,950 | 12,650 | 12,700 |  | 2,09 |  |
| 1,000 | 1,0 | 78 | 349 | 410 | 4,20 | 4, | 323 | 1,437 | ,69 | 7,40 | 7,4 | 179 | 2,2 | 2,9 | 12,700 | 12 |  | 2,083 | 3,489 |
| 1,050 | 1,10 |  |  |  | 4,250 | , |  |  |  | 7,4500 | 7,500 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1,100 | 1,150 |  | 83 | 50 | 4,30 | 4,350 | 332 | 1,47 | 1,73 | 7,50 | 7,55 | 172 | 2,21 | 3,010 | 12,800 | 12,850 |  | 2,06 | 3,46 |
| 1,150 | 1,200 | 90 | 400 | 470 | 4,3 | 4, | 332 |  |  | 755 | 7,60 |  |  |  | 12,850 | 12,900 |  |  |  |
| 1,200 | 1,25 | 94 | 417 | 490 | 4,4 | ,450 |  |  | 1,770 | 7,600 | 7,6 |  | ,2 | 3,05 | 12,90 | 2, |  |  |  |
| 1,250 | 1,30 |  | 34 | 510 | 4,45 | 4,500 |  | 1,522 | 1,79 | 7,65 | 7,700 |  | 2,21 | 3,0 | 12,9 | 13,0 |  |  |  |
| 1,300 | 1,350 | 101 | , |  | 4,500 | 4,550 |  |  |  | 7,70 | 7,750 |  | 2,21 |  | 13,00 | 13,0 |  | 2,03 |  |
| 1,350 | 1,400 | 05 | 468 | 550 | 4,550 | 4,600 | 32 | , 556 | 83 | 7,750 | 7,800 | 53 | 2, | 3,110 | 13,05 | 13,100 |  | 2,02 |  |
| 1,4 | 1, | 109 | 485 | 570 | 4, | 4,650 | 332 | 1,573 | 1,850 | 7,80 | 7,85 | 149 | 2,210 | 3, | 13, | 13, |  | 2,0 | 3,404 |
| 1,45 |  |  | 502 |  |  | 470 |  | 59 |  | 7 | 7,900 |  |  |  | 13,150 | 13,2 |  |  |  |
| 1,50 | 1,550 | 17 | 519 | 610 |  | 475 | 332 | 1,607 | 89 | 7,90 | 7,95 | 141 | 2,21 |  | 13,200 | 13,250 |  | 2,003 |  |
| 1,550 | , | 120 |  | 63 |  | 4, |  |  |  | 7 | , |  | 2,210 |  | 13,250 | 13,300 |  |  |  |
| 1,600 | 1,650 | 24 |  | 650 |  |  |  |  |  |  | ,0 |  |  | 3,21 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1,65 | 1,70 | 28 |  | 67 |  | 4,9 | 3 | 1,65 | 1,95 | 8,0 | 8,10 | 130 | 2,21 | 3,230 | 13,3 |  |  | 1,979 |  |
| 1,70 | , 75 |  |  |  |  | 4,950 |  | ,675 |  | 8,100 | 8,150 | 126 | 2,21 | 3,250 | 13,40 | 13,450 |  |  |  |
| 1,750 | 1,8 | 36 | 604 | 710 | 4,9 | 5,000 | 332 | 69 | ,990 | 8,150 | 8,200 | 122 | 2,21 | 3,270 | 13,45 | 13,500 |  | 1,96 | 3,331 |
| 1,80 | 1,850 | 40 | 621 | 730 | 5,0 | 5,050 |  |  |  | 8,20 | 8,2 | 18 | 2,210 | 3,2 | 13,500 | 13,5 |  | 1,955 |  |
| 1,85 | , |  |  |  | 5,05 | 5,100 |  |  |  | 8,250 | 8,30 | 118 |  |  | 13,550 |  |  |  |  |
| 1,90 | 1,950 | 17 | 655 | 770 | 5,10 | 5,150 | 332 | 1,743 | 2,05 | 8,300 | 8,350 | 111 | 2,210 | 3,330 | 13,600 | 13,650 |  | 1,939 |  |
| 1,950 | 2,000 | 151 | 672 | 790 | 5,150 | 5,200 | 332 |  | 2,070 | 8,350 | 8,400 | 10 | 2,210 | 3,350 | 13,650 | 13 |  | 1,931 | 3,289 |
| 2,00 | 2,05 | 55 | 689 | 810 | 5,2 | 25 |  | 771 | ,09 |  | 8,45 | 103 | 2,2 | 3,370 | 13, | 13,7 |  | ,9 |  |
| 2,050 | 2,100 | 159 | 706 | 830 | 5,250 | 5,300 | 332 | 1,794 | 2,110 | 8,450 | 8,500 | 99 | 2,210 | 3,390 | 13,75 | 13,800 |  | 1,91 | ,267 |
| 2,100 | 50 |  |  |  | 5,300 | 5,350 |  | 811 |  | 8,500 | 8,550 |  | 2,21 | 3,410 | 13,800 | 13,850 |  | 190 |  |
| 2,150 | 2,200 | 6 | 740 | 70 | 5,350 | 5,400 |  | 1,828 | 2,15 | 8,550 | 8,600 | 91 | 2,21 | 3,430 | 13,85 | 13,900 |  | 1,89 | 3,246 |
| 2,20 | 2,25 | 70 | 757 | 890 |  | 5,4 |  | 1,84 | 2,17 |  | 8,65 |  | 2,21 | 3,450 | 13,9 | 13,9 |  | 1,8 | 3,236 |
| 2,250 | 2,30 | 相 | 79 | 10 | 5,450 | 5,500 |  | 86 |  | 8,650 | 8,700 |  | 2,21 | , | 13,95 | 14,000 |  | 1,883 |  |
| 2,300 | 2,350 | 178 | 791 | 930 | 5,500 | 5,550 | 325 | 1,879 | 2,210 | 8,700 | 8,750 |  | 2,210 | 3,490 | 14,000 | 14,050 |  | 1,875 |  |
| 2,350 | 2,4 | 182 | 808 | 950 | 5,5 | 5,60 | 321 | 1,896 | 23 | 8,750 | 8,80 | 76 | 2,21 | 3,510 | 14,0 | 14,100 |  | 1,86 |  |
| 2,40 | 2,45 | 86 | 825 | 970 | 5,6 | 5,650 | 31 | 91 | 25 | 8,8 | 8,85 | 72 | ,210 | 3,5 | 14,10 | 14,150 |  | , 8 |  |
| 2,450 | 2,500 | 189 | 842 | 990 | 5,650 | 5,700 | 313 | 1,930 | 2,270 | 8,850 | 8,900 |  | 2,210 | 3,55 | 14,150 | 14,200 |  | 1,85 | 3,18 |
| 2,500 | 2,550 | 星 | 8 | ,010 | 5,700 | 5,750 |  | 94 | 2,290 | 8,900 | 8,950 |  | 2,21 | 3,570 | 14,200 | 14,250 |  | 1,84 |  |
| 2,550 | 2,600 | 97 | 876 | 1,030 | 5,7 | 5,800 | 306 |  | 2,31 | 8,950 | 9,000 |  | 2,210 | 3,59 | 14,250 | 14,300 |  | , |  |
| 2,60 | 2,65 | 201 | , | ,050 |  |  |  | , 98 | 2,330 |  | 9,0 |  | 2,210 | 3,6 | 14,3 | 14,3 |  | 1,8 |  |
| 2,650 | 2,700 |  | 9 |  | 5,850 | 5,900 | 298 | 998 | 2,350 | 9,050 | 9,100 |  | 2,21 | 3,630 | 14,350 | 14,400 |  | 1,819 | 3,141 |
| 2,700 | 2,750 | 08 | 927 | ,090 | 5,900 | 5,950 | 294 | 2,015 | 2,370 | 9,100 | 9,150 |  | 2,210 | 3,656 | 14,400 | 14,450 |  | 1,811 | 3,13 |
| 2,750 | 2,800 | 212 | 944 | 1,110 | 5,9 | 6,000 | 290 | 2,032 | 2,390 | 9, | 9,20 | 46 | 2,21 | 3,65 | 14,450 | 14,500 |  | 1,80 |  |
| 2,80 | 2,850 | 16 | 61 | 130 | ,000 | 05 |  |  | 41 | 9,200 | ,250 |  |  | 3,65 | 4,5 | 14,55 |  |  |  |
| 2,85 | 2,900 | 220 | 978 | ,150 | 6,050 | 6,100 | 28 | 2,066 | 2,430 | 9,250 | 9,300 |  | 2,21 | 3,65 | 14,550 | 14,600 |  | 1,787 | 3,09 |
| 2,900 | 2,950 | 22 | 95 | ,170 | 6,100 | 6,150 | 279 | 083 | 2,450 | 9,300 | 9,350 |  | 2,210 | 3,65 | 14,600 | 14,650 |  | 1,779 |  |
| 2,950 | 3,000 | 228 | ,012 | 1,190 | 6,150 | 6,200 |  | 100 | 2,47 | 9,35 | 9,400 | O | 2,210 | 3,6 | 14,650 | 14,700 |  | 1,771 | 3,078 |
| 3,000 | 3,050 |  |  | 1,210 | 6,200 | 6,250 |  | 2,11 | 2,490 | 9,400 | 9,450 |  | 2,210 | 3,656 | 14,700 | 14,750 |  | 1,763 | 3,067 |
| 3,050 | 3,100 | , | ,046 | 230 | 6,250 | 6,300 |  | 2,134 | 2,510 | 9,450 | 9,500 |  | 2,210 | 3,656 | 14,750 | 14,800 |  |  |  |
| 3,100 | 3,150 | 239 | 1,063 | 1,250 | 6,300 | 6,350 | 264 | 2,151 | 2,530 | 9,500 | 9,550 | 19 | 2,210 | 3,656 | 14,800 | 14,850 |  | 1,747 | 3,046 |
| 3,150 | 3,200 | 43 | 1,080 | 1,270 | 6,350 | 6,400 | 260 | 2,168 | 2,550 | 9,550 | 9,600 | 15 | 2,210 | 3,65 | 14,850 | 14,900 |  | 1,739 | 3,03 |

[^0]|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AMOUNT SEE "TO credit" | $\begin{aligned} & \text { T FROM } \\ & \text { RKSHEET- } \\ & \text { find your } \\ & \text { fibve } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { And } \\ \text { chidren } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $$ |  credit | $\begin{aligned} & \text { TRROM } \\ & \text { Resthe } \\ & \text { find your } \\ & \text { bove y } \end{aligned}$ | And <br> No <br> chidren |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Chiven } \\ \text { Chidren } \end{array}$ | AMOUNT EIC WORK credit" abo | bove | $\begin{array}{\|c\|c\|c\|c\|c\|c\|c\|c\|} \hline \text { chidren } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { you he } \\ & \left.\begin{array}{c} \text { One } \\ \text { onid } \end{array} \right\rvert\, \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | $\left.\begin{array}{\|c\|c\|} \hline \text { And y y } \\ \text { chidren } \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { At } \\ & \text { least } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { But less } \\ & \text { than } \end{aligned}$ |  | editit is- | ${ }_{\text {At }}^{\text {Atast }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { But less } \\ & \text { than } \end{aligned}$ |  | credit |  | $\underset{\text { least }}{\text { least }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { But less } \\ & \text { than } \end{aligned}$ |  | cred |  | $\stackrel{\text { At }}{\text { least }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { But less } \\ & \text { than } \end{aligned}$ | You | cred |  |
| 14,900 | 14,950 |  | 1,731 3,025 | 18,70 | 18,750 |  |  |  | 22,50 | 22,550 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 24 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 14,950 \\ & 1,500 \end{aligned}$ | 15,000 |  | 1,723 3,015 | 18,750 | 18,800 |  | ,116 |  | 22,550 | 22,600 | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5091 \\ & 5011 \end{aligned}$ | 414 | 26,350 | 26,400 | $0$ |  | 614 <br> 603 |
| 15,050 | 15,100 | 0 | 1,707 2,994 | 18,850 | 18,900 | 0 | 1,100 | 2,193 | 22,650 | 22,700 | 0 | 493 | ,393 | 26,450 | 26,500 | 0 | 0 | 593 |
| 15,100 | 15,150 |  | 1,699 2,983 | 18,900 | 18,950 |  | 1,092 | 2,183 | 22,700 | 22,750 | 0 |  |  |  | 550 | 0 | 0 | 582 |
| 15,150 | 15,200 | 0 | 1,691 2,973 | 18,950 | 19,000 | 0 | 1,084 |  | 22,750 | 22,800 | 0 |  |  | 26,550 |  |  |  | 572 |
| 15,200 | 15,250 |  | 1,683 2,962 | 19,000 | 19,050 |  |  |  | 22,800 | 22,850 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15,250 | 15,300 | 01 | , 672,952 | 19,050 | 19,100 | 0 |  | 2,151 | 22,850 | 22,900 | 0 | 461 | 1,351 | 26,650 | 26,700 | 0 | 0 | 551 |
| 15,300 | 15,350 | 01 | 1,667 2,941 | 19,100 | 19,150 | 0 | 1,060 | 2,141 | 22,900 | 22,950 | 0 | 453 | , 340 | 26,700 | 26,750 | 0 | 0 | 540 |
| 15,350 | 15,400 |  | 1,659 2,930 | 19,150 | 19,200 |  | 1,052 | 2,130 | 22,950 | 23,000 | 0 | 445 | , 330 | 26,750 | 26,800 | 0 | 0 | 30 |
| 15,400 | 15,450 |  | 1,651 2,920 | 19,200 | 19,250 | 0 | ,044 | 2,120 |  | 23,050 | 0 | 437 |  |  |  |  | 0 | 19 |
| 15,450 | 15,500 |  | 1,644 2,909 | 19,250 | 19,300 |  | 1,036 | 2,109 | 23,05 | 23,100 | 0 | 429 | 1,309 |  | 26,900 | 0 | 0 | 509 |
| 15,500 | 15,550 |  | 1,636 2,899 | 19,300 | 19,350 | 0 | 1,028 | 2,099 | 23,100 | 23,150 | 0 | 421 | ,298 | 26, | 26,950 | 0 | 0 | 498 |
| 15,550 | 15,600 |  | (en | 19,350 | 19,400 | $\begin{array}{ll} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{array}$ | ${ }_{1}^{1,020}$ | 2,088 | 23,150 | 23,200 | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 27,950 | 27,000 |  |  | 488 477 |
| 15,650 | 15,700 |  | 1,612 2,867 | 19,450 | 19,500 | 0 | 1,004 | 2,06 | 23,250 | 23,300 | 0 | 397 | , 267 | 27,050 | 27,100 | 0 | 0 | ${ }_{466}$ |
| 15,700 | 15,750 |  | 1,604 2,857 | 19,500 | 19,550 | 0 | 996 | 2,056 | 23,300 | 23,350 |  |  | 1,256 | 27,100 | 27,150 |  |  | 456 |
| 15,750 | 15,800 |  | 1,596 2,846 | 19,550 | 19,600 | 0 | 988 | 2,046 | 23,350 | 23,400 | 0 |  |  | 27,150 | 27,200 |  |  | 445 |
| 15,800 | 15,850 |  | ,588 2,836 | 19,600 | 19,650 | 0 | 980 | ,035 |  | 23,450 | 0 |  | ,235 |  |  |  | 0 | 35 |
| 15,850 | 15,900 | 01 | ,580 2,825 | 19,650 | 19,700 | 0 | 972 | 025 | 23,450 | 23,500 | 0 | 365 | ,225 | 27,250 | 27,300 | 0 | 0 | 424 |
| 15,900 | 15,950 | 0 | 1,572 2,815 | 19,700 | 19,750 | 0 | 964 | ,014 | 23,500 | 23,550 | 0 |  | 214 | 27,300 | 27,350 | 0 |  | 414 |
| 15,950 | 16,000 |  | 1,564 2,804 | 19,750 | 19,800 | 0 | 956 | 2,004 | 23,550 | 23,600 |  |  | ,204 | 27,350 | 27,400 | 0 |  | 403 |
| 16,000 | 16,050 |  |  | 19,800 | 19,850 | 0 | 948 |  | 23,600 | 23,650 | 0 |  | ,193 |  |  |  | 0 |  |
| 16,050 | 16,100 | 01 | 1,548 2,783 | 19,850 | 19,900 | 0 | 940 | ,983 | 23,650 | 23,700 | 0 | 333 | ,183 | 27,450 | 27,500 | 0 | 0 | 382 |
| 16,100 | 16,150 |  | 1,540 2,773 | 19,900 | 19,950 | 0 | 932 | 972 | 23,700 | 23,750 | 0 | 325 | ,172 | 27,500 | 27,550 | 0 |  | 372 |
| 16,150 | 16,200 |  | 1,532 2,762 | 19,950 | 20,000 |  |  |  | 23,750 |  |  |  | ,161 |  |  |  | 0 |  |
| 16,200 16,250 | 16,250 16,300 |  | 1,524 2,751 | 20,000 | 20,050 | 0 | $\begin{aligned} & 916 \\ & 908 \end{aligned}$ | 1,941 | 23,800 | 23,850 | 0 | $\left.\begin{array}{l} 309 \\ 301 \end{array}\right]$ |  | 27,600 | 27,700 | 0 | 0 | 351 <br> 340 |
| 16,300 | 16,350 |  | 1,508 2,730 | 20,100 | 20,150 | 0 | 900 | 930 | 23,900 | 23,950 |  |  | ,130 |  | 27,750 |  |  | 330 |
| 16,350 | 16,400 |  | , 500 2,720 | 20,150 | 20,200 |  | 892 | 220 | 23,950 | 24,0 |  |  | 119 | 27,750 |  |  |  |  |
| 16,400 | 16,450 |  | 1492 2,709 | 20,200 | 20,250 | 0 | 884 | 909 | 24,000 | 24,050 | 0 |  | 109 | 27,800 |  |  | 0 | 09 |
| 16,450 | 16,500 |  | 1,484 2,699 | 20,250 | 20,300 | 0 | 876 | ,899 | 24,050 | 24,100 | 0 | 269 | ,098 | 27,850 | 27,900 | 0 | 0 | 298 |
| 16,500 | 16,550 |  | 1,476 2,688 | 20,300 | 20,350 | 0 | 868 | 1,888 | 24,100 | 24,150 | 0 |  | 1088 | 27,900 | 27,950 | 0 | 0 | 287 |
| 16,550 |  |  |  | 20,350 | 20,400 | 0 | 860 | . 887 | 24,1 | 24,200 |  |  |  | 27,950 | 28,000 | 0 | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | 277 |
| 16,650 | 16,700 |  | 1,452 2,657 | 20,450 | 20,500 | 0 | 845 | , 856 | 24,250 | 24,300 | 0 |  | ,056 | 28,050 | 28,100 | 0 | 0 | 256 |
| 16,700 | 16,750 |  | 1,444 2,646 | 20,500 | 20,550 | 0 |  | 1,846 | 24,300 | 24,350 |  |  |  | 28,100 | 28,150 |  |  |  |
| 16,750 | 16,800 |  | 1,436 2,636 | 20,550 | 20,600 | 0 | 829 | , 835 | 24,350 | 24,400 |  |  | ,035 | 28,150 | 28,200 | 0 |  | 35 |
| 16,80 | 16,850 |  | 1,428 2,625 | 20,600 | 20,650 | 0 |  | , 825 | 24,400 | 24,450 | 0 |  | , 025 | 28,200 | 28,250 | 0 | 0 | 24 |
| 16,850 | 16,900 |  | 1,420 2,615 | 20,650 | 20,700 | 0 | 813 | 1,814 | 24,450 | 24,500 | 0 | 205 | ,014 | 28,250 | 28,300 | 0 | 0 | 214 |
| 16,900 | 16,950 |  | 1,412 2,604 | 20,700 | 20,750 | 0 |  |  | 24,500 | 24,550 |  |  |  | 28,300 | 28,350 |  |  |  |
| 16,950 | 17,000 |  | 1,404 | 20,750 | 20,800 |  |  | 793 | 24,550 | 24,600 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 93 |
| 17,000 | 17,050 |  | 396 2,583 | 20,800 | 20,850 | 0 |  |  |  | 24,650 | 0 | 181 | 982 |  | 28,450 | 0 | 0 | 182 |
| 17,050 | 17,100 |  | 1,388 2,572 | 20,850 | 20,900 | 0 |  | 1,772 | 24,650 | 24,700 | 0 | 173 | 972 | 28,450 | 28,500 | 0 | 0 | 172 |
| 17,100 | 17,150 |  | 1,380 2,562 | 20,900 | 20,950 |  | 773 |  | 24,700 | 24,750 |  |  | 961 | 28,500 | 28,550 | 0 | 0 |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 17,150 \\ & 17,200 \end{aligned}$ | 17,200 |  | 1,372 2,551 | 20,950 | 21,000 | 0 |  | 1,751 | 24,7500 | 24,850 | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | 157 | $\begin{aligned} & 951 \\ & 940 \end{aligned}$ |  | 28,600 | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | 151 |
| 17,250 | 17,300 |  | 1,356 2,530 | 21,050 | 21,100 | 0 | 749 | , 730 | 24,850 | 24,900 | 0 | 141 | 930 | 28,650 | 28,700 | 0 | 0 | 130 |
| 17,300 | 17,350 |  | 1,348 2,520 | 21,100 | 21,150 |  |  |  | 24,900 | 24,950 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | 119 |
| 17,350 | 17,400 |  | 1,340 2,509 | 21,150 | 21,200 |  |  |  | 24,950 | 25,000 |  |  |  | 28,750 | 28,800 |  | 0 | 08 |
| 17,400 | 17,450 |  | 1,332 2,499 | 21,200 | 21,250 |  |  |  | 25,000 | 25,050 |  | 117 | 898 | 28,800 | 28,850 |  |  |  |
| 17,450 | 17,500 |  | 1,324 2,488 | 21,250 | 21,300 | 0 | 717 | 1,688 | 25,050 | 25,100 | 0 | 109 | 888 | 28,850 | 28,900 | 0 | 0 |  |
| 17,500 17,550 | 17,550 | 0 | 1,316 2,478 | 21,300 | 21,350 | 0 | 709 |  | 25,100 | 25,150 | 0 |  | 877 | 28,900 | 28,950 |  | 0 |  |
| 17,550 | 17,600 |  | 1,308 2,467 | 21,350 | 21,400 |  |  |  | 25,150 | 25,200 |  |  | 867 | 28,950 | 29,000 |  |  |  |
| 17,600 | 17,650 |  | 1,300 2,457 | 21,400 | 21,450 |  |  | ,656 | 25,200 | 25,250 |  |  | 856 |  | 29,050 |  |  | 56 |
| 17,650 | 17,700 |  | 1,292 2,446 | 21,450 | 21,500 | 0 | 685 | ,646 | 25,250 | 25,300 | 0 | 77 | 846 | 29,050 | 29,100 | 0 | 0 | 45 |
| 17,700 | 17,750 |  | 1,284 2,436 | 21,500 | 21,550 | 0 |  |  | 25,300 | 25,350 | 0 | 69 | 835 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 17,750 | 17,800 |  | 76 2,425 | 21,550 | 21,600 | 0 | 669 | 1,625 | 25,350 | 25,400 | 0 | 61 | 82 | 29,150 | 29,200 |  | 0 | 24 |
| 17,800 17,850 | 17,850 |  | 1,268 2,415 | 21,650 | 21,650 | 0 | 661 | , 614 | 25,450 | 25,450 | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | 53 46 | 814 | 29,200 | 29,250 |  | 0 | 14 |
| $\frac{17,850}{17,900}$ |  |  | 1,260 2,404 | 21,7500 | 21,750 | 0 |  |  | 25,500 | 25,500 |  |  |  |  | 29,290 | 0 | 0 |  |
| 17,950 | 18,000 |  | 1,244 2,383 | 21,750 | 21,800 | 0 |  |  | 25,550 | 25,600 |  | 30 | 782 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18,000 | 18,050 |  | 1,236 2,372 | 21,800 | 21,850 |  |  |  | 25,600 | 25,650 |  | 22 | 772 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18,050 | 18,100 |  | 1,228 2,362 | 21,850 | 21,900 | 0 | 621 | , 562 | 25,650 | 25,700 | 0 | 14 | 761 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18,100 | 18,150 |  | 1,220 2,351 | 21,900 | 21,950 | 0 | 613 | .551 | 25,700 | 25,750 | 0 |  | 751 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18,150 | 18,200 |  | 1,212 2,341 | 21,950 | 22,000 |  |  |  | 25,750 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18,200 | 18,250 |  | 1,204 2,330 | 22,000 | 22,050 | 0 |  |  | 25,800 | 25,850 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 1,188 2,309 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18,350 | 18,400 |  | 1,180 2,299 | 22,150 | 22,200 |  |  |  | 25,950 | 26,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18,400 | 18,450 |  | 1,172 2,288 | 22,200 | 22,250 | 0 |  |  | 26,000 | 26,050 |  | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18,450 | 18,500 |  | 1,164 2,278 | 22,250 | 22,300 | 0 | 557 | 1,477 | 26,050 | 26,100 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18,500 | 18,550 |  | 1,156 2,267 | 22,300 | 22,350 | 0 |  | 1,467 | 26,100 | 26,150 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18,550 | 18,600 |  | 1,148 2,257 | 22,350 | 22,400 | 0 |  |  | 26,150 | 26,200 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18,600 | 18,650 |  | 1,140 2,246 | 22,400 | 22,450 |  |  |  | 26,200 | 26,250 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18,650 | 18,700 |  | 1,132 2,236 | 22,450 | 22,500 |  |  | 1,435 | 26,250 | 26,300 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |

*If the amount from the EIC Worksheet is at least $\$ 25,750$ but less than $\$ 25,760$, your credit is $\$ 1$. Otherwise, you cannot take the credit.

## Part E．Advance Earned Income Credit

Would you like to get part of your earned income credit now instead of waiting until after the end of the year？ If you work for someone and expect to qualify for the earned income credit in 1998，you can choose to get part of the credit in advance．Give your employer a 1998 Form W－5，Earned Income Credit Advance Pay－ ment Certificate，and your employer will include part of the credit regularly in your pay．The advance payment is only available if you have at least one qualifying child．


Who can get the advance payment of the earned income credit？To get part of the earned income credit paid to you throughout the year in your paycheck， you must meet all the following rules．

1）You must expect that your earned income and modified AGI will each be less than a certain amount．The amount in 1997 was $\$ 25,760$ ．The amount for 1998 will be higher．（See the 1998 Form W－5 for the 1998 amount．）
2）You must have a qualifying child．
3）You must expect to meet all the rules in Parts A and B of this publication or in the instructions for Form W－5．

Under certain circumstances，even if you meet these rules，you may not be entitled to get the advance pay－ ment of the credit．If your wages are not subject to federal income tax，social security tax，or Medicare tax withholding，you cannot get the advance payment of the earned income credit．If you are a farm worker and are paid on a daily basis，your employer is not required to pay you the advance amount of the credit．

## How To Get Advance Payments for 1998

To get part of the credit in advance，you must fill out a 1998 Form W－5．After you have read the instructions and answered the questions on Form $\mathrm{W}-5$ ，give the
lower part of the form to your employer．Keep the top part for your records．

More than one employer．If you have more than one employer，give a certificate to only one of them．If you are married and both you and your spouse are em－ ployed and expect to qualify for the credit，you may give a Form $\mathrm{W}-5$ to your employer and your spouse may give one to his or her employer．

$\Delta$If you receive advance earned income credit payments in 1998，you must file Form 1040 or Form 1040A for 1998．You must file a return to report what you already received and to take advantage of any additional earned income credit that you may qualify for．

Receipt of advance payments you do not qualify for．If you receive advance payments and later find out that you do not qualify for the credit，you will have to pay back any advance payment you are not entitled to when you file your Form 1040 or Form 1040A．

When to give your employer a new Form W－5．The 1998 Form W－5 you give to your employer is valid until December 31，1998．If you expect to qualify for the earned income credit in 1999 and you want to receive advance payments，you must give your employer a new Form W－5 in 1999．Do this each year you think you are eligible for the credit．

If you no longer want to get advance payments or if your situation changes and you no longer qualify for the earned income credit，you must give your employer a new Form W－5．Check the No box on line 1 of the new form．

If your spouse files a Form W－5 with his or her em－ ployer，you must file a new Form W－5 with your em－ ployer．Check the Yes box on line 4.

## Advance Payments Received in 1997

If you received advance payments of the earned in－ come credit in 1997，you must file a 1997 tax return to report the payments．Your Form W－2，box 9，will show the amount you received．Report the amount on line 51，Form 1040 or line 26，Form 1040A．


You cannot use Form 1040EZ to report your advance payments．

## Part F．How To Get More Information

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You can get help from the IRS in several ways．
Free publications and forms．To order free publica－ tions and forms，call 1－800－TAX－FORM（1－800－ 829－3676）．You can also write to the IRS Forms Dis－
tribution Center nearest you. Check your income tax package for the address. Your local library or post office also may have the items you need.

For a list of free tax publications, order Publication 910, Guide to Free Tax Services. It also contains an index of tax topics and related publications and describes other free tax information services available from IRS, including tax education and assistance programs.

If you have access to a personal computer and modem, you also can get many forms and publications electronically. See Quick and Easy Access to Tax Help and Forms in your income tax package for details.

Tax questions. You can call the IRS with your tax questions. Check your income tax package or telephone book for the local number, or you can call 1-800-829-1040.

TTY/TDD equipment. If you have access to TTY/TDD equipment, you can call 1-800-829-4059 to ask tax questions or to order forms and publications. See your income tax package for the hours of operation.

## Evaluating the quality of our telephone services.

To ensure that IRS representatives give accurate, courteous, and professional answers, we evaluate the quality of our " 800 number" telephone services in several ways.

- A second IRS representative sometimes monitors live telephone calls. That person only evaluates the IRS assistor and does not keep a record of any taxpayer's name or tax identification number.
- We sometimes record telephone calls to evaluate IRS assistors objectively. We hold these recordings no longer than one week and use them only to measure the quality of assistance.
- We value our customers' opinions. Throughout this year, we will be surveying our customers for their opinions on our service.


## CAN YOU REALLY CLAIM THE EARNED INCOME CREDIT? (For use in preparing 1997 tax returns)

## You may claim the earned income credit if you answer YES to all the following questions.*

You, your spouse, and your qualifying child must each have a social security number to claim the credit. (See rule A-4.)

CAUTION

1. Is the total of your taxable and nontaxable earned income at least $\$ 1$ but less than:


- $\$ 9,770$ if you do not a have a qualifying child,
- $\$ 25,760$ if you have one qualifying child, or
- $\$ 29,290$ if you have more than one qualifying child?

2. Is your modified AGI less than:


- $\$ 9,770$ if you do not a have a qualifying child,
- $\$ 25,760$ if you have one qualifying child, or
- $\$ 29,290$ if you have more than one qualifying child?

3. Is your investment income $\$ 2,250$ or less?
4. Is your filing status married filing jointly, head of household, qualifying widow(er), or single?


Caution: If you are a nonresident alien, your filing status must be married filing jointly to claim the credit. See rule A-7.
5. Answer YES if you (and your spouse if filing a joint return) are not a qualifying child of another person.

6. Answer YES if you are not filing Form 2555 or Form 2555 -EZ to exclude from your gross income any income earned in foreign countries or to deduct or exclude a foreign housing amount.


STOP: If you have a qualifying child, answer question 7 and skip 8. If you do not have a qualifying child, skip 7 and answer 8.*
7. - Does your child meet the age, relationship, and residency tests for a qualifying child? See rule B-2.


- Answer YES if your qualifying child is also a qualifying child for another person and your modified AGI is higher than the other person's. Answer YES if your child is a qualifying child only for you.
- If your qualifying child is married, did you claim the child as a dependent? (If your qualifying child is not married, answer YES.)



## OR

8.     - Was your main home (and your spouse's if filing a joint return) in the United States for more than half the year? Military personnel on extended active duty outside the United States are considered to be living in the United States.

- Were you (or your spouse if filing a joint return) at least age 25 but under age 65 at the end of 1997?

- No one can claim you (or your spouse if filing a joint return) as a dependent on their return. If you (and your spouse if filing a joint return) are not eligible to be a dependent on anyone else's return, answer YES. If you (or your spouse if filing a joint return) are eligible to be claimed as a dependent on someone else's return, answer NO.

* PERSONS WITH A QUALIFYING CHILD: If you answered YES to questions 1 through 7, you can claim the credit. Remember to fill out Schedule EIC and attach it to your Form 1040 or Form 1040A. You cannot use Form 1040EZ.
PERSONS WITHOUT A QUALIFYING CHILD: If you answered YES to questions 1 through 6 and 8, you can claim the credit.
IF YOU ANSWERED NO TO ANY QUESTION: You are not eligible for the credit.


[^0]:    * If the amount from the EIC Worksheet is at least $\$ 9,750$ but less than $\$ 9,770$, your credit is $\$ 1$. Otherwise you cannot take the credit.

